The Press and Tribune.

VOLUME XIII. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1860. NUMBER 183.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.
PUBLISHED
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS:
John L. Scripps, Charles H. Ray,
William Bross, Joseph Medill,
Alfred Cowles.
OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

TERMS OF THE PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

Daily delivered in city, by carrier, per year	$8.00
Daily delivered in city, by carrier, per week	15
Daily, to Mail Subscribers, year	7.00
Daily, to Mail Subscribers, per six months	4.00
Tri-Weekly, per year	4.00
Weekly, single subscribers	1.50
" 3 copies	4.00
" 4 copies	5.00
" 5 copies	6.00
" 10 copies	10.00
" 20 copies (and one to getter up of club)	20.00

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Press & Tribune
CHICAGO

CONGRESSIONAL.

Mr. Smith, (American) of North Carolina, who on Monday received 113 votes for the Speakership, withdrew from the contest yesterday, and Mr. McClernand (Pro-Slavery, Anti-Lecomptonite,) of Ill., was put in nomination, and a vote was taken with the following result:

Whole number of votes	233
Necessary to a choice	117
Pennington	116
McClernand	91
Gilmer	5
Millson	6
scattering	15

The House then adjourned, the Democrats pledging themselves that another vote should be had after the preliminaries to-morrow.

It will be seen that Gov. Pennington lacked but one vote of an election. This fact, to say nothing of the supposed certainty that to-morrow will put an end to the long and bitter contest by the triumph of the Republican candidate, is sufficient proof of the wisdom of our friends in consenting to Mr. Sherman's withdrawal from the fight. What a night may bring forth—how seriously Winter Davis, a slaveholder of Maryland, may be frightened by the clamors of those who will beset him—how successfully the floating and undecided materials of which Mr. Pennington got a share, may be manipulated—we cannot say. But the indications now are that the end of the contest is near and that the Republicans will be victorious when that end is attained. We do not yet presume to congratulate our readers on the prospective triumph of their cause; but victory seems to be so clearly within their reach that we may at least bid them prepare to bring out their guns.

One vote cast yesterday has great significance, and upon it hang results the importance of which cannot now be foreseen. We mean that of Henry Winter Davis, of Baltimore. Whether Gov. Pennington is elected or defeated, it is certain that Mr. Davis's action is indicative of a powerful and rapidly increasing hostility among his constituents to the domination of the Slavery Propagandists by whom they have been ruled. Without the certainty of backing at home, that vote never would have been cast. The vote itself and the assurances which must have preceded it, are proof that in 1860 the Opposition party in Maryland will be an element in the election which cannot be overlooked. His boldness and his elevation above mere partisan considerations, are worthy of all praise.

The Weekly Press and Tribune—More Progress.

We have before us another bundle of letters, all of which indicate the most encouraging progress in the circulation of the WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE. Our list has increased beyond all former precedent, and with the continued stream of favors our friends are pouring in upon us, our highest anticipations will soon be reached. If excelled, we promise to bear disappointment with all becoming modesty, since we know that it is not for us, but for the Republican cause, that our friends labor so earnestly. With the proper exertion among the true friends of the Constitution and the Union, our circulation will reach forty thousand copies by the first of June. Surely that number of Republicans in the Northwest will want our complete reports of the great National Republican Convention, to be held here on the 13th of June, to nominate the next President of the United States. A single dollar in a club of ten will secure the paper for an entire year, in all respects certain to be one of the most memorable and important in the history of the Republic.

If in the list which follows, a name occurs which appeared in others heretofore published, it is simply because another, perhaps a third, club has been received from the same Post Office. We mention the following clubs within the week from the State of

ILLINOIS.

Danville, Vermillion Co.	29	Willington, Will Co.	10
Wyanet, Bureau Co.	20	Knoxville, Knox Co.	10
Belle Plain, Woodford Co.	32	Belleville, St. Clair Co.	20
Magnolia, Putnam Co.	37	Half-Day, Lake Co.	10
Plainfield, Will Co.	63	Princeton, Bureau Co.	12
Low Point, Woodford Co.	14	Viola, Mercer Co.	12
Bushy Fork, Douglas Co.	13	Bath, Mason Co.	10
Libertyville, Lake Co.	14	Sadorus, Champaign Co.	11
Pittsfield, Pike Co.	20	Lynnville, Morgan Co.	17
Pontiac, Livingston Co.	9	Cherry Valley, Winnebago Co.	10
Mt. Vernon, Jefferson Co.	10	Lockport, Will Co.	12
Havana, Mason Co.	42	Rochester, Peoria Co.	10
Waynesville, Dewitt Co.	23	Northampton, Peoria Co.	10
Sparta, Randolph Co.	21	Dawson, Sangamon Co.	10
Elizabeth, Jo Daviess Co.	15	Nettle Creek, Grundy Co.	10
Dallas City, Hancock Co.	10	Garden Plain, White-sides Co.	11
Shipman, Macoupin Co.	10		
Lexington, McLean Co.	20	Lincoln, Logan Co.	11
Taylorsville, Christian Co.	22	Morrison, Whitesides Co.	24
Plano, Kendall Co.	10		
Little York, Warren Co.	10	Grayville, White Co.	24

From Iowa and Wisconsin we have only room for the following:

Centre Point, Linn Co., Iowa	10
Springdale, Cedar Co., Iowa	22
Clermont, Fayette Co., Iowa	10
Ogden, Rock Co., Wis.	10

Our modesty will not permit us to quote a tithe of the compliments our friends so kindly bestow upon us. D. Spangler writes us from Wyanet that "he shall be able to give our paper a more extensive circulation than any other publication has in that vicinity."

G. P. Cleveland, writing from Cherry Valley says, "come to ask my neighbors to subscribe, it seemed to be a general '*Yes*,' so I kept on—spending not over two hours for the ten. They are all new names to you, except two. If it is desirable, I might, I presume, obtain more with little trouble and add to the list." It is desirable, decidedly so, friend Cleveland. "Circulate the documents" should be the motto of every Republican. Our cause appeals to the enlightened patriotism of the people. Give them the truth and the victory is ours.

B. C. Lundy sends us thirty-eight subscribers from Magnolia, Putnam Co., and says, "I should have sent you sixty at this time, had it not been that for the past two weeks I have been confined to the house by sickness. I think I can make the club seventy-five by the first of April, and one hundred by the first of August." Good! Will our other friends do as well? Nearly every one of our letters promises a large increase to our list.

J. W. Burget, of Bushy Fork, Douglas Co., Illinois, hurrys off his letter containing thirteen names, in the mail that was just closing, and says, "he could have made it twenty had he taken a few days, and if it will answer the purpose I will finish it yet." Of course it will. Send them right along, as many as you can get.

Sydney Spring, Esq., writing from Grayville White County, assures us "that light is breaking into our Egyptian darkness. It was only yesterday some of my friends were contrasting the number of avowed Republicans in this place with what there were in 1856, when only two of us voted for Fremont. They congratulated me on the staunch expression of my opinions, when subject to obloquy and disgrace. Why, there was a saucy imp of a five year old nephew, who never saw me in the street without huzzaing for the "Woolly Horse." Now all his uncles are as "woolly" as I am.

"The disgraceful proceedings in Congress, and the gross outrages upon Northern people in the South are helping us every day. Logan's speech also has done us a great deal of good. He will find many, very many whom he induced to support him through his base slanders of Republicans in every election precinct in White and Wabash Counties, will jump from under the "*dirty work*" he pledges his Democracy to perform."

Other advices from Southern Illinois are of a similar character. The demagogues, like Logan, who have so long had everything their own way in that portion of our State, will soon, politically at least, "sleep the sleep that knows no waking." Let our friends there industriously circulate the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, and the doom of Egyptian demagogues is sealed forever. Again, we say, send in the clubs.

THE WEATHER.—Range of thermometer at Lake Forest, Ill., 120 feet above the level of Lake Michigan, for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 28, 1860:

	7 A. M.	12 M.	6 P. M.
Sunday, January 22	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Monday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tuesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wednesday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thursday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Friday	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Saturday	[illegible]	44	18

Yours, truly, G. ROSSITER.

MERCANTILE REVIEW FOR JANUARY.

Dry Goods.

The past month has been characterized with the usual inactivity in sales, consequent upon a general reckoning with the previous year's business, both with retailers and jobbers, to ascertain the footings of profit and loss; and the meagre figures of the one month is compensated for in the satisfying reflection from the year's face of the ledger, as it shadows forth to every judicious merchant the gains of well-directed industry.

Payments from the country for the first half of the month were very good; while the last half shows rather a beggarly-looking cash account; owing probably to the fact that corn is the only commodity the Northwest has in reserve in any considerable quantity, and buyers are a little fearful that warehousing is not prudent at this time, while sellers regard present prices as much below prospective figures, in as much as Railroad freights will allow of its shipment to other cities, east as well as south, and leave a margin for the exporter.

The stocks in the hands of wholesale dealers are fair, but by no means large; and there is a general feeling of satisfaction expressed at the season's trade. The demand at present is chiefly for winter goods; but as soon as the spring trade opens, an active business is looked for, as the stocks all over the country are light and will require to be replenished.

We give below quotations of some of the leading articles in the Dry Goods line:

Heavy Brown Sheetings	[illegible]
Fine Brown Shirtings	6 @ [illegible]
Bleached Shirtings	6 @10c
Bleached Sheetings	7 @[illegible]
Brown Drills	[illegible]
Corset	8 @ 9c
De Laines, Hamilton	18½ 20c
Stripe Shirtings	@11c
Denims	7 @11c
Cotton Flannels	9 @11c
Prints, best brands	8 @ 9c

Boots and Shoes.

Business during the first week or two was fair and several of our wholesale houses filled some heavy orders from the interior of this State and Wisconsin; and dealers throughout the Northwestern States very generally added to their winter stocks, after the drain on them during the holidays. During the latter half of the month, however, trade has been unusually quiet, and some houses complain that "times were never before so dull."

The demand during the month has been chiefly confined to heavy work. In ladies' work the demand has been fair, and a better class of goods have been called for.

The stock of winter goods in the hands of our wholesale houses is not large; but it is not quite so low as was anticipated two months since. However, as the dealers generally are selling now at lower prices than earlier in the season, it is expected that but little of the winter stock will lap over into spring.

The prospect of a fair spring trade is good all over the Northwest. A much larger area of country is now being supplied by the wholesale houses here, and that too without any special efforts being put forth to attract trade.

Payments during the month have generally been met with punctuality, and we hear of no complaint in this respect by any of the city merchants.

Groceries.

The trade in Groceries during the month has been good, and nearly all our wholesale houses have been taxed to their usual capacity. The continued obstructions to navigation on the Mississippi river, above St. Louis, by ice, has sent to this city many customers who have been in the habit of buying at St. Louis; and indeed, several heavy bills have gone forward to supply some of the towns on the Missouri river, which has also been closed this winter.

The stock of sugars is good, and prices have been tolerably steady; though owing to the damage to the crop of 1859 by frost, there is a scarcity of prime sugars, and the difference in prices has been greater than usual. The same is true of Molasses and Syrups.

The Stock of Coffee is small, and prices have advanced ½c. per lb., and the tendency in New York and this market is still upward. We notice that during the month a branch of an extensive importing house in New York has been established in this city, for the sale of Coffees, and samples of the same are to be seen in the Board of Trade Rooms. It is to be hoped that our wholesale grocerymen will visit 'Change oftener than they have been accustomed to. They will find it a great convenience to themselves and their customers. In the new Board of Trade Rooms, one or two tables will be set apart for their especial accommodation, and we trust they will not neglect to use them.

The following are the closing quotations of Sugars, Coffee, etc., in this market:

SUGARS—	New Orleans, inferior	4¾@ 5¾c.
	common	6½@ 6¾c.
	good common	7 @ 7¼c.
	fair to fully fair	7½@ 8¼c.
	prime	8¼@[illegible]
	Cuba	7½@ 7¾c.
	Porto Rico	none in market.
	N. Y. Refined White Coffee	10½c
	N. Y. Standard Crushed, Powdered and Granulated	10¾@11¼c.
MOLASSES—	N. O. Reboiled	42½@44 c.
	Plantation, common to choice	46 @53 c.
	N. Y. Syrups	42 @50 c.
	Golden Syrups	48 @65 c.
COFFEE—	Rio	12 @13 c.
	Laguayra	12¾@13¼c.
	Maracaibo	12½@13¼c.
	Santa	12¾@14 c.
	O. G. Java	15½@17 c.
	Mocha	16½@17½c.
RICE		4½@ 5 c.
MACCARONI		7¾@ 9½c.
CASSIA		22c.

CHICAGO PRODUCE AND PROVISION TRADE.

The receipts and shipments of Produce, Live Stock, etc., during the past week will be found in the following comparative table:

	Receipts.			Shipments.		
	Past week.	Prev. week.	Same week 1859.	Past week.	Prev. week.	Same week 1859.
Flour, brls	7,671	8,[illegible]85	4,6[illegible]2	6,82[illegible]	4,083	1,646
Wheat, bu	49 3[illegible]7	62,689	36,149	8,126	4,285	6,770
Corn, bu	106,939	183,937	29,0[illegible]3	31,323	11,548	9,812
Oats, bu	29,081	28,813	6,991	5,560	8,927	4,445
Rye, bu	6,275	5,287	4[illegible]2	1,610	518	...
Barley, bu	10,887	9,[illegible]79	5,48[illegible]	8[illegible]6	1,568	...
Live hogs, No	2,597	1,706	1,023	103	...	1,100
Dressed do.	2,106	9,457	2,641	1,076	1,514	832
Cattle, No.	[illegible]	1,6[illegible]	1,464	[illegible]	478	491
Pork, brls	1,148	1,225	355	2,751	1,397	3,148
C. Meats, lbs	471,378	549,650	2,680	909,678	585,530	265,064
Lard, lbs	104,794	239,919	18,550	709,614	334,884	332,194
Tallow, lbs	180	1,285	1,036	77,337	48,225	16,289

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

The following table shows the amount of Flour and Grain in store in this city on the 28th inst., compared with the amount in store at the corresponding dates in 1858 and 1859:

	Jan. 28, 1860.	Jan. 29, 1859.	Jan. 30, 1858.
Flour, brls	22,196	13,656	3,[illegible]
Wheat, Spring bu	306,695	215,354	759,[illegible]
" Red, Winter, bu	13,401	105,610	8,222
" White, bu	[illegible]407	8,862	845
Total Wheat, bu	320,503	329,826	768,92[illegible]
Corn, bu	347,674	5,866	4,716
Oats, bu	106,473	101,267	24,131
Rye, bu	5,483	764	...
Barley, bu	27,366	66,391	38,056
Total Grain, bu	8[illegible],150	503,644	84[illegible],869

The Flour market has been very dull during the past week but there has been no material change in prices. Wheat has also been very quiet, with but a limited speculative inquiry, and a decline of 1@2c. Corn has been in good supply and the market has been steady, with a good shipping demand. Oats unchanged. Rye declined 5@7c. Barley 2@3c lower. Highwines have declined 1@1c. Timothy Seed has been buoyant and an improvement of 40@45c has taken place within a week. Clover Seed has advanced 10@15c, but closes dull.

PROVISIONS.

The stock of mess pork on hand is 18,700 bbls, and of light mess about 4,000 bbls. The number of hogs packed to date amounts to about 145,000, against about 172,000 up to same time last season. The receipts of hogs are rapidly falling off, and the season will soon be over. The provision business during the past week has been active. The market has been almost entirely cleaned of mess pork, by Louisville and Boston buyers, at an advance of 50@75c ℔ bbl. Bulk meats have also advanced ½c, and close firm. Lard has advanced ½c, the stock here being trifling. Tallow is scarce and firm.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of live and dressed hogs since the 1st of November compared with those of the previous year:

	1859-60.	1858-9.
Received from Nov. 1 to Jan. 31	20[illegible],522	[illegible]
Received last week	6,405	2,654
Total	2[illegible]4,927	2[illegible]4,440
Shipped since Nov. 1	[illegible]	40,53[illegible]
Left over	1[illegible]2,594	193,905

FIRE IN ST. CHARLES.—A harness shop in St. Charles, belonging to John A. Brown, was entirely consumed on the night of the 29th inst., together with the entire stock. The loss was about $4000, upon which there is no insurance.

OUR MADISON LETTER.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 31, 1860.

It is seldom worth while to attempt the correction of printer's mistakes, however provoking they may be, but the omission of a cipher in what was said of a bill limiting homestead exemption to $1,000—making me limit it to $100—is of sufficient importance to warrant a reference to it again, and in this connection saying, that said bill is in the hands of a committee, and its passage most *unlikely*—the idea of abolishing all laws for the collection of debts being much more popular than that of making those now on the statute book any more stringent.

In casting our eye around the other day, to find familiar faces in the Assembly, we overlooked those of Griswold, of Columbia, here for the third winter, and a man of such integrity, good sense and devotion to the interests of his constituents as to deserve that honor; Blackman, of Dane, an active, faithful and influential legislator, and a pleasant companion; and Meigs, of Iowa, a liberal, hard-working Democrat.

Our Legislature have done little since my last letter went to you. On Saturday the House adjourned early for want of business, and probably "nothing to do" was so forcibly impressed upon the minds of most, that this may account for the fact that there was no quorum yesterday, and so if there was business to do, it could not be done. The Senate, less wayward than the House, came together yesterday afternoon, but did nothing noteworthy. In the seeming stagnation, however, I suppose the various committees are at work preparing sundry matters to be acted upon the more rapidly and wisely by the two Houses. An abundance of these subordinate bodies, satellites of the Legislature, have been created, and if they all report and their reports occupy any considerable share of the attention of the members, we shall have enough to do by and by, and the session will not be as short as most have supposed it would be.

In addition to the usual standing committees, committees have been appointed for the purpose of inquiring into the condition of the State University, the Insane Hospital and the Historical Society.

Our University gives us a good deal of trouble. It seems to be a more difficult matter for a political body to manage a seat of learning than it is for religious sects or denominations. Perhaps when once fairly established, unsectarian colleges are better than those more directly connected with particular religious views. Of this, however, I do not undertake to affirm. So far as I know it is a fact that our State Colleges and Universities have been troublesome things to manage. What just now demands inquiry and investigation in our beautifully located institution, I do not know. When the committee report, perhaps we shall all be the wiser.

The Secretary of State, in response to a resolution of the Senate, reports that the Historical Society has thus far drawn something more than $12,000 from the public treasury, and that for the last year it has been a public charge to the extent of somewhat more than $2,000. The Historical Society is certainly one of our most valuable institutions. It has been very creditable to the State that it has fostered such a society, and thereby preserved the materials of history for the future annalists of a great and prosperous commonwealth. The Society itself has also been very fortunate in having for its Secretary a man so well fitted for the office as Mr. Draper. Under his management and that of the Curators, our Historical Society has already a larger collection of historical materials than any State west of the Alleghanies, with the exception of Ohio. The rooms of the Society are a very pleasant and attractive place of resort, both to citizens and strangers. The library is already of very respectable size, and contains works in all departments of knowledge, chiefly, however, historical, as would be expected. It is the largest and best library, I presume, to be found in Wisconsin, and it is growing in size and value every year.

In addition to this the rooms of the Society contain many articles of historic interest. These are largely connected with the Indians, who so recently were lords of our fair domain. Their weapons and articles of domestic use are here to be seen, while around the walls are hung portraits, life size, of the warriors and other aborigines prominently connected with the history of Wisconsin. Side by side with these hang the portraits of the pioneer white settlers of the State, a State so young even now that many of these pioneers are seen in our streets and engaged in all the activities of business here and elsewhere.

I must reserve what more I would say of this and other matters to a future time. * *

Learning and Labor Harmonized.

Editors Press and Tribune:

Situated in Linn Co., Iowa, eight miles south of Cedar Rapids, is an institution of learning, which bids fair to realize the true idea of education. Its name is "Western College." Three years it has existed and prospered.

The knotty problems it has solved; the one, that learning may be so acquired as to give no disrelish to manual labor; the other, that labor performed by students at the rate of two or three hours per day, can be made to pay its way.

The most common sense method imaginable has wrought out the first result, and here it is: Every incumbent of the school is required to and does labor, habitually, with his hands. Labor is thus honored, and no student objects to engage in it.

The other problem is more difficult; but it has thus far been unraveled, by expanding the labor department only so fast as experience teaches it to be safe. In this way it will take several years yet to develop the system perfectly; but, in the meantime, it will not eat itself and the other departments up.

This institution has a capital of $40,000 above all indebtedness, consisting of buildings, a farm of 160 acres of prairie and 120 acres timber land, available real estate, and bills receivable.

It has three Professors at present, and others will be added as the wants of the school require. It has a printing press, and publishes a monthly educational sheet in quarto, *the students doing all the work of printing and publishing.*

It has, thus far, accomplished all it has attempted, viz: to make labor honorable, and to make it self-supporting.

It has not, for want of sufficient capital and experience, been able to furnish every student all the labor he could perform consistently with his greatest advancement in study.

It needs two more buildings—one for a boarding hall for ladies, the other for a chapel, offices, and library rooms, and another quarter section of land adjoining the town plot, held at $4000.

To meet these wants, there are now in this city two agents, Solomon Weaver, and William Parmenter, soliciting the aid of all who feel interested in assisting in the noble work of giving to the poor young man or woman a liberal education.

W. PARMENTER.

Chicago, Jan. 31, 1860.

An Editor Arrested for Mail Robbery.

The Indianapolis (Ind.) *Sentinel* of Saturday, says:

On last Friday Special Agent William Garver, had deposited in the mail on the way for Marshall, Illinois, several money letters. The Post Office at Marshall had long been suspected, and the Agent, at a late hour on Friday night, secreted himself behind the office, and through the windows discovered Joseph Littleton, a clerk in the office, and proprietor of a newspaper called the *Illinoisan*, in the act of rifling letters. The next morning he was arrested and taken before a Justice of the Peace in Marshall, and held to bail for his appearance at the next term of the District Court for Southern Illinois.

Mr. Littleton is about twenty-three years of age, has heretofore been considered an honest young man, and, we are informed, was engaged to be married to a very respectable young lady in a few days. He was so completely unmanned when he found himself caught in his crime, that he tried to obtain poison with which to put an end to his existence. Being foiled in this, he was next seen to examine very carefully the blade of a dirk-knife in his possession, with which he said he would have ended his wretched life if the agent had not taken it from him.

From Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—This evening's *Journal* publishes a call for a grand mass meeting on Saturday night next to organize a party to be styled the Constitutional Union Party, having for its object the preservation of the Union, the protection of the Constitutional rights of the States, and the suppression of sectionalism. It is signed by a large number of prominent business men of this city. Hon. John J. Crittenden, Hon. Millard Fillmore, Hon. Edward Everett, are expected to address the meeting.

The bark Laconia, from New Orleans, reports on the 19th that a small boat containing two German sailors who, two days before, had deserted from the Danish schooner Catharina, at Matanzas, and started for America. The boat was nearly full of water, and their stock of bread was damaged. At their request they took them on board and brought them here.

THE CITY.

POLICE.—The Police Court yesterday gave nothing but "drunks."

☞ We are under obligations to the American Express Company for late California papers.

THE WEATHER.—The mercury went down and "froze to" zero, or thereabout last evening.

THE OCTOROON.—The "Octoroon" is being played to full houses at McVicker's Theatre, and is decidedly the dramatic sensation of the winter.

THE STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.—To-day the Illinois State Temperance Convention meets at Bloomington. Quite a number of citizens went down from Chicago last night to attend the same.

☞ George Sumner gave at Aurora on Monday evening his seventy-first lecture this season. We learn from Joliet that he has been requested to give a second lecture in that town, so delighted were the people with his first one.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.—John Jones is about to erect a marble front building on Dearborn street, immediately adjoining Henry Knights marble block now in course of completion. Both these builders are well known and prominent colored citizens.

ALMOST A FIRE.—The West Market Hall building came near getting itself effectually out of the way of the public, (and thus settling a vexed question, by burning itself up,) a few nights since, when a candle left burning in a stall set fire to the woodwork.

CHICAGO MUSIC PUBLISHING.—Messrs. Root & Cady have just published a sweet little four part serenade, "Wake, Lady, Wake," by Geo. F. Root, and forming No. 1 of a series of quartettes from the pens of various composers, to be issued by this firm. The mechanical portion of the work is entirely done in Chicago, and that too, in a style that would do credit to any city in the Union.

VIEWS OF THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI.—Whitney, the artist, of St. Paul, formerly with Hesler of this city, is located in a region full of natural beauty, and some of his winter views of Minnehaha and other points in the Upper Mississippi region are among the most exquisite we have ever seen. Those beautiful waterfalls in their winter garb have a charm that one can enjoy even their counterfeit presentment by Whitney's skillful camera.

BRIGGS HOUSE CLASSICAL CONCERTS.—De Passio, Becker, De Clerque and Melms, well known musicians of this city, are about to give a series of classical concerts at the Briggs House. The programme will consist of selections from Beethoven, Schumann, Hummell and others for the piano, violin, violincello, &c. These concerts will be similar to the celebrated soirees of Eisfeld in New York, and the Mendelssohn Quintett Club of Boston. A subscription list is now open at Root & Cady's Music Store in Larmon Block.

JUDICIAL WIT.—In the Superior Court yesterday was in continued hearing the batch of cases brought by the City on Special Assessments on South street. It is attracting some attention and the number of defendants is bringing to bear upon the matter the acumen and skill of a full panel of Attornies. In the course of yesterday's proceedings it was proposed to put in evidence against the City the testimony of a person of color. Objected to on the other side, and Black Laws cited, no negro permitted to swear against a white man. Judge Wilson said the party to be sworn against was the City of Chicago, which being *Black* Republican he should admit the testimony. But on examination the colored man couldn't be found and nothing came of it but a hearty laugh all round.

LECTURE ON "THE CITY."—Rev. T. M. Eddy, of the *Northwestern Christian Advocate*, will deliver a lecture for the benefit of the "Temperance Flying Artillery," in the Methodist Church block, on Friday night of this week. Subject: "The City." The Society for whose benefit the lecture is given has been laboring hard for the public good for some months past. Many families redeemed from the miseries of intemperance through its instrumentality, are now happy. Considerable expense necessarily attends its operations. Induce a drunkard to take the pledge, and then if he is poor and out of employment, he must be assisted. This expense has hitherto fallen upon a few. It is now proposed to give the public an opportunity of showing their appreciation of this enterprise, by aiding its funds. Mr. Eddy is widely known as one of our most popular Western lecturers, and his lecture on "The City" has called forth emphatic commendations wherever it has been delivered. Tickets, 25 cents. To be had at the Methodist bookstore, of the Committee, and at the door.

THE HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS.—"LITTLE ROBBIE" INNIS.—We were in the Police Court Room yesterday afternoon, when two ladies entered in company with Rev. E. F. Dickinson, the well-known City Missionary. With them they brought a bright beautiful boy three years of age, "little Robbie Innis," so he gave his name, to comply with the forms of law which in this appearance before the Police Magistrate consigns the child to the care of the Home for the Friendless. Robbie is an orphan, a noble boy of Scottish parentage, with a clear, open face, fine intelligent eye, and altogether of unusual promise. He will now wait in the kindly charge of the managers of the "Home" the time when some loving hearts shall come forward to welcome him to their own home as an adopted child. Heaven bless little Robbie, and may he find those who will be to him the kind and faithful parents whose care he will richly repay.

But we have referred to Robbie as one of a class, and to his case as one of many such. The Home for the Friendless have for the past *four hundred* days averaged one child a day for whom they have found a home. What a mission is theirs; what an agency that thus stands with the homes of want and misery on one hand and the cheerful firesides of well ordered households on the other, and guides tenderly across, as from darkness to light, these little ones, the children of the poor widow, the orphans and "heart orphans," that abound in a great city. The Home for the Friendless deserves to be nobly sustained by the charities of our citizens.

THE STATE STREET MATTER.—It is taking no part in the controversy between the cars and omnibusses on State street to say that the drivers of the Messrs. Walker, some of them use measures that should bring them before the Police Courts. They may do what they please to lessen the profits of the City Railway Co., and compete for passengers and cut down fares to any extent they may choose, but interfering with the progress of cars, and thus annoying and imperilling those who ride in them, is a matter of another color and should be put a stop to at once. Here are three cases occurring yesterday:

Case I.—Car passing up on the left hand track, omnibus coming down the same. The driver of the latter continues to go on in the face of the approaching car, until to avoid a collision both vehicles are moving at a slow rate, and the horses heads nearly touch one another. Car is stopped and driver of omnibus turns out and leaves the track.

Case II. Cars are passing up and down, and nearing the Quincy street switch; driver of omnibus hastens to bring his vehicle directly over the switch, and then comes to a stand still for no purpose save annoyance, and both cars stop to await his pleasure to move on.

Case III. Driver of omnibus coming down drives across the way of car going up and stops his vehicle directly on the track.

Now in each of these cases it was less the City Railway Company who were annoyed than the passengers of both vehicles, thus at the mercy and caprice of impudent and reckless drivers. It is a nuisance the Messrs. Walker should not tolerate a day, and it is an outrage that the public will not permit, needless interference with public vehicles. We will publish with terms equally harsh any case that may be brought to our notice, where the car drivers follow the course above indicated. It is on either part without defence, and unworthy of either side of this rivalry. What we have above stated are facts, and we fear not "solitary facts," and the matter calls on the Messrs. Walker some remedy at their hands.

POLITICAL.

Young Men's Republican Club.

The Young Men's Republican Club will dedicate their Headquarters, corner of Wells and Randolph streets, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 1st. All the Clubs of the city are specially invited to attend.

Senator Trumbull, Honorable A. Lincoln, Leonard Swett, N. B. Judd, I. N. Arnold, John Wentworth, Frank Lumbard, and others have been invited and are expected to be present on this occasion.

By order,
E. S. WILLIAMS, President,

R. H. MORRIS, }
CASPER BUTZ, } Secretaries.

SECOND WARD.—The Second Ward Club will meet at the house of Mr. Obeitz, corner Clark and Jackson streets, Saturday evening, Feb. 4th.

By order of Com.

FIFTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.—Pursuant to call, the Republican citizens of the Fifth Ward assembled at the North Market Hall on Monday evening, Jan. 30, for the purpose of organizing a Republican club. Andrew Akin, Esq., called the meeting to order, when, on motion, A. G. Throop, Esq., was called to the chair, and J. Y. Cutler, Esq., appointed Secretary. On motion of J. D. Ward, Esq., a committee of five was appointed by the Chair, consisting of Messrs. J. D. Ward, Noah Sturtevant, H. Windoes, C. N. Holden, and A. Akin, to report the names of permanent officers and a Constitution.

The committee reported the following named gentlemen as permanent officers:

President—H. B. Cooke.
Vice Presidents—P. W. Gates, Chas. Ippel.
Secretary—W. W. Danenhower.
Treasurer—S. M. Avery.
Executive Committee—G. C. Morton, H. Witbeck, F. Letz, Jas. N. Hendricks, John A. Tyrrell, who were unanimously elected.

The following Constitution was unanimously adopted:

ARTICLE 1.—This Association shall be called the Fifth Ward Republican Club of Chicago, and is established for the purpose of a thorough organization of the Republicans in said Ward.

ART. 2.—The officers shall consist of a President, two Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer and an Executive Committee of five, all of whom shall be elected by the Club and hold their offices for three months.

ART. 3.—The Club shall meet at such times and places as may be designated by the Executive Committee.

ART. 4.—The entire Republican party of this Ward shall be considered as members of this Club.

ART. 5.—This constitution may be altered or amended by a majority vote at any regular meeting, two weeks previous notice having been given in writing.

Col. Harvey, P. W. Gates, and J. D. Ward, Esq., then addressed the meeting, when

On motion of C. R. Jones, Esq.,

Resolved, That the proceedings be published in the Republican papers of the city, and adjourn to meet at this place on Monday evening next at 7 o'clock.

A. G. THROOP, Ch'n.
J. Y. CUTLER, Sec'y.

SIXTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.—The Republicans of the Sixth Ward met at West Market Hall for the purpose of organizing a Republican Club for the ward, on Saturday evening, Jan. 28th, and the following action was taken. On motion of Wm. Wayman, D. C. Furgeson was appointed temporary Chairman, and A. Wemple Secretary.

On motion of John C. Miller, the Chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five to draft a Constitution for a Republican Club of the Sixth Ward. The chairman appointed C. M. Hawley, Wm. Wayman, C. H. Naubert, John C. Miller, Mr. Brainard, who reported a Constitution, which was adopted.

On motion, the Chairman appointed a Committee of five to nominate permanent officers for the Club. The following gentlemen were put in nomination, and unanimously elected:

For President.—Dr. D. D. Waite.
Vice Presidents.—John A. Nichols, C. M. Hawley; Wm. J. Wallis.
Secretary.—Aug. Kovats.
Treasurer.—W. N. Brainard.
Executive Committee.—A. B. Johnson, J. J. Mitchell, John C. Miller, Wm. Coatsworth, Peter Beygeh, R. Anderson, W. H. Huntley, H. Brand, L. F. Waite.

All Republican voters in the Ward are considered members of the Club.

On motion, the above proceedings were ordered published in the Republican city papers.

D. C. FERGUSON, Chairman.
A. WEMPLE, Secretary.

SEVENTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.—The Republicans of the Seventh Ward met last evening at the German House, corner of Indiana and Wells streets, for the purpose of organizing a Ward Club. The following officers were then unanimously elected: J. S. Hubbard, President; P. J. Hussander, Vice President, and A. M. Hirsch, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Harvey, the following Executive Committee was elected:

Alex. Wollcott, Chairman; B. H. Cravens, John Herting, Wm. Conklin, Mr. Waldo, C. Johnson, C. Sundell, S. P. Heinrich, E. S. Shipman and Chas. Kleman.

The meeting was addressed by Messrs. I. N. Arnold, Harvey, Crocker and Alderman Jones, and then adjourned.

The next meeting will be held at the same place on Tuesday next, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

The Executive Committee of the club will meet next Friday, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at Moeckle's, in the German House, for the purpose of organization.

A. M. HIRSCH, Sec'y.

MEETING OF JEWISH CITIZENS.—A meeting of our Jewish fellow citizens was held at Witkowsky Hall on Sunday evening last, for the purpose of raising funds to relieve the distressed Jews at Gibraltar, who have been driven from their homes in Africa.

S. Cole, Esq., was called to the chair, and G. Schneidecker, Esq., appointed secretary.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions:—Messrs. A. Kohn, L. Rosenfield, Julius Rosenthal, J. M. Stine, and M. Levi.

During the absence of the committee the meeting was addressed by Messrs. A. Kohn, J. M. Stine, Leopold Myers, G. Schneidecker, and I. N. Arnold.

The committee, through its chairman, A. Kohn, Esq., reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, in consequence of the present warfare existing between Spain and Morocco, our brethern are suffering from the Moors and Bedouins beyond endurance, being compelled to leave their homes and property, fleeing for their lives to the protection of the English Governor, now at Gibraltar; and whereas a great number of them are at present thrown upon the mercies of their brethren, calling on them throughout the world for assistance, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Israelites of Chicago, however distant from the scenes of disaster of our brethren, sympathize with them most heartily in their calamity, and that we will cheerfully contribute our mite to assist them in their wants.

Resolved, That our thanks and gratitude are hereby tendered to the noble Governor of Gibraltar, Sir William Codrington, who received them with open arms and genuine English hospitality; and may the great God of Israel, the Father of all mankind, bless him to the last of his days, as it says in holy writ, "Whoever blesseth thee, shall be blessed."

Resolved, That we do at the same time acknowledge the noble exertions of that great son of Israel, Sir Moses Montefiore, in behalf of our brethren of Morocco, he who is ever ready and willing to extend the hand of relief to his brethren in need, wherever on the face of the globe their cry of distress may be heard.

Resolved, That the proceeds of our collections be forwarded to Sir Moses Montefiore to be applied to the benefit of our brethren of Morocco.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Sir William Codrington and Sir Moses Montefiore, and that the same be published in the Israelite, Occident, Jewish Messenger, and daily papers of this city.

S. Cole, Esq., moved that a committee of two from each division of the city be appointed to solicit subscriptions from our citizens in aid of the object of the meeting. Carried, and the following committee was appointed: South Division, Messrs. S. Cole and Isaac Greensfelder; North Division, A. Kohn and N. Isendrath; West Division, J. Rosenburgh and Henry Horner.

The meeting then adjourned.

The canvass for subscriptions is being actively pushed, and we trust that our citizens will respond heartily to the call made upon them for this most worthy and noble object.

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS.—The monthly meeting of the Board of Managers will be held at the Home, this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. The following, as elected at the last annual meeting, are the members composing the Board:

President—JONATHAN BURR.
Vice President—WILLIAM BLAIR.
Treasurer—D. R. HOLT.
Secretary—E. F. DICKINSON.
Committee of Gentlemen—Mrs. E. S. Wadsworth, Mrs. G. S. Hubbard, Mrs. Francis Bradley, Mr. G. W. Dole, Mrs. J. M. Wilson, Mrs. Wm. H. Brown, Mrs. N. B. Judd, Mrs. J. C. Haines, Mrs. C. Morgan, Mrs. James Larmon, Mrs. Tuthill King, Mrs. W. B. Egan.

COMMITTEES FROM THE RESPECTIVE CHURCHES.

Church of the Holy Communion, Mrs. [illegible]; First Baptist church, Mrs. Cyrus Bentley; Unitarian church, Mrs. Jerome Beecher; Trinity church, Mrs. Canfield; South Presbyterian, Mrs. E. W. Henry; Second Presbyterian church, Mrs. Thomas Ayres; Plymouth church, Mrs. J. F. Hoy; Edina Place Baptist church, Mrs Robert Boyd; Olivet Presbyterian church, Mrs. Frank Gray; Grace church, Mrs. Hibbard; Wabash Avenue Methodist church, Mrs. Thomas Church; First Presbyterian church, Mrs. L. H. Humphrey; St. Paul's church, Mrs. Kimbark; North Presbyterian church, Mrs. T. Hoxe; New England church, Mrs. E. W. Blatchford; Westminster church, Mrs. A. M. F. Colton; North Baptist church, Mrs. Thomas Hoyne; Third Presbyterian church, Mrs. G. M. Gifford; The Atonement church, Mrs. H. H. Hapton; St. John's church, Mrs. Bradish; Union Park Baptist church, Mrs. Haughton; Tabernacle church, Mrs. George Hubert; Jefferson street Methodist church, Mrs. Vincent; West Universalist church, Mrs. Wood; Reformed Presbyterian church, Mrs. Robert Patterson.

INQUESTS.

INQUEST AT THE HOSPITAL.—Coroner James yesterday afternoon held an inquest at the City Hospital on the body of a man named John Greggs who was picked up on Saturday night by the police, lying in the street in an insensible condition, and taken to the hospital, where he lingered along until Monday night, without speaking, and finally died despite of medical aid. He is supposed to have been a painter by trade as receipts for lead and oils were found upon his person. From a street tax receipt found upon him, his name was discovered. A post-mortem examination was made which discovered the cause of his death to be inflammation of the brain.

MR. SUMNER'S LECTURE ON RUSSIA.—On Thursday, to morrow evening, takes place the next regular lecture of the course before the Young Men's Association, when George Sumner, Esq., of Boston, will deliver his Lecture on "Russia." Of this an Albany contemporary says:

"Albany has been favored this Winter with an unusually brilliant course of lectures. But none has exceeded that delivered last evening by George Sumner on "Russia." Its moral was so strikingly applicable to our own country and our own times, that it produced a very marked sensation in the audience, which was one of the largest of the season."

MINISTRY AT LARGE.—We are anxious to find work for six able men who are ready to turn their hand to any job for small wages. Persons who want work done will do us a favor by applying to the Ministry at Large, 169 Randolph street, third floor.

THE MILWAUKEE BOAT.—This packet leviathan is being shod at a ship-yard on the North Branch: and so are lots of folks at Wells, 163 Randolph street, every day, and at manufacturers orices.

SONS OF MALTA.—There will be a special meeting of the Supreme Grand Commandery I. O. S. M. this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the Tremont House.

By order of J. L. MARSH, S. G. C.
A. M. HYDE, S. C. S.

☞ The appeal of Mr. Parmenter, Agent of the Western College, to be found in another column, is worthy of attention and a generous response from our citizens.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES make a perfect lock stitch, the stitch presenting the same appearance *on both sides of the fabric sewn.* "Light Family Machine," $52; "Letter A Family Machine," (new) $78; "No. 1 and 2 Tailoring Machine," $95 and $105; "International," (new) $115. Hemmers $5 each. Machines for all kinds of *Leather sewing* constantly on hand at 66 Lake street.

jy25-1m A. W. HARRIS, Agt.

☞ Kerosene and Coal Oil Lamps, the largest stock in the city, 75 South Clark street.

H. M. WILMARTH,
ja28-4w-wed&sa Successor to J. H. Gerould.

☞ Gas Fixtures—French, English and American. New stock for sale, cheaper than ever, at No. 75 Clark st. H. M. WILMARTH,
ja28-4w-wed&sa Successor to J. H. Gerould.

☞ Good board and pleasant rooms, at 137 N. Clark, for $2,75 per week; day board $2,50. January 31—6t.

"CITY HOTEL."—We have reduced our rates for day board to $3.50 per week, from date.

R. SOMERS & Co.

Chicago, Jan. 17, 1860. ja17-1m

MARRIED.

Last evening, January 31st, at Cayuga, New York, ALFRED COWLES, of this city, and SARAH F. HUTCHINSON, of the former place.

January 25th, at Chicago, by the Rev. Robert Patterson, Mr. W. S. EAKIN, of Rutland, Kane county, and Miss ANNIE J. MILLER, of Chicago.

DIED.

In this city, January 31st, at the residence of her uncle, Mr. I. H. Burch, ANN ELIZA BURCH, of Little Falls, N. Y.; youngest daughter of the late Thomas Burch, deceased, aged 20 years.

The remains will be removed to Little Falls, for interment. Funeral services will be held at the house of I. H. Burch, 198 Michigan avenue, Wednesday (to-day) at 4 P. M.

New Advertisements.

☞ C. H. SCRIVEN, *Advertising Agent, 63 Dearborn st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* ja1-b694-y

JERUSHA PERKINS, Chicago.—If your Lamp smokes with our Boston Kerosene, bring it to us. You have, doubtless, an old style of Lamp. We can tell, at a glance, the trouble.

C. H. P., Chicago.—There are parties in the city who purchase from us our Downer's Boston Kerosene. Could we rely upon their always buying it we would give their names. Some have purchased from us, when upon getting a run for the Oil, purchase a cheaper and inferior article—still calling it the best Boston Kerosene. Better come, or send, to this office if you wish the genuine.

SIMON L.—Try the experiment, and you can judge for yourself. Some Lamps require the Wicks to be cut off on the corners; others do not. fe1b6-5 1t

THE BEST HAMS IN THE MARKET.—The best genuine Sugar Cured Hams to be found in this market—cured by a new process—are branded "L. & B." and for sale at Wholesale only at No. 11 State street, by LAFFLIN & BROWN. The attention of Family Grocers is called to these Hams. Also on hand, a superior article of Smoked Beef and Tongues. fe1x1m

WANTED.—A Partner with $500 or $1,000 ready cash. Or a manufacturing business for sale, which will pay 100 per cent. nett profit on a business which is confidently expected to amount to $30,000 a year. Address, with real name, in confidence, "Partner," Box 2144, Chicago, P. O. fe1 3tx

COAL—COAL—1,000 Tons Brier Hill Coal, equal if not superior to any in the market, for sale cheap. Also, Sawed, Split and Cord Wood and Pine Kindling constantly on hand and for Sale by ROBERT STEWART. Yard corner Market and Washington, and corner West Water and Washington streets. fe1x1w

WANTED—A Horse, Wagon, and Harness in exchange for goods. Also, a second hand Safe, Counter and Platform Scales, (Fairbank's make preferred). Also, a Counter. Address post office box 1762. fe1x1t

BOARDING—Wanted by a Gentleman, a good sized unfurnished Room, with partial Board in a respectable private family. Where there are no others Boarders preferred. Address P.O. Box 3237. fe1-2tx

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—Mr. SAM'L P. CARTER, late of Rockford, is a partner in our firm from and after this date. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name of Tucker, Randolph & Carter. TUCKER & RANDOLPH. Chicago, Feb. 1st, 1860. fe1b551-2w

TUCKER, RANDOLPH & CARTER,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 3 Loomis' Building,
Cor. Clark and South Water street, Chicago. Give their personal and exclusive attention to the Commission business. fe1-'60-1y

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY IS AT HAND.

Buy the Best!

The New York Valentine Company having established an agency at

NO. 49 CLARK STREET,

Next door to the Press and Tribune Office, offer to the citizens of the Northwest

THE LARGEST AND MOST

Splendid Stock of Valentines

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY,

Ranging in price from five cents to ten dollars. Call and examine them. ☞ Dealers will find it to their interest to order of the New York Valentine Company.
☞ P. O. Box 1757. D. W. PRATT, Agent.
fe1b53-2w

GREAT SUCCESS.—

THE NEW EXCELSIOR

Coal Oil Burners

are meeting a demand unprecedented in the history of Coal Oils. Orders are pouring in from all parts of the country. Nearly every sun of Expresses takes packages of these burners to towns in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin; yet machinery is now in operation which can turn out an almost unlimited supply. As Agent for the Western States, I have made arrangements for receiving one thousand dozen per week; and can and will sell them as low as they can be purchased in New York; thus saving freight to the purchasers. Orders for any number, from one burner to one hundred dozen, will be filled the same day received.

☞ Coal Oil and Lamp Depot, Cleveland Ohio.
S. S. BARRIE,
fe1daw1tx Agent for the Manufacturers.

20,000 BUNDLES

WIRE FENCING!

We are prepared to make contracts with dealers for first quality

ANNEALED FENCE WIRE,

NUMBERS EIGHT AND NINE,

In quantities of not less than one ton, deliverable at our Warehouse at any time previous to the first day of June next. Five per cent. to be paid when the contract is made, the rest on delivery. Purchasers are invited to correspond with us at once.

THOMAS R. DICKERSON,
45 Wabash Avenue, Burch's Iron Building, Chicago.
FENCE STAPLES SUPPLIED FOR WIRE FENCING.
Chicago, February, 1860. fe1b534-2m

New Advertisements.

☞ To Persons whose Health is BROKEN DOWN.—It is a fact, established by medical statistics, that thousands of persons die from sheer debility, without mortal disease. Every such disease might unquestionably be prevented if nature were assisted to rally with that most wonderful of all invigorators, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. When the flame of life wanes and quivers from exhaustion, administer this famous restorative. It will once more become steady and strong. In the debility which follows violent fever, in diarrhœa, dysentery, dyspeptic complaints and cholic; in weakness consequent upon natural decay, or resulting from free living or over exertion, and also in those painful and too much neglected ailments to which ladies are exclusively subject, the Bitters are prescribed by most of our practising physicians and never fail to give permanent relief. feidaw1w

☞ Morals vs. Brandreth's Pills.—Headaches are nature's warnings, and have their origin in imperfect digestion, produces gasses which ascend to the head, causing expansion of the covering of the brain, and varying in intensity according to the habits of the individual. One or two brisk doses of Brandreth's Pills will cure, and when they are swallowed, all danger of Apoplexy is passed. The pain and dizziness will vanish after the first sleep. Do not let any time be lost. The consequence of irregularities are thus cured, and the body and mind are better able thereafter to withstand temptations. Brandreth's Pills will yet be appreciated by moralists.

B. BRANDRETH, M. D.,
Sold at 294 Canal street, Brandreth Building, and all respectable dealers in medicine. feidaw1t

NEW YORK LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Accumulated Fund--$1,767,133.24.
MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Secretary,
E. K. WILLARD,
GENERAL AGENT FOR THE NORTHWEST,
Office No. 2 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

Fifteenth Annual Report of the New York Life Insurance Company:

Amount of Assets January 1st, 1859	$1,[illegible]5,901.56
Amount of Premiums received during the year ending January 1st, 1860	465,434.79
Amount of Interest received and accrued during the year ending January 1st, 1860	91,517.71
Nett amount of Rent received and accrued	7,263.87
Nett amount of Endowment Premium	143.51
	$2,1[illegible]

DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount paid for losses by Death	$242,045.65
Amount paid for Interest on Dividends, &c.	35,647.09
Amount paid for cancelled notes and return premiums on cancelled policies, &c.	28,032.05
Amount paid for taxes and law expenses	15,241.83
Amount paid for office salaries, fees to physicians, Trustees, &c.	16,458.52
Amount paid for stationery, printing, postage, express charges and office expenses	6,626.05
Amount paid for commissions, advertising, exchanges, medical examinations, &c.	49,083.86
	$1,767,133.24

ASSETS.

Cash in Bank	$31,305.49
Invested in securities created under the laws of the State of New York and of the U. States	22[illegible],520.19
Real estate and fixtures, 112 and 114 Broadway	132,400.04
Bonds and Mortgages drawing 7 per cent. interest	582,309.39
Quarterly and semi-annual premiums due subsequent to January 1st, 1860	20,550.18
Interest accrued up to January 1st, 1860	39,488.17
Rents	1,798.34
Notes received for 40 per cent of premiums on life policies bearing interest	675,315.37
Premiums on policies in hands of Agents	[illegible]
	$1,767,133.24

The Trustees have declared a Scrip Dividend of Thirty per cent. on all policies for the whole term of life now in force, and which were issued twelve months prior to January 1st, 1860, and six per cent. interest in cash upon all previous dividends payable on or after the first Monday of March next to those holding certificates, and to be allowed in settlement of next premium upon which notes have been received.

[signed] MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.

Losses paid by the New York Life Insurance Company in the year 1859:

Charles S. Coleman, Troy, N. Y.	$5,000
E. C. Wilcox, New York	2,000
Marcus Bull, Jr., Orange Co., Va.	2,500
Robert Carter Page, Henrico Co., Va.	5,000
Jas. H. Jackson, Buffalo, N. Y.	5,000
Jas. M. Clendenin, St. Louis, Mo.	5,000
do do do	5,000
Charles J. Gill, do do	5,000
do do do	5,000
Henry Bolton, Baltimore, Md.	5,000
Francis C. Heffren, New York	[illegible]
Christopher C. Scott, Camden, Ark.	1,000
T. W. Thompson, Warrentown, Miss.	5,000
J. H. Headley, Shelby, N. Y.	5,000
Edward Eggers, St. Louis, Mo.	[illegible]
E. J. Chaplin, Victoria, Texas	[illegible]
E. Jones Morgan, Baltimore, Md.	[illegible]
E. P. Stewart, Memphis, Tenn.	[illegible]
Robert B. Spain, Springfield, Ill.	[illegible]
Thomas McGraw, Mobile, Ala.	[illegible]
J. M. Goldsborough, Baltimore, Md.	10,000
Lyman C. Graham, Lexington, Ky.	[illegible]
J. H. McCarthy, Richmond, Va.	[illegible]
do do do	[illegible]
John Farrer, Henrico Co., Va.	10,000
Thomas Shiers, Orange, N. J.	2,000
John H. Seymour, Lynchburgh, Va.	5,000
Duncan C. Ogden, San Antonio, Texas	5,000
O. B. Crampton, Baltimore, Md.	[illegible]
Horatio N. Johnson, Little Falls	5,000
Geo. S. Dana, Utica, N. Y.	1,000
Samuel Whitcomb, Natchez, Miss.	2,000
do do do	2,000
Manuel A. Santos, Norfolk, Va.	5,000
Thomas Morgan, Louisville, Ky.	2,000
Joseph C. Gregg, Boston, Mass.	5,000
C. H. Hough, Baltimore, Md.	[illegible]
Samuel W. Land, Grenada, Miss.	10,000
Charles Wallace, Portsmouth	1,000
Calvin A. Griffith, Mohawk, N. Y.	2,000
Reese Taylor, Mobile, Ala.	1,000
William Larimer, Stockton, Ala.	5,000
Charles G. Woolsey, Brooklyn	5,000
Thomas Haywood, Copake, N. Y.	5,000
John R. Baldwin, St. Louis, Mo.	5,000
William P. Chappel, Cincinnati, O.	5,000
Nathan Dayton, Lockport, N. Y.	5,000
Wm. D. Armstrong, Louisville, Ky.	3,000
James F. Hayward, St. Paul, Min.	5,000
Freeman Rawdon, New York	5,000
Charles J. Pythian, Frankfort, Ky.	5,000
Jacob Gutterson, Wilmington, Ill.	2,000
Wm. S. Babcock, New York	5,000
John F. Hill, Elizabethtown, Ky.	5,000
Nelson Parker, Mobile, Ala.	5,000
David Bone, Natchez, Miss.	5,000
do do do	5,000
Wm. S. Woodside, Baltimore, Md.	5,000
Adam Henderson, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	2,000
John Gale, Mobile, Ala.	10,000
Charles Lane, Charleston, S. C.	5,000
Henry Lazarus, New York	1,000
J. Hamilton Carrol, Rome, New York	1,000
	$[illegible]

☞ The total losses by death are Two Hundred and Forty-Two Thousand and Forty-Five Dollars and Sixty-Five Cents ($242,045.65).

Application for Agencies in the country can be made to the undersigned.

E. K. WILLARD,
fe1b29-3td Gen'l Agent for the Northwest.

GILBERT HUBBARD & CO.
SHIP CHANDLERS,
AND SAIL MAKERS.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Twines and Cordage.
Nos. 205 & 207 South Water Street,
Cor. Wells, Chicago, Ill.

Dealers in Manila and Tarred Rope, Sail Duck, Bags and Bagging, Wool, Seine and Gill net Twines, Nets and Seines, Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Paints, Oils, Chaines, Anchors, Blocks, &c. &c.

COTTON, FLAX and HEMP TWINES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

G. HUBBARD, ... S. S. TURNER, ... GEO. B. CARPENTER.
fe1b55-3m

TENTS, AWNINGS, WAGON COVERS AND FLAGS,
Constantly on hand and made to order by
GILBERT HUBBARD & CO.,
Ship Chandlers,
fe1b551-3m 205 & 207 South Water st., Cor. Wells.

YOUNG'S $25 FAMILY
Sewing Machine.
Chicago Salesroom No. 132 Lake Street,
R. PARKER PIERCE, Agent.

Agents wanted everywhere, to whom the Machine will be furnished at a liberal discount. Address
WM. B. YOUNG & CO., Manufacturers, Chicago, Ill.

Young's $25 Family Sewing Machine,
For Strength, Durability, Ease of Management, Simplicity and Adaptation to all varieties of Family Sewing, is UNSURPASSED by any Machine in the market.
Chicago Salesroom 132 Lake street.

Young's $25 Family Sewing Machine
Sew from two Spools without rewinding and finish each seam by their own operation without recourse to the hand needle, as is required by other Machines. Every Machine fully warranted.
Chicago Salesroom, 132 LAKE STREET.
ja1-'60-1y-1stp

MONEY TO LOAN ON
Real Estate Security,
BY ANDREWS & OTIS, Office No. 48 South Clark street—Room No. 1, Up Stairs.
Also—BUY SECURED PAPER. ja31-2wx

HERRING'S PATENT
CHAMPION
Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
With HALL'S Patent Powder Proof Locks, the same that were awarded separate medals at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and the World's Fair, New York, 1853, and ARE THE ONLY American Safes that were awarded medals at the London World's Fair.

These Safes form the most perfect security against Fire and Burglars of any Safes ever offered to the public.

$1,000 REWARD

Will be paid to any person that can show that a Herring's Patent Champion Safe ever failed to preserve its contents in an accidental fire.

S. C. HERRING & CO., Manufacturers, 251 Broadway, New York.

G. L. HARMON & CO., Agents,
oc23b755-6m 135 South Water street, Chicago, Ill.

BEDFORD, MEREDITH & CO.,
Commission Merchants, No. 219 South Water street, Chicago, give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain and all kinds of Produce, Seeds, &c. Liberal advances made on consignments. Agents for Kiln Dried Corn Meal. Refer to E. L. Tinkham & Co., Chicago; Ellis, McAlpin & Co., Cincinnati. ja17-1y

WEST LAKE STREET MILLS.
We have refitted our Mill with new Bolts and are prepared to execute orders for superior Extra Family Flour. Goods warranted and delivered in the city free of charge. STEVENS & NORRIS,
ocle 142 and 144 West Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

SIDNEY KALISH,
FANCY STEAM DYE WORKS,
126 South Clark St., between Monroe and Adams Sts.,
CHICAGO, ILL.
Ladies' Dresses of every description, also Gentlemen's Coats, Vests and Pants dyed, repaired and cleaned in the best manner, on reasonable terms. ja19-1y

KILN DRIED CORN MEAL.
Fairfield Mills.—[illegible] bbls of this celebrated brand in store and for sale by
BEDFORD MEREDITH & CO.
Exclusive Agents, No. 219 South Water st.

REMOVAL—H. W. Hunt & Co. have removed to 33 and 35 Lake street, Burch's Building. ja31b84-1w

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE,
Madison street, between State and Dearborn.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 1st, 1860, and every night this week.

Engagement of the celebrated actress

MISS KIMBERLY,

In the great sensation play, which has met with a success and notoriety unequaled in the annals of the stage, and written by the most popular dramatist of the day, MR. DION BOURCICAULT. It is in five acts, and entitled

The Octoroon;
Or, LIFE IN THE SOUTH!

Illustrative of American Character, American Scenes and Southern Homes.

The scene is laid in the Delta of the Mississippi River, on the plantation of Terrebonne belonging to Madam Peyton, widow of the late Judge. The time—winter of 1859.

The OCTOROON is a Southern name, given to the "eighth blood"—being the child of a Quadroon by a white.

Zoe, the Octoroon ... Miss Kimberly.

Supported by the entire company.

☞ Characteristic Scenery by John W. Whytal.

☞ Parties living on the lines of the following railroads wishing to witness this great play, are informed that the performance will conclude in time for them to take the night trains for home—Burlington & Quincy R. R., Dixon Air Line R. R., Chicago & Rock Island R. R.

☞ Seats can be secured three days in advance.

☞ Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7¼ o'clock precisely.

☞ Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. till 5 o'clock P. M., when seats can be secured three days in advance.

Prices of Admission—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Second Circle, 25c.; Lower Private Boxes, $4; Upper, $3.

E. G. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION
LECTURES.

FEBRUARY 2d, By
GEORGE SUMNER.

FEBRUARY 6th, By
RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

FEBRUARY 9th, By
HENRY J. RAYMOND.

FEBRUARY 16th, By
DR. J. G. HOLLAND.

FEBRUARY 23d, By
REV. T. W. HIGGINSON.

MARCH 1st, By
REV. T. STARR KING.
no30b130-3m

ST. VALENTINE FESTIVAL—
St. John's M. E. Church,
—AT—
METROPOLITAN HALL,
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 14, '60.
TICKETS - - - - 25 CENTS.
ja31b682-2w

FOURTH ANNUAL FESTIVAL
—OF—
Cleveland Lodge,
NO. 211 A. F. & A. M. at the TREMONT HOUSE,
On Thursday Eve'g, Feb. 9, A. L. 5860, A. D. 1860.

Members of the Fraternity are requested to appear in Masonic Costume. Wives, Mothers, Daughters, and Sisters of Masons are requested to wear a Rose to of appropriate color.

Grand Steward—J. B. DRAKE.

☞ MUSIC BY THE LIGHT GUARD BAND. ☞

Festivities will commence at half-past 8 o'clock.

HONORARY MANAGERS.

M. W. Ira A. W. Buck, G. M.; R. E. Sir Josiah Hunt, G. C.; R. E. Sir James V. Z. Blaney, P. G. C.; M. E. Wm. W. Mitchell, D. G. H. P.; R. W. H. G. Hunt, S. G. W.; M. E. Reuben Taylor, G. H. P.; W. John H. Drake, P. M.; W. Edward, W. Ayer, M.; W. Allen C. Hand, M.; W. Andrew Mason, M.; W. Frank G. Green, M.; W. J. S. Church, M.; W. H. Peters, M.; M. E. Nelson D. Elwood, G. H. P.; T. R. Hosmer A. Johnson, G. M.; J. C. R. Starkweather, 33 S. G. I. G.; E. Sir George W. Deering, Com.; M. W. Reuben Cleveland, H. P.; W. Lucius P. Cheney, P. M.; W. Joshua L. Hunt, P. M.; W. William H. Dobson, P. M.; W. James E. Dalliba, M.; W. Gilbert R. Smith, M.; W. Elphus W. Jones, M.; W. Charles Kanfield, M.; W. Allyn Weston, M.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

W. M. Egan, Asa E. Cutler, Henry Curtis, Nathan W. Huntley, Ammi M. Bennett, Edward Hamilton, Jacob B. Stansell.

COMMITTEE OF INVITATION.

Ammi M. Bennett, Watts T. Miller, George H. Gibson, William T. Muir, R. Parke Pierce, Henry Greenebaum, A. G. Gray, W. H. L. Wilbour, J. B. Stansell, Ira Goddard, Arthur R. Atkins, Charles E. Lapham.

COMMITTEE OF RECEPTION.

W. M. Egan, Geo. F. Haines, D. F. Wilson, David Cameron, Jr., V. L. Hurlbut, George W. Wilson, Henry C. Ranney, Samuel E. Underhill, T. T. Gurney, Ablie Stone, Alexander Davidson.

Marshal...Reuben Cleveland.

MASTERS OF CEREMONIES.

Nathan W. Huntley, Silas C. Crumb, Wm. Stewart, B. F. Patrick, A. G. Lull, J. D. Perkins, Seth R. Cole, John H. Witbeck, H. T. Porter.

☞ Tickets THREE DOLLARS. To be obtained of the Committee of Arrangements and at the Tremont House. ja21b497-3w

MUSIC! MUSIC!! MUSIC!!!
WILLIAM BURKHART,
LEADER OF THE GREAT WESTERN BAND,
Will give private lessons to a few Scholars on the Cornet and Violin. Apply at the office of the Great Western Band, corner Randolph and Dearborn streets. no10b44-3m

To Rent.

TO RENT—The Three Story Stone Building with power, on the South Branch, near the St. Louis and Alton Railroad, very suitable for a Flouring Mill or a Machine Shop, and will be rented cheap. Inquire of GEO. GAYLORD, Lockport, Ill., or LUTHER HAVEN, 12 Lake street. ja23x1ot

TO RENT.—A New Brick Store in Our New Business Centre, within a few minutes' walk of the New Post Office, with Shelving, Counters, Water and Gas Fixtures. To a Respectable Tenant, the rent will be very low. Apply at No. 183 State street. ja24x1w

TO RENT—Possession given immediately.—A two-story frame dwelling, containing nine rooms, situated on the north side of Hubbard Court, between Wabash avenue and State street. Inquire of Dr. E. A. BOGUE, 141 Lake street. ja31x1w

TO RENT—The three story brick dwelling No. 123 Oak street, half a block West of Clark street horse-railway, will be rented low to a responsible tenant. The house is newly painted and papered throughout and supplied with water and gas. Apply to WM. GAMBLE, No. 3 Lind's Block, Randolph street bridge. fe1b516-3m

TO RENT CHEAP—In the vicinity of Union Park, a first-class Brick Dwelling House containing all the latest improvements, near to which are good schools and churches of various denominations. Location high and healthful. Horse Cars pass every 10 minutes. Apply at No. 15 Garrett Block, or at 50 May street, for Key to premises. Good stabling if desired. ja31-b115-2m

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—The CARTER HOUSE, Chebanse, on the ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD, with necessary out-buildings adjoining. FURNISHED COMPLETE THROUGHOUT.

The Furniture will be sold to a good tenant. The hotel and out-houses occupy one lot 80x160, with two adjoining lots 80x160 each, suitable for a garden. Is doing a good business, and would not be sold but for the decease of the proprietor.

TERMS REASONABLE.

Apply to MRS. MARY CARTER, at Chebanse, Ill., or to R. J. HANNA, Middleport, Iroquois County, Ill. fe1x2w

Wanted.

WANTED—Some Second hand Counters for store. Apply at HEATH & HORD'S, 244 Lake street. ja27-3tx

WANTED—A Gentleman wishes board in a private family where there is no other boarders. North Side preferred. Address box 2371, Post Office, stating location and terms. fe1x1w

WANTED—A Competent Person to take charge of a distillery as foreman. The best references and proofs of capacity required. For particulars apply to C. WARD & SONS, Lake street. ja30x1w

WANTED—In a good locality a House and Lot worth from $3,000 to $5,000 or Lots worth $5,000, for which about ⅓ cash will be paid, and the balance in well located outside property. Applicants to state situation and value through Post Office box 2385. ja30x1w

WANTED TO EXCHANGE A cultivated Farm, containing 200 acres, for improved city property. Also, 160 acres rolling prairie and choice timber land in Wisconsin, for a good piano or family carriage and horses. Apply to TELFER & DAY, 77 Dearborn street. ja31-3tx

WANTED—Private French Lessons.—Those desirous to acquire a thorough knowledge of the French Language, with the pure pronunciation, may secure the services of a competent teacher, by addressing C. F., Press and Tribune Office, or box 2952 Post Office. ja31 1wx

TRUNK MAKERS WANTED. Apply immediately to W. & G. S. WRIGHT, 61 and 219 Clark street. ja27-b555-2t

TO DOCTORS—A Young Physician of some experience and reputation, wishes to form a connection with, or buy out some one who has a good practice in a town of from 2,000 to 10,000 inhabitants on the line of some railroad. Communications strictly confidential. Address M. D., Press and Tribune Office, for four weeks. ja31 3wx

AGENTS WANTED—We want active men to sell our articles in every City, Town and Village in the Western States. To such we can offer superior inducements. We can warrant them from $1.75 to $3.50 per day. Call at room 19 Dearborn Block, or address (with postage stamp) TELFER & DAY,
ja30b512-2m Chicago, Illinois.

Boarding.

BOARDING—Room and Board for a gentleman and wife; also, day board for two single gentlemen, at 25 Lasalle street, corner of Washington street. ja30x1w

Lost and Found.

$10 REWARD—LOST—One calf skin Pocket Book, containing papers and notes valuable to no one but the owner, also $2.50 gold piece, and several Bills. Any person having found the same and returning the same at the office of the Press and Tribune or of Tiffany, will receive the above reward.
fe1-3tx M. FRANCIS.

LOST—During the last week of December, between our store, 24 River street, and the Northwestern Railroad Depot, running through Kinzie street, one of our Dray Receipt Books. Any one having found it and will return the same, will be liberally rewarded.
ja31-1wx DURAND BROS. & POWERS.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.

The following are the rates of advertising in the
DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One Square, (8 lines space,) one insertion	$[illegible]
" each subsequent day	[illegible]
" two weeks	[illegible]
" one month	[illegible]
" three months	[illegible]
" six months	[illegible]
" one year	[illegible]

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than one Square can be seen at the Counting Room.
☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.
☞ All changes charged 50 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE.
$ 1.00 per Square, each week, for first month.
[illegible] for each subsequent month.
[illegible] for one year.

Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.

FURNITURE,
Carpets, Crockery, Mirrors, Etc.,
AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, February 2nd, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell at our salesroom,

82 - - - - - - LAKE STREET - - - - - - 82

One of the best assortments of all kinds of Furniture, &c., yet offered at public sale, consisting of Parlor Suits, of various styles; Tete-a-Tetes, Sofas, Marble-top and Plain Centre Tables, Hall Stands, Secretaries, Bookcases, Piano Stools, Card Tables, Quartette Stands, Ladies Work Tables and Desks, Rocking and Easy Chairs, Reception do., Rosewood, Oak, Mahogany and Walnut Chamber Suits; Marble-top Bureaus and Washstands, Plain do., Cane Chairs and Rockers, Oak and Walnut Extension Tables, Oak Dining Chairs, Sideboards, Etagers, Wardrobes, Pink Lined Sink Washstands, Carpets cut to any quantity, Crockery, Glassware, beautiful Gilt, Plain and Ornamented Frame Mirrors.

Sale positive and without reserve.

fe1b531 2t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

AUCTION NOTICE!

GREAT TRADE SALE

BY HAGGERTY & COMPANY,

On Friday, Feb'y 3d, 1860, at 11 A. M.,

At their Auction Rooms,

279 & 281 Broadway, New York,

ON A CREDIT OF SIX MONTHS.

SHIRRED AND CORRUGATED PATENT

Vulcanized Rubber Elastic Fabrics,

Embracing the entire importation and manufacture this season of

HORACE H. DAY.

This Stock will include every style and kind of Elastic Piece Goods, in Cotton, Silk Union, and Mohair, both Domestic and Foreign. Also—

150 Cases of VULCANIZED RUBBER SUSPENDERS, embracing all the numbers, kinds and styles of Day's Manufacture; Misses, Women's and Children's.

50 Cases ELASTIC CAMBRIC AND SILK FRILLS, from ¼ inch wide up to 1¼ inch, in every shade of color, put up expressly for retail trade, in pieces of 12 yards, 24 and 36.

30,000 yards silk woven imported SHOE GORING, embracing 4, 4½ and 5 inch wide, all Silk, and Silk and Cotton.

20,000 Yards Day's Manufacture assorted width in Cambric, both Black and White LINING.

SHOE SANDLINGS AND TAPES, 15 cases assorted from single Cord up to 7 Cord, in Silk and Cotton.

POCKET BOOK MANUFACTURER'S ELASTIC. An invoice embracing all Styles and Colors.

HATTERS' AND UMBRELLA MAKERS' ELASTIC TRIMMINGS, assorted Styles and Qualities.

SKIRT MAKERS' ELASTIC, in variety, including the new Balmoral pattern, etc., etc., etc.

☞ All these goods will have the License Stamp of Horace H. Day, authorizing their Sale, and subject to no further claim for Patent privilege. ja30b577-4wed

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
76 - - - Dearborn Street - - - 76
A few doors North of the Post Office, Chicago, Illinois
☞ Prompt attention given to the sales of all kinds of property at our Auction Rooms, or any part of the city.
oc29-b765y

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A complete fit-out of Types, Borders, &c., for a Poster Printing Establishment. WM. H. RAND,
ja25-2w Press and Tribune Office, 51 Clark street.

FOR SALE—Cheap for Cash—100 Stands Candle Moulds of several patents. 1 Iron Rendering Kettle, nearly new. 1 stove Kettle and Furnace complete. P. O. Box 2064.
J. C. MITCHELL,
ja20x1m 77 Kinzie st and Corner State st and Archer Road.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—The Stock of Agricultural Implements, Teams, Wagons, Drays, Fixtures, &c., and the good will of the concern formerly owned by CHAPMAN & MAY, of this city, at No. 30 Market street, Lind's Block. The whole will be sold at a BARGAIN to parties desirous of engaging in the business, and altogether offers an opportunity seldom to be met with, being extensively advertised and known through the west, and located at the centre of the largest agricultural district of our country. If not sold together after a short time they will be offered in parcels to suit purchasers at low prices.

Terms cash, or approved security on such time as may be agreed upon. Apply to JAS. MILLER, Trustee, No. 14 Garret Block, or to A. W. SPAFARD, No. 30 Market street. ja31b-dw

RESIDENCE FOR SALE—The marble front, first-class residence, on the northwest corner Wabash avenue and Washington street, is for sale on favorable terms. About one-fifth of the purchase money will be required to be paid down, and the balance can run five years if desired. GEORGE SCOVILLE,
ja31-b636 Room No. 2 Larmon Block.

DISTILLERY FOR SALE—A Large and Commodious Distillery, capable of running 200 to 300 bushels per day, and containing all the modern improvements, situated at Mooresville, Huron county, Ohio. The above is in operation, and will be sold at an extremely low price and easy terms. Possession given immediately or in the spring. For particulars address post office box 2064, Chicago, Ill. ja31x1m

NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Orders for Tuning Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments promptly attended to. All kinds of Musical Instruments repaired at short notice.
N. GOOLD, No. 50 Lake st., (second floor,)
ja14-b436 1y Opposite Tremont House.

FOR SALE—The Brig
Susan A. Clark.
She can be furnished Freight for half the next season at least. Inquire of T. NEWELL & CO.
ja24x1m

Coughs! Coughs! Coughs!
Colds! Colds! Colds!
Brown's Bronchial Troches!!
Brown's Bronchial Troches!!

BROWN'S TROCHES.

"Pre-eminently the first and best." REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
"I recommend their use to Public Speakers." REV. E. H. CHAPIN, NEW YORK.
"Great service in subduing Hoarseness." REV. DANIEL WISE, NEW YORK.
"I have proved them excellent for Whooping Cough." REV. H. W. WARREN, BOSTON.
"Great benefit in affections of the Bronchial Organs." DR. J. F. W. LANE, BOSTON.
"A simple and pleasant combination for Coughs, &c." DR. G. F. BIGELOW, BOSTON.
"Contain no Opium or anything injurious." DR. A. A. HAYES, CHEMIST, BOSTON.
"Very beneficial in clearing the throat when compelled to speak though suffering from Cold." REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, ST. LOUIS.
"I heartily unite in the above commendation." REV. M. SCHUYLER, ST. LOUIS.
☞ Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25 cents per box.
Sold by
FENTON & CO.,
94 Lake Street,
(OPP. TREMONT HOUSE.)
oc24

Brown's Bronchial Troches!!
Brown's Bronchial Troches!!
Brown's Bronchial Troches!!

INSURANCE, INSURANCE.—
CARLILE BOYD &
T. G. VAN BUREN
Springfield F. and M. Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus $448,313.36.
MASSASOIT INSURANCE CO.
Capital and Surplus $231,007.65.
HOPE FIRE INS., CO.,
Capital and Surplus $179,541.53.
Knickerbocker Life Ins. Co.,
Capital and Surplus $290,000.00.
HANOVER FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
Capital and Surplus $262,304.94.
Office No. 1, Dole's Building, Corner of South Water and Clark Sts.
[illegible] 1st p

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—There will be an examination of female teachers at the Office of the Board of Education, 112 Clark street, on Monday, January 30th, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. W. H. WELLS,
ja24-b761-td Superintendent Public Schools.

FOR STREET COMMISSIONER OF THE SOUTH DIVISION.—The undersigned respectfully announces himself as a candidate for the office of Street Commissioner of the South Division of Chicago at the next election, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. G. H. [illegible]

$50,000 TO LOAN on first-class City Real Estate at ten per cent, per annum, for two years. [illegible] & CO.,
ja24b81-[illegible] No. 5 Clark street.

2500 LBS. GUM DROPS, and a fresh and large assortment of New Year's Confectionery.
J. W. DOANE & CO. 73 Dearborn st.

Press & Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1860.

MR. DOUGLAS' PROPOSED SEDITION LAW.

If there is now no power under any existing law of Congress to punish citizens of one State guilty of armed invasion, for a criminal purpose, of the Territory of another State, we are sure that no Republican anxious for the maintenance of States Rights and the public peace will hesitate to give his voice and influence for any legislation, in the premises, which may be necessary. But when a measure like that proposed by Mr. Douglas is seriously broached, it becomes the duty, not only of every Republican, but of every other friend of personal and public liberty to remonstrate. That recreant Senator, in his anxiety to make peace with the power to which he yet looks for his expected elevation to the Presidency, proposes to enact a law giving *discretionary power* to the President to (in the words of Senator Toombs,) "call out the militia and to bring the Army and Navy to invade a State to discover who within that State had within his breast the purpose, at some future time, to commit crime;" and not this only, but the power also to use the forces at his command to punish those who form associations anywhere within the jurisdiction of the United States for the purpose of "disturbing" or "molesting" the citizens' property or institutions of any individual State. We quote the language of his resolution:

> *Resolved*, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to report a bill for the protection of each State and Territory of the Union against invasion by the authorities or inhabitants of any other State or Territory, and for the suppression and punishment of conspiracies or *combinations* in any State or Territory, with intent to invade, *assault or molest* the Government, *inhabitants, property or institutions* of any State or Territory of the Union.

The language is clear and emphatic, and is by no means restricted in its scope and purport to armed invasions for the purpose of blood-shed or robbery. But the Senator is his own best commentator. In the speech which followed his resolution, he said:

> I predicate my argument upon the Constitution by which we are governed, and which we are sworn to obey, and demand that that Constitution be executed in good faith, so as to punish and suppress every combination, every conspiracy, either to invade a State or to molest its inhabitants, or to disturb its property, or to subvert its institutions or its laws. I believe this can be effectually done by authorizing the United States Courts, in the several States, to take jurisdiction of the offences, and accompany the violation of the law with appropriate penalties. It cannot be said that the time has not yet arrived for such legislation. It cannot be said with truth that the Harper's Ferry case will not again be repeated, or is not in danger of repetition. It is only necessary to inquire into the causes that produced that outrage, and ascertain whether those causes are yet in active operation, and then you can determine whether there is any ground for apprehension that that invasion will be repeated. Sir, what were the causes which produced the raid in Virginia? Without stopping to adduce evidence in detail, I have no hesitation in expressing my firm and deliberate conviction that the Harper's Ferry crime was the natural, logical and inevitable result of the doctrines and teachings of the Republican party, as explained and enforced in their platforms, their partisan presses, their pamphlets and books, and especially in the speeches of their leaders, in and out of Congress.

Words cannot be more explicit. Associations of men for political purposes, if those purposes include hostility to the existence and perpetuation of human slavery, no matter by what name that "combination" is called, fall within the reach of the terrors which the Senator has in store for all such disturbers of the public peace as do not believe in the teachings and policy of the Democratic party. Mark the words! John Brown was guilty of a crime: the Republican party or "combination" are the authors of the state of feeling which led to Brown's crazy endeavor, therefore the members of that party, may, under Mr. Douglas' proposed new legislation, be summarily dealt with. They need not commit any overt act—they may be punished in advance. The Senator explains how; and we give his own words:

> Then, sir, I hope it will not be necessary to use the military power to repel any such invasion, if we authorize the judicial department of the Government to suppress all conspiracies and combinations in the several States, with intent to invade a State, or molest or disturb its Government, its peace, its citizens, its property, or its institutions. You must punish the conspiracy, the combination with the intent to do the act, and you will suppress it in advance. There is no principle more familiar to the legal profession than that wherever it is proper to declare an act to be a crime, it is proper to punish a conspiracy and combination entered into for the purpose of perpetrating such act.

It is nothing that the Republicans, the Quakers, the Garrisonians and all others who are allies to the Anti-slavery sentiment deny any hostile or treasonable purpose. They are condemned by the Senator himself. But to leave no doubt of his object and to point out so clearly that he who runs may read, those whom the proposed law is aimed at, we make another quotation from the same speech:

> "Sir, give us such a law as the Constitution contemplates and authorizes, and I will show the Senator from New York that there is a constitutional mode of suppressing the 'irrepressible conflict.' I will open the prison doors to allow conspirators against the peace of the Republic and the domestic tranquility of our States to select their cells wherein to drag out a miserable life as a punishment for their crimes against the peace of society.
>
> "Mr. President, the mode of preserving peace is plain. This system of sectional warfare must cease. The Constitution has given the power, and all we ask of Congress is to give the means, and we, by indictments and convictions in the Federal Courts of our several States, will make such examples of the leaders of these conspiracies as will strike terror into the hearts of the others, and there will be an end of this crusade. The great principle that underlies the organization of the Republican party is violent, irreconcilable, eternal warfare upon the institution of American slavery, with the view of its ultimate extinction throughout the land. Sir, I confess the object of the legislation I contemplate is to put down this outside interference; it is to repress this 'irrepressible conflict.'"

Here is the Senator's programme: Not the rack, the faggot, the thumb screw and the boot for crushing out freedom of opinion and expression; but the prison and the gibbet. We ask, How do the people of the North, guaranteed by an instrument called the Constitution of the United States the freedom of speech and of the press, the right to assemble peaceably and petition this or any other government for the redress of grievances or abuses, like it? and how will they deal with that man, who in this period of our national history dares make in the American Congress the infamous harangue that fell from Mr. Douglas' lips?

We hope now that the Illinois Senator will not fail to receive the nomination of his party at Charleston. We desire that he should go before the country with the black record that he has made, and allow the people of the North to express their opinion of the infamy of his proposition. If Senator Toombs, himself a friend of Douglas, and an ardent Southern man, felt that the Illinoisan had gone to a depth in legislating for Slavery that he could not follow, may we not expect an unanimous condemnation from those whose mistaken favor has made Mr. Douglas what he is?

MANUFACTURES.

The movement on the part of a number of our citizens to collect facts pertaining to the cost of manufacturing in this city, as compared with other places where it is extensively engaged in, we regard as a very hopeful indication. It may be that none of the gentlemen who are the most active in this matter will engage in the business of manufacturing. It is not probable that any of them contemplate a change from their present pursuits. But their investigations will result in placing before the people of this city and of the whole country, a mass of information that will induce the investment of both home and foreign capital in the many branches of manufacturing which may be profitably followed here. Whether they prosecute their self-imposed labors far enough to insure this result or not, the movement is nevertheless a hopeful one. It indicates that the minds of our citizens are becoming fully awake to what is the only sure foundation for the permanent prosperity and future growth of our city. It is a public recognition of the fact that the day for making large and sudden fortunes in real estate operations and in enormous rents, has passed, and that hereafter this result is only to be attained by the creation of values. When a city surrounded with such illimitable facilities for manufacturing on a cheap scale as Chicago can command, has arrived at fully at this belief, half the work is accomplished. Men will not long suffer their surplus capital to lie idle upon their hands. If they can no longer use it in speculation, they will turn it to useful account in some direction that promises a fair return for the investment. If manufacturing enterprise can be shown to guarantee this result, the requisite capital will be forthcoming. Nothing can be more easily demonstrated than that capital thus invested in Chicago will yield a handsome profit. The public mind is fastened upon this idea. It is a topic of more frequent conversation than anything else pertaining to our local interests. The facts, which will lead to action are being developed, and of the final result we do not entertain a doubt. Cheap rents, cheap food, cheap fuel, abundance of the raw material, plenty of labor and an indefinite demand for almost every description of manufactured articles, are some of the inducements which our city offers. It is only necessary for our citizens who have the means to give a practical exemplification of their faith in these unquestionable facts, to induce a vast influx of both capital and skill into our city. Who among them will be the first to move?

Meanwhile let those now engaged in the collection of facts bearing upon the subject, be diligent in the prosecution of that undertaking. They are engaged in a good work, and their labors cannot fail to hasten a return of prosperity. Every citizen should feel a personal interest in the matter, and do all in his power to expedite their labors.

A NEW MOVE.

It is suggested that the business of the Commissioner lately sent by South Carolina to the Legislature of Virginia was not alone to make a furious four-hours' harangue, in which Brown, Helper, Garrison, Phillips, Seward, and the Republican party were crucified anew. It leaks out that a proposition has been made by this orator Memminger, to Gov. Letcher, to induce him, as the Executive head of the government of Virginia, to call a Southern Disunion Convention for regulating the affairs of the country and frightening the North once more into compliance with Southern demands.

A correspondent of the New York *Express*, who appears to be well informed, says that a part of the business of the proposed gathering will be the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency—a man whom the Disunionists will be willing to accept—thereby destroying the necessity for holding the appointed National Democratic Convention at Charleston. The candidate, whomsoever he may be, will be forced upon the party of the North whether they like him or not.

The Disunion part of the story is so consonant with the daily threats of the fire-eaters that it will attract popular belief; but though the South has been guilty of many foolish things in the way of Southern Conventions, it may, we think, be doing Southern politicians great injustice to accuse them of the unutterable folly which would be implied in the nomination talked of. They are not fools, by a long shot, and except to the extent necessary to terrify the North, they are not disunionists; hence they will not do so crazy a thing as that marked down in the programme which the correspondent of the *Express* sets forth.

AN IRISH ITEM.

Every member of the so-called Democratic party in the House voted for Smith, Know Nothing, of North Carolina, for Speaker. This is a practical comment on the professed love of these "Democrats" for the rights of citizens of foreign birth, which is worth remembering. Of course, these men who would put an "American" into the second office in the Government, will return to their constituents and begin anew their honeying of the Irish, and, of course, with the same old result. But let the fact be noted nevertheless.

FORNEY ON DOUGLAS.

While the friends of Mr. Douglas in the Northwest are claiming for him that increase of power and popularity which will insure his nomination at Charleston, John W. Forney, his ablest and most devoted adherent—the man to whom of all others he is most indebted for aid in his war with the Administration—admits that the Senator's chances are worthless. We take it that Mr. Forney knows that whereof he speaks.

John D. Platt, Esq.

This gentleman, a Delegate to the Charleston Convention on the Douglas side thereof, informs the Galena *Courier* that he never attended a political Convention in the town of Naperville, nor ever offered a resolution that "the time has come when all men should be free." We can afford to disappoint the *Courier* by giving Mr. Platt's denial the benefit of our circulation. The paper from which we copied the proceedings of the Naperville Convention, after printing the resolution of Mr. Wm. M. Jackson, said that the second resolution was offered by *Mr. Platt*, of McHenry County. It was our recollection that at the time mentioned *Mr. John D. Platt* was a resident of McHenry County, and somewhat generally recognized as a Democratic politician. In our former article we were particular to print the matter under consideration "Mr. Platt, then a resident of McHenry County." We concede to Mr. John D. Platt the privilege of knowing whether he ever attended a convention at Naperville, or ever fell into the heresy of believing that "all men ought to be free."

Let us now hear from Mr. T. L. Dickey, Mr. Wm. M. Jackson, Mr. C. I Horsman, Mr. A. M. Herrington, Mr. U. F. Linder, Mr. Zadock Casey, and the other Mr. Platt—Mr. Platt of McHenry County.

Prime of Life.

The Kentucky and Tennessee Legislatures, while in Cincinnati last week, called on Mr. Longworth. The following colloquy, among others, ensued:

"What is your age, Mr. Longworth?" said one of the Kentucky delegation.

"Can you not tell by looking at my hair?" replied he.

"Well, no," continued the Kentuckian; "in our State we do not determine, by that rule, the number of years a man has lived."

"I do," said Mr. Longworth, "and a very good rule it is. Now, mark me; whenever you see a man with hair as scant and gray as mine, *set him down as being in the prime of life—or about seventy-seven years old.*"

Latest from Mexico.

The N. Y. *Times* says "there is practically no Roman Catholic Church in Mexico." No other paper has the news.

NEWSPAPER ITEMS.—Wm. E. Foote, Esq., the publisher of the Bloomington *Pantagraph*, has disposed of his office by sale to Judge Merriman of that city. The *Pantagraph* will hereafter be conducted by C. P. Merriman, Esq. The very complete and well-appointed Job Office connected with the *Pantagraph* is to be carried on by Messrs. Carpenter & Steele, who have been associated with Mr. Foote heretofore in different capacities. Mr. Foote makes a graceful and commendably brief valedictory.

James A. White, Esq., has become associated with Mr. Horatio Pratt in the publication of the Beloit *Journal*, one of the very best of our weekly exchanges.

On Accommodating Aspirant.

Commodore R. F. Stockton has addressed a letter to several citizens on the Union meetings recently held in New Jersey. The pith of it is as follows:

> "I am for peace—I am for the Union—and therefore I am for concession, if concession will secure peace. The North is infuriated with a passionate, almost irreligious fanaticism,—the South, maddened by the certainty of the horrible results which that fanaticism threatens, is assuming an attitude of serious, stern resistance. To avert the inevitable progress of the conflict, I would have the North concede at once, and promptly and cordially agree: first, to recognize as final and conclusive the decisions of the Supreme Court; second, comply faithfully with the requisitions of the fugitive slave law; third, to recognize the right of our Southern fellow citizens to take their slave property into the Territories, and to its protection there under the Constitution of the United States; while the South, in return, should concede "specific duties," or a more satisfactory "tariff" than that of which the North at present so generally complains."

When Stockton gets elected President on that platform, the millenium will be near.

How to Help Helper.

The recent system of universally advertising Mr. Helper's book on the "Impending Crisis of the South" has been productive of the most cheering results to the author. We are reliably informed that his copyright realizes him about $500 a week, and one week's receipts amounted to $525. This is doing a handsome business, and the more noticeable from the fact that it is all done by opponents.—*Christian Intelligencer.*

CHI[illegible] WASHINGTON LETTER.

Almost an Election—Day of Intense Excitement—Caving of the Doughfaces—The Democracy Disappointed.

[Special Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. [illegible], 1860.

The thing that I have so much dreaded—a union of the Democrats and Americans—took place this afternoon, and the twain came within an inch of bearing off the prize. On several occasions, I have stated in my letters that if the Democrats could drive the whole American vote into an alliance with them, and could unite both those parties upon any one candidate, they would be able to beat Sherman and elect their man. That fusion was *almost* accomplished to-day, and our side has escaped defeat with the "skin of their teeth." As I stated in a letter, written three weeks ago, it was supposed to be in the power of the Republicans at any time to elect Gov. Pennington, as four or five gentlemen who had not, and would not, vote for Mr. Sherman, had signified their intention to cast their votes for the Governor. And since that period several of the Americans have offered to vote for Gov. Corwin or Joy Morris; but all overtures of the kind have been repulsed by the "heroic," "stick-to-Sherman-or-die" kind of Republicans.

But to the scenes of the day: It was observed that the American vote was mainly cast for W. N. H. Smith of North Carolina, yesterday. This forenoon the Americans held a caucus, and agreed to all support Smith. This gentleman claims to be simply an "Old Line Whig," but it is well known that he believes in all the pro-slavery dogmas, and differs from the fire-eaters only on the expediency of dissolving the Union in case of the election of a Republican. He is in favor of a Federal Slave code to protect human chattels in the Territories; is hostile to Popular Sovereignty; hates Senator Douglas; believes in the *divinity* of slavery; subscribes to the Dred Scott decision in full, and holds that slavery can go into all the Territories by virtue of the Constitution. So much for his principles. He has made no speech, but has remained entirely silent since the first day of the session, and is unqualified by nature and education for the difficult and responsible post of Speaker of this turbulent House. So much for the man.

Before the balloting commenced, Hatton, of Tenn., went to those members of the "People's party" of Pennsylvania and New Jersey who had on one or two occasions complimented Gilmer by voting for him. He assured them that there was no likelihood of the Fire-Eaters or North Western Democrats going for him; but that if some of the "People's party" men would vote for him it would help the Americans at home, etc. Upon these considerations, four or five of the persons called on cast their votes for the said Smith. When the ballot was about through, Clemens, of Virginia, stated that he would vote for Smith whenever all of the Americans would do it. He made the remark by way of banter. Thereupon Etheridge, Winter Davis and Nelson, who had persisted in voting for Gilmer, changed their votes to Smith, who had now received all of his own party and five of Sherman's men, viz: Joy Morris, Junkin, Millward, Scranton, Wood and Stratton.

Mallory, of Kentucky, arose and announced that Smith had now received every vote of his own party, and enough besides to place it within the reach of the Administration party to elect a National, Conservative, Anti-Republican, and and a slaveholder, who would prove true to the nigger interest. He now called on the Democrats to "secure the Speakership and beat the signer of the Helper book." Then commenced an excitement unparalleled during this session. One Fire-Eater would make a short Pro-Slavery speech and then change his vote to Smith. Then another would get up and change his. Thus an hour was spent, until it was announced that the last Southerner of all parties had voted for Smith, when a cheer was given for a "United South." The news of what was going on had spread out of doors and crowds of people came flocking into the galleries. Forty or fifty Senators poured into the Hall of the House among the members, and the Democratic part of them fell to electioneering with the "hold-back" brethren. Hard-shell Cobb, of Alabama, exhorted every Fire-Eater to come up to the scratch. Keitt and Barksdale, Houston, and R. Davis of Miss., Singleton and McRae, Bocock, Leake, Clemens, Dejarnette, of Va., Ruffin, McQueen Pugh, Ashmore, Crawford, Miles Taylor, Landrum, Rust, Hindman and Hamilton—in short all the Disunionists exhorted, beseeched, prayed, and implored the reluctant doughfaces from the North to support the Slave Code Know-Nothing. They were vigorously assisted by Larrabee, McClernand and Logan, Bill English and Tom Florence, who were conspicuously at work manipulating such brethren as Morris of Ill., Cox, Vallandigham, Howard, Martin, Allen, Barr, Cooper, John G. Davis, Holman and a few others. Morris made three speeches, refusing to go Smith—but it was apparent after each speech that he was caving in. In his first speech he charged that Smith was in favor of a Slave Code and opposed to Popular Sovereignty, and that if he was not actually a Know-Nothing, he had at least ran as their candidate, pigged with them, and had beaten a "good Democrat." Finally, like Bob Acres, his courage all oozed out and he was led, like a calf, pale and trembling, into the "Slaughter House." Larrabee flew around at a tremendous rate, vociferating that he represented more foreigners than any man on the floor, but that all of them would rejoice at the vote he had given; that they would all vote as he had done, for a Know Nothing, to beat a Republican, any day, etc. Fouke and Robinson made short speeches, giving in their adhesion to the Know Nothing candidate. John Cochrane made a manly speech, protesting that he would never betray his constituents by voting for any man outside of the great Democratic party; but within fifteen minutes he was mesmerized and came forward and changed his vote to Smith. Vallandigham and Cox shortly followed; then came Pendleton, Howard and Martin of Ohio—Allen, alone, of that State, standing out. Montgomery and Dimmick, of Pa., caved. Barr and Maclay, and Horace F. Clark, caved, and so it went on. As each doughface came forward and changed his vote, the Fire-Eaters shouted and stamped. Soon the whisper ran around that Smith was elected; the excitement waxed hotter and intenser. I never saw human passions so wrought up before in all my life. It was really a terrible spectacle to witness.

John Hickman, who had not voted, got up and recorded his vote for Sherman. Sherman then cast his vote for Corwin. Joy Morris then changed his vote from Smith to Corwin. The Fire-Eaters scowled and swore. Then Junkin, Wood, Scranton, and Stratton, successively changed their votes to Corwin. The Fire-Eaters cursed still louder and looked blacker. They made a tremendous effort to win over John G. Davis, Allen of Ohio, and Holman of Ind., who still held out against all persuasions. Two hours of this intense, absorbing painful scene passed before the result was announced by the Tellers, which was: whole vote 228; necessary to a choice 115, of which Smith had 112, Sherman 106—rest scattering. The terrible suspense was over, and our side breathed easier.

The Republicans demanded an adjournment till Monday, which was carried after a sharp struggle by three majority. Thus ended this eventful day. To-morrow our side hold a caucus to determine on their future line of action.

CHICAGO.

The Republican Party in Lee—Necessity of a thorough Organization.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.

LEE CO., January 28, 1860.

The undivided full vote of the Republican party in Lee outnumbers the opposition by about one thousand five hundred, but owing to local divisions the offices of Sheriff, Treasurer, and School Commissioner, are in the hands of the opposing party, so that instead of the County officers being at work endeavoring to insure the success of Republican principles and a complete organization, they are fighting with the "party in power"—its Postmasters and hirelings to sow dissension and fan the flame of local strife.

It is now no time to lament over the past, but it is good season to begin the work of complete and thorough County organization resting almost completely on the non-office holders of Lee. Let this be done not only in Lee, but in every County in Illinois. Remember we have no paid emissaries in post offices and other stations of public trust, filled by the appointing power of government, from whom we are to look for first steps toward organization. While the observation of half an eye will tell you that these aforementioned appointees are at work, to-day, cursing the Black Republicans—the next extolling the Administration and Douglas, and every day with all their powers extending the circulation of the "Dimecratic," falsehood-propagating—Administration papers. *They* are at work—the zeal with which they labor makes them confident of success—of victory. Now this labor of theirs must be met. If Republican principles are to triumph we must organize. We must meet, beat back and overcome the influence of these Postmasters and other supporters of the party in power.

It is too seldom that the justice of any cause imparts to it any early strength—all reforms are of slow growth. We are taunted with being the reform party—such we may be. The necessity of reform gave being and life to the Republican party. It is destined yet to accomplish its mission of good, just as all other reforms have succeeded in due time, but to do it this year the voice of Illinois must be *for reform*—for freedom.

Republicans of Illinois, this may be! It rests with you. In every town and neighborhood there are voters who need looking after. These will hear the other side—give them the light. Induce every man of your acquaintance to take a good Republican paper. We court examination of our principles—we must labor to have them known as we believe them true and right.

Not only has the Republican party of Lee a work to do in the coming contest, but every true man in the State. Do not procrastinate. Before the busy labors of spring are upon you, organize a county Club, as well as auxiliary Town Clubs, and begin the canvass willingly and in real emphatic earnest.

W. W. G.

The Ellison Disaster—Letter from Rev. R. S. Johnson.

GALESBURG, Ill., Jan. 31, 1860.

Editors Press and Tribune:

In your paper of to-day appears a communication purporting to come from the Ellison Relief Committee. The evident intention is to blast my character on the largest possible scale. It will satisfy my purpose to state that the whole thing originated with personal enemies, and has no foundation in truth.

R. S. JOHNSON.

THE NEW SEDITION LAWS.

Jeff. Davis Defending Freedom of Speech and Opinion against Douglas.

[From the Congressional Globe, Jan. 27th.]

The resolution of the Senator from Illinois being under consideration, Mr. DAVIS said:

I shall occupy but very little time. In the letter of the President, which has just been read, it must be apparent to every one that he did not deny the power of the Federal Government to pass any laws which might be necessary to preserve peace between the States. He said the Constitution and laws of the United States did not confer upon him the power to do that which Governor Wise sought. The Constitution conferred no power on the President to call out the militia in any case. The clause of the Constitution quoted by the Senator from Illinois conferred that power upon the Congress. Our fathers, when they framed this Government, cast from them the rubbish of past ages, exploded the idea of the Divine right of Government, and conferred on the people all the great functions which belong to the Constitution of the United States. They did not give the President the power to call out the militia. They invested the President with no great discretion as to when he would use his power to preserve peace between the States. It was the wise policy of the men who framed this Government to fetter their agents, to give them the least possible discretion, and leaves all the residuary power in the hands of the people of the United States. The Executive, therefore, from the Constitution, derived no power in relation to this subject. Congress possessed the power of calling out the militia to repel invasion and suppress insurrection. Congress delegated to the President so much as the Congress chose the Executive to exercise. The President, therefore, properly refers to the acts of Congress from which he derives his authority—the acts of 1795 and 1807; the one conferring the power for the militia, the other for the Army and Navy of the United States. Under these laws the President possesses just so much power as Congress gave him—no more; and those laws, to use the language which he quotes, are to prevent the invasion of an Indian tribe, or from a foreign Power. If there had been insurrection within the State of Virginia, he said, the Legislature not being in session, and it not being possible to convene in time, and the Executive had called upon him, he would have used the whole power which he possessed under the law; but the President said well and wisely, as became a State-rights man, he not only does not possess the power to go into a State to discover what illegal organization may there exist, but that it was a power which would be dangerous in its exercise if it were possessed.

I welcome, sir, the apprehensions of the President of the United States; *and never would I enact a law which would clothe the Executive with the power to call out the militia, to bring the Army and the Navy, to invade a State to discover who within that State had within his breast the purpose, at some future day, to commit crime.* If there be unlawful, treasonable organizations within a State, it belongs to the State sovereignty to inquire and to punish the offender. Why, sir, we are about to forget that this is a Confederation, held together by a great treaty; we are about to forget that the States united voluntarily under the Constitution, and thus became a nation; we are about to reduce it to a mere centralized Government, investing the Executive with a discretion which would crush all the power of the States, and reduce the sovereignty of the State to a merely nominal thing. It is true, the Senator from Illinois, in this criticism upon the President, quotes another article of the Constitution:

> "The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the Legislature of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence."

I see no issue between the Senator and the President, if he will construe his letter fairly. The President never said the Federal Government had not all the powers which are prescribed in the Constitution. He used the personal pronoun—he, the Executive of the United States, had not powers beyond those which had been conferred upon him by the two acts which he recited. Who can gainsay this? But it is upon this basis the Senator informs us that

> "The denial of the existence of such a power in the Federal Government has induced an inquiry among conservative men—men loyal to the Constitution and devoted to the Union—as to what means they have of protection, if the Federal Government is not authorized to protect them against external violence."

I trust, sir, that the "men loyal to the Constitution and devoted to the Union," the "conservative men" who are thus deeply concerned for the safety of the Constitution, will look into the Constitution which binds these States together; that they will revert to the great principles upon which that Constitution was founded; *that they will remember the rights of the people, the rights of the States*; that they will dispel their apprehension, and that they will find, in the letter of the President, that he has never denied the power of the federal government; that he has never denied the power of Congress to pass laws to carry out all the provisions of the Constitution; never denied his willingness to execute any law which Congress might pass giving him the means to do whatever is needful and proper to preserve the peace between the States.

It is proper for me, Mr. President, to say that it is in no feeling of partisan warfare between the Senator and the President, if such exists, that I have made the explanation. It is in the deep interest I feel for the preservation of sound principles, and the restriction of the federal government from striding over the sovereignties of the States to usurp such centralizing power, under the promptings of a momentary expediency, *which would destroy the great charter of our liberty, and reduce the people to that condition from which they rose—the subjects of a government not within their own control.*

Ninety-six Men taken Captive by Twenty Men.

What will the rank and file of the Democracy of the North-west say when they read by to-day's telegraph, that their Representatives in the House have gone over, body and soul to the Southern Know-Nothings? The Democracy, whose loudest boast is, that they never will affiliate with a party that ostracises voters of foreign birth, have, as a body, abandoned their own man in the contest for Speaker, and gone over to the support of an out and-out Know-Nothing—a slavery extension Know-Nothing at that, and—as if to make the surrender absolute, one who never drew a Democratic breath in his life, but was a Whig, while the party lasted, and until the Know Nothing party at the South arose on its ruins.

The great Mahomet of Democracy, numbering ninety-two men, was forced to go to the Know-Nothing Mountain of only twenty men. Was there ever such a surrender of the Democratic army, since Brown and his sixteen followers took the whole State of Virginia! Let us have an investigation into this raid, and see who armed and equipped this band of twenty Southern Whig Know Nothings, that they could surround this army of ninety-two Democrats, and take them prisoners. Who opened the citadel of Democracy, and let in this band?

And among the number of those who surrendered, was Cox of Ohio, the great expounder of the Democratic faith of the Northwest, who proclaimed with stentorian voice, no longer than Jan. 18, that the Democracy of the Northwest would never support a Know Nothing who proclaimed with the same breath, that it was a vile slander upon the Northwestern Democracy to say that it was under Southern dictation; this same Cox was one of the Democratic regular army of ninety-two, who laid down their weapons of warfare at the feet of twenty Whig, Slavery extension, Southern Know Nothing fillibusters.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Parties in Virginia.

A letter in the Charleston *Mercury*, written from Richmond, in Virginia, on the 21st, says:

> "It cannot be disguised that the submission element had considerable power in the Virginia Legislature—more in the Legislature than amongst the people of the State, who are really very much roused. There are submissionists here who do not hesitate to declare that, *for any conceivable injuries which the North might perpetrate upon the South*, the dissolution of the Union would resemble the folly of the man committing suicide to avoid trouble.
>
> "In addition to this conservative sentimentality, which is profoundly suspicious of any measures that look towards resistance in any shape or form, Virginia is deeply engrossed in Presidential scheming. The various parties and factions are each on the alert to make political capital out of the positions of the others, and to resort to every species of partizan warfare to defeat their opponents and secure success for themselves. While Wise coquets between the Southern resistance men and the rank submissionists of the South, in connection with the Union sentiment at the North, Botts objects to his having two strings to his bow, puts him through a course of criticism for his Harper's Ferry movements, claims the 'would-be-kicked out' party as his peculiarly, and makes eyes lovingly at Black Republican Unionism. President making is the great subject. Hunter's friends are lying low and biding their time. The Opposition intend to ride the Union hobby through in their canvass, and as they are strong in the Senate, both in numbers and intellectual ability, it is safe to say they will oppose with all their power both the arming of the State and any Convention of Southern States."

FORGERY.—A man who gave his name as E. Burns, recently forged a draft in his favor on the Lake Shore Bank at Manitowoc, Wis., but it was detected before paid; not, however, until Burns had got out of town.

SPIRIT OF THE SOUTH.

The *Southern Confederacy*, a newspaper published at Atlanta, Georgia, keeps two lists of New York mercantile houses standing in its columns, one under this head: "*The Black List or Abolition Houses*," and the other "*The White List, or Constitutional Houses.*" In that paper of Jan. 23d, we find the following reference to these lists, which, for the delectation of Western men who buy goods in the metropolis, we give the benefit of our circulation. Beyond comparison, it is the most impudent thing that has ever appeared in the American newspaper press:

> THE NEW YORK MERCHANTS AGAIN.—We have received many complaints of injustice, accompanied with the denial of the charge of Abolitionism from those mercantile establishments in New York, which were placed in the Black List of this paper. We had in the first instance the best of evidence for so classing these Houses, and still have the evidence on hand, and shall steadfastly adhere to our original position until these Houses, whose names are now found in our Black List, *will make an affidavit* that they are neither Black Republicans, Abolitionists, Freesoilers, or have ever been enemies to the institution of Slavery and the rights of the South in any shape or form whatever. These establishments must furthermore *state under oath*, that they never have contributed in any manner whatever, to drive Slaveholders from the common Territories, and must *fully endorse the Dred Scott Decision, the enforcement of the Fugitive Slave Law*, and will in no way aid or abet, in the sectional warfare now carried on by the Freesoilers of the North. *That in all cases*, they will sustain and maintain the principles of the Constitution *as interpreted by Southern Rights men*, and will use every effort to promote peace and harmony in the councils of the Nation, and to defeat the re election of Freesoilers and fanatics. And that their best and most strenuous efforts will be used and exerted to elevate none to office, but those who are willing to concede that the South has equal privileges in the settlement of the Territories, equal rights in the Union, and will vote for and endorse the admission of slave States, when such make application according to the requirements of the Constitution.
>
> When the Northern merchants will thus publicly *declare under oath such sentiments*, then the South would feel no hesitancy in patronizing them as heretofore. In default of which, it is an acknowledgment of unsoundness, and that they are not willing that we should have our rights under the Constitution. Consequently they should be denounced as enemies to our section and our interests, and the *southern merchant knowing the fact, and then bestowing his patronage is an enemy to his country and deserves the hangman's halter.*

That there are New York houses mean enough and dirty enough to bend to such indolence as that displayed by this Southern journal, we see by the following:

> CAMERON, EDWARDS & CO.—This is the style and firm of a large Dry Goods House in New York, which has been doing almost an exclusive Southern trade for a number of years, and in getting up a list of houses in New York that were friends and enemies to the South, this firm was sent to us as a Black Republican establishment. Regarding the proof as good, we did not hesitate to class them as Black Republicans, and we advised Southern merchants from trading with them.
>
> Since, however, the publication of the White and Black List, a gentleman by the name of Mr. W. R. Ellis, representing this House in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, has called upon us, and makes an affidavit to the contrary. We refer our readers to his card.

We need not ask Western men to note down the name of this establishment in their memoranda.

A SCENE IN MISSISSIPPI—ATTEMPT TO GET RID OF OLD DEBTS—A TRUNK BROKEN OPEN—LOVE LETTERS OPENED AND READ—A THIRD PARTY DENOUNCES THE OUTRAGE AND IS SHOT DEAD.

[From the New York Times.]

An agent for some Northern business house chanced to be driving his bargains in Columbus. Whether Blair was or was not does not appear, but it is very probable he was, for the agent having been obliged to leave Columbus for a day or two on business, Blair appeared at the hotel at which he lodged, denounced him as an Abolitionist, and proposed a search of his room. The key was procured, and accompanied by a few more chivalric and high-toned persons like himself, Blair proceeded to "defend the honor" of Mississippi by first breaking open the absent Yankee's trunk, and then abstracting the absent Yankee's private letters, which he duly opened and read aloud for the benefit of the "patriarchal institution" which breeds so many nice and honorable instincts, and makes all meanness of thought or deed impossible. The letters were common-place enough for a while, till on taking up a sheet half-filled with the absent Yankee's own handwriting, Blair came on the words, "*It's all right between me and the Brown family!*" Gracious heavens! here was an escape for Mississippi, and for Blair immortal glory! To think of it:—a correspondent of Old John Brown's in Columbus, under the very noses, as it were, of Jefferson Davis and Senator Brown—with an E! The interest grew intense; the chivalry crowded upon the reader. Since that famous letter which Lord Monteagle couldn't understand, though King Jamie could, history had known no such moment. Nothing in fiction approached it save the instant in which Sergeant Buz-fuz laid Mr. Pickwick's subtle demand for "chops and tomato sauce" before an indignant British jury. Blair could not go on with his task. The letter dropped from his hands, and he started up, says the report, "greatly excited." Before burnt feathers and Bourbon had restored Blair to himself, another chivalric and high-toned person, of stronger nerves, took the epistle up, continued the perusal, and found, O, shame and vexation! that the Browns of the absent Yankee's writing-desk were, after all, only innocent Mississippi Browns, and that there was a lady in the question, whom the absent Yankee hoped soon, it being "all right with the family," to espouse. The revulsion was severe; but the chivalry could not give up their prize. They took out all the love-letters of this low commercial Yankee, and went at them with great dash and gallantry. Shepherd now comes on the scene. Attracted by the crowd, he entered the room, and being a soldier, and eccentric, protested that the whole proceeding was a "sneaking outrage." Blair, of course, rebuked this presumption, and swore at Shepherd as no better than a Northern agent himself, and a mere wolf in sheep's clothing.

However, seeing muchief in Shepherd's eye, Blair discreetly absconded and left town. A few days after, he came back, for he was an apothecary and must live, though his customers died for it. Shepherd invaded him instantly, and with calm decision, began to give him a sound caning. Blair, on this, drew a pistol and shot Shepherd three times, till he fell dead, caning his murderer stoutly to the last. And thus Blair avenged his honor. What the people of Columbus have done in the matter, we do not yet learn.

Shepherd was Secretary of the Navy of Texas under Gen. Houston's Presidency.

MORE EXPULSION MEASURES IN KENTUCKY—MR. FEE TO BE DRIVEN OUT A SECOND TIME—SCHOOL TEACHERS WARNED TO LEAVE.

We find the following in the last number of the Maysville (Ky.) *Eagle*:

> A meeting of the citizens of Bracken and Mason Counties, Ky., called for the purpose of considering the propriety of allowing John G. Fee & Co., and others of like character, to settle among us, was held in Brookville, Bracken Co., Ky., January 23d, 1860.
>
> On motion of John H. Boude, Col. W. Orr was elected President, and Gen. Samuel Worthington and Rudolph Black, Vice Presidents.
>
> Arthur Fox, James W. Armstrong and J. A. Kackley were appointed Secretaries.
>
> On motion of Judge Jos. Doniphan, a Committee of twelve was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.
>
> The following persons were appointed as said Committee: Dr. J. Taylor Bradford, Col. A. Bledsoe, W. P. Diltz, Dr. John Coburn, Judge Jos. Doniphan, Isaac Reynolds, Henry Anderson, John E. French, A. J. Coburn, Robt. Coleman, R. P. Dimmitt, Col. A. Soward.
>
> The Committee, through their Chairman, Judge Joseph Doniphan, presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:
>
> WHEREAS, John Gregg Fee and John G. Hanson, lately expelled from Madison County, Ky., are now in Bracken County, preparing to make it their home; and whereas, that both Fee and Hanson are enemies to the State and dangerous to the security of our lives and property:
>
> We, citizens of Kentucky, deeming it our duty to protect our lives and property from enemies at home, as well as abroad, do now solemnly declare, that said John G. Fee and John G. Hanson must, by the 4th day of February next, leave this county and State.
>
> 1. *Resolved*, That we earnestly entreat them to do so without delay, but in the event of their failure to do so by that time, they shall do so, even should it require physical force to accomplish the end.
>
> *Resolved*, That J. B. Mallett, a school teacher in district No. 27, and Wyatt Robinson and —— Holeman, must leave this county and State at the same time, and in the event of their failing or refusing, they shall be expelled by force, and that for the purpose of carrying out these resolves a, committee of fifty of our citizens be appointed to notify the said Hanson, Fee, Mallett, Robinson and Holeman of the action of this meeting, and said committee be empowered to give notice to any other persons of like character to leave the State, and report the same to the meeting to be held in Germantown, on the 6th day of February next.
>
> 3. *Resolved*, That said Committee, in the event of said Hanson, Fee, Mallett, Robinson and Holeman failing to remove, that then the Committee report the result to a meeting to be held in Germantown, Ky., on the 6th day of February next.
>
> 5. *Resolved*, That we deprecate the using a church, known as the Free church, by Abolition preachers; and, we now solemnly declare, that we will resist, by all possible means, the occupying said church, by such incendiary persons.
>
> 4. *Resolved*, That the Secretaries be requested to prepare copies of the proceedings of this meeting, and furnish one each to the *Mountain Democrat*, Richmond *Messenger*, Augusta *Sentinel*, Maysville *Eagle*, and Maysville *Express*.
>
> The meeting then adjourned.
>
> WM. ORR, President.
>
> Arthur Fox, Jas. W. Armstrong, J. A. Kackley, Secretaries.

A METHODIST PREACHER ARRESTED IN VIRGINIA.

The last number of the Charleston, Kanawha county, *Republican*, (not Charlestown of Old Brown notoriety,) contains the following:

> "OMINOUS."—"Whilst a discussion was going on in the Court House, on Monday last, upon the sixth resolution offered by the committee, a constable arrested the Rev. Mr. Greene, of the Northern Methodist church, for having uttered seditious sentiments. He was tried before Justice Estill, required to give bail, and sent on for further trial."

This forms the text for a considerable article in the *Republican*, strongly condemnatory of the outrage which was inflicted on Mr. Greene. The *Republican* goes back and reviews Mr. Greene's history from his boyhood, and shows that he always has been a good citizen, and that no man can say ought against him, save that he has not been a pro-slavery man.

NEWS FROM THE REV. DANIEL WORTH.—We have just heard from Mr. Worth through his nephew, Rev. A. Worth. He is still in jail. His bail bonds would have been filed, but there were several sheriffs hanging around the jail door, from other counties, to arrest him as soon as he should come out of Greensboro jail.

His wife and friends are not permitted to visit him. His cell is wholly unsuitable for any person to live in. His only bedding is a dirty pallet. The jail is strongly guarded. Some of the Quakers who were imprisoned, have given bail and are now out of jail. Several of them were leading and influential men.—*Randolph (Ind.) Courier.*

A Satisfactory Answer.

An attorney in the country recently received an account from abroad for collection and in reply he made the following statement, of the financial condition of the section of Minnesota in which he resides, which was doubtless perfectly satisfactory to the creditor:

> "Now, I am perfectly astonished at you for sending a claim out here for collection in these times. You might as well cast your net into the 'Lake of Fire and Brimstone,' expecting to catch a sunfish, or into the celebrated Stygian pool to catch speckled trout, as to try to collect money here. Money! I have a faint recollection of having seen it when I was a small boy. I believe it was given me by my uncle to buy candy with. (The candy I do remember.) But it has been so long since I have seen any, that I almost forget whether gold is made of corn or mustard, or silver of white onions or fish-scales. Why, sir, we live without money. You're behind the times. It is a relic of barbarism—of ages past. We live by eating, sir—we do. Hoot, mon, the millenium is coming, the year of jubilee has come, and all debts are paid here (as much as they will be), unless you take '*projuce!*' The word 'money' is not in our vo cab-u-lary, in the latest Webster (revised for this meridian) it is marked '*obsolete*; formerly a coin representing value and used as a medium of commerce.' A few small pieces can be seen in our Historical Society's collection, where they are exhibited as curiosities, along with the skeleton of the 'Mastodon,' Noah's old boots, and Adam's apple."

Conservative Action of Beecher's Church.

Another meeting of the members of the Plymouth Church was held on Wednesday evening. After the meeting had been organized, Mr. Theodore Tilton got the floor, and replied to the arguments of Mr. Beecher at the preceding meeting. During his remarks he was frequently interrupted. At the conclusion, he created considerable sensation by producing a Sharpe's rifle, one of the twenty-five sent out to Kansas by Mr. Beecher, and, turning to that gentleman, called upon him to sustain the principles which actuated him then. Mr. Beecher replied at considerable length, defending his position, and on its conclusion, after an exciting contest, on the question being put, a resolution was adopted to take up a collection for the Home Missionary Society, the American Missionary Association—Foreign Department—and the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, thus endorsing the position of Mr. Beecher and the American Board.

WESTERN NEWS ITEMS.

—The contested election case of E. D. Williams *vs.* L. R. King, in which the office of Sheriff of Winona County (Minn.) was at stake, after a lengthy trial, and a tedious examination of witnesses has been decided. Mr. King, the Republican candidate, was declared the legally elected Sheriff.

—In the contested election case of Bancroft *vs.* Whallon, in Dodge County, (Minn.) the decision of Judge Donaldson has been rendered in favor of Mr. Bancroft, who was the Republican candidate in that county for the office of Register of Deeds. Fraudulent votes were put in the ballot-box at Wasioja, after the polls had been closed, in order to defeat Mr. Bancroft.

—The Mankato (Minn.) *Register* says: "Our State papers have recorded some very fine yields of wheat this year, but we question whether many have excelled one that lately came to our knowledge. A gentleman living near Garden City, on two and a half acres, raised one hundred bushels.

—Col. Pratt, of St. Peter, (Minn.,) raised 5,000 bushels of excellent oats on 100 acres of his farm, in the rear of that town.

—The Mankato (Minn.) *Record* says the mercury stood 41° below zero in that town on Sunday the 1st inst.

—The Glencoe (Minn.) *Register* says that the large number of Indians who have overrun that county, for the last few weeks, have disappeared. They gathered a rich harvest of game and left a good supply of Moccasins.

GOOD WHEAT WEATHER.—The farmers say the winter so far has been first rate for wheat. For six weeks or more the ground has been frozen tight, and most of the time a blanket of snow has covered it good as a thick spread of manure. Look out for a good crop of this staple article another year.—*Sheboygan (Wis.) Journal.*

DEATH BY POISON.—A young son of Judge Van Rensselaer, Onalaska, (Wis.,) says the La Crosse *Union* of the 27th, died yesterday at noon, from the effects of corrosive sublimate, which he had taken by mistake six days previous.

SCHOOL TEACHER ASSAULTED.—We are informed that a short time since, at Houston, (Mulberry Grove,) Bond County, Ill., a few blows passed between Dr. Joseph Campbell and Mr. W. J. Creswick, a school teacher of that place. It appears that the teacher had reproved the doctor's daughter in school, which displeased the latter so much that he threatened to cudgel the teacher, and accordingly called him in one morning as he was passing, and asked him to be seated. As soon as his request had been complied with, he commenced abusing the teacher, and took up the poker and threatened him with that a while. Creswick advised him to keep cool, as he did not wish to have any trouble with him; but the doctor grew warmer and warmer until at length he struck the teacher, who thereupon returned the blows with interest until the doctor backed down, having got the worst of the affray.—*Greenville Advocate.*

THE TRAGEDY AT PARIS, ILLINOIS—RELEASE OF MRS. JOY.—We have already published an account of the arrest of Mrs. Joy, of Paris, Illinois, for accidently killing her boy, while discharging a gun at her husband. The following extract from the Paris *Blade*, shows the matter in a new light, and describes the legal results of the tragedy:

> The facts, as at first reported, seemed to demand a legal investigation, and the Circuit Court being in session, a special grand jury was impanneled on Friday, which, after hearing all the evidence that could be brought against the woman, unanimously refused to find a bill against her, and she was discharged from arrest. The facts, as detailed before the grand jury, showed that at the time she presented the gun at her husband, she was laboring under the fear of violence from him, and only intended to frighten him away. He had been in the habit of accusing her of infidelity to him, and of beating and otherwise abusing her. On one occasion she had suffered so much from injuries inflicted on her by him, that a physician had to be called to attend her. On the evening of the tragical occurrence, it was proved that he had been searching for her with a knife in hand.

THE MANNY AND MCCORMICK REAPERS.—We learn from the best authority, that the reports which have been circulated to the effect that there is an understanding between the manufacturers of the Manny reaper and McCormick, exempting the machine of the former from the re-issue of the patent of the latter, is founded on a misapprehension, and is calculated to convey an erroneous impression of the true state of the case. It is true that other reaper makers are inhibited from manufacturing until the re-issue expires, some two years hence, and that the Manny reaper business will be vigorously prosecuted within that time. Such are the facts which doubtless gave rise to the report, but in view of the antagonistic relations between McCormick and the Manny reaper makers in times past, the report of an understanding is exceedingly improbable, unless the Manny manufacturers, knowing from past experience the immense cost of patent suits, have concluded it is cheapest to pay the patent fee required by McCormick, than to incur the expense of litigation.—*Rockford News.*

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday morning last, Benj. Ammerman was caught by the coat skirt on the line shaft of Ammerman's saw-mill, in this township, and before they could stop the machinery he had made about one hundred revolutions around the shaft. Although Mr. Ammerman's side and feet were injured, it is considered that he has not been dangerously hurt, and that he will soon recover.—*Allegan (Mich.) Journal.*

INFANTICIDE.—The body of an infant was found on the beach of the lake, opposite this place, last Sunday, by Mr. Kamm, a German citizen residing here. The body was wrapped in a piece of an old cotton garment, and enclosed in a box about twelve inches long, roughly and bunglingly made of old boards and old decayed shingles, that had evidently been removed from an old roof. It must have lain in the water some time, as the cavities around the body were filled with ice. Marks of violence were plainly visible.—*New Buffalo (Mich.) Ind., Jan. 28.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Monday morning last John Downing, an old and respectable resident of the town of Crockery, in this county, was found dead in the lumber woods, where he was engaged at work. It is probable, from the position in which the body was found, the skull being badly broken, that his death was occasioned by the accidental fall or slipping of a saw log, about which he was at work.—*Grand Haven (Mich.) News, 25th.*

A MURDER AT GRAND HAVEN.—We hear a rumor that the remains of a man have been recently discovered packed away in the cellar of a house in Grand Haven lately occupied by prostitutes. The particulars of this mysterious and shocking affair we have not yet learned.—*Holland (Mich.) Register, 24th.*

MURDER IN ILLINOIS.—Information was received yesterday, at the Central Police Station, concerning a murder which occurred at Honey Point, about nine miles east of this city. Two men, it seems, named Charles Honeis and Geo. Stockton, engaged in a drunken fracas, during which Stockton drew a pistol and fired at Honeis, inflicting a wound which produced death in a short time. Stockton then fled, and it is probable he is now in St. Louis. The following description is given of him: 22 years of age; five feet ten inches high; black hair, dark blue eyes, Grecian nose, rather smooth face, slightly round shouldered, weight 160 pounds. Honeis was conveyed to his residence, in Carlinville, Illinois. A reward is offered for the apprehension of Stockton.—*Mo. Democrat.*

PERSONAL.

Juarez, the President of the Mexican Republic, with whom the McLane treaty was made, is thus described:

> The Constitutional President of Mexico is a pure Indian of that Toltec race, of whose history we have some account as far back as the seventh century. President Juarez is as much a self-made man as Ex-President Van Buren, Gov. Banks or Senator Wilson. He was born in the State of Oajaca, a ragged urchin selling fruit, his intelligence and good nature attracted the notice of a Mexican gentleman, who took him into his house as a servant. The young Indian evinced so much fidelity and capacity in his new position, that his patron sent him to school, and finally gave him the best education the colleges of Mexico afforded. The Indian Juarez rose to be a lawyer, and by the suffrages of the people was made Judge of the Supreme Court of the Republic, in virtue of which he became President under the Constitution when Comonfort abdicated. In private life Juarez is without reproach, and as a patriot he is without stain.

Though in favor of the sequestration of the church property and the suppression of the monastic houses, Juarez is a Catholic.

—Capt. Henrie de la Riviere, "the gallant Zouave," is now a billiard marker for Mike Phelan at $40 a month.

—Cassius M. Clay, in a communication to the *Country Gentleman*, states that for many years he has grazed a thousand cattle a year.

—Report says Senator Green is endeavoring to elect delegates in Missouri to Charleston, in favor of Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, and himself, as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

—Colonel Ely Moore, register of the land office at Leavenworth, died at Lecompton January 26th. There is tall scratching for the vacancy.

MARRIED.—In Cass County, Nebraska, by A. L. Child, Esq., the two sons and three daughters of the late Rollin T. Tozier, viz, Charles T. Tozier and Zeritda P. Mayfield; Henry H. Tozier and Abby F. Sayles; Miss Harriet Tozier and Lule Coulson; Miss Caroline A. Tozier and John W. Roberson, and Miss Mary Jane Tozier and Reuben W. Gilleland. All good Republicans and united to Republican partners.

We hope, after this, never to hear even an insinuation of disunion sentiments in Nebraska.

—Peter Harvey, of Boston, will publish next summer his personal recollections of Daniel Webster, with whom, for many years, he had the most intimate relations. Perhaps no one has a richer fund of memorabilia, now that Choate is dead, than Mr. Harvey. His right to publish them will not be doubted by those who remember Mr. Webster's affectionate recognition, on his death-bed, of the value and unselfishness of the attachment of his friend.

Pickings from Vanity Fair.

Our American *Punch* for last week has some stinging hits. From its columns we make the following pickings:

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.—The government contemplates furnishing us with a new cent as soon as the ore is smelt. It will probably have an odor of Mint.

ALWAYS ON THE WATCH.—Peter Funk.

THE "BONE OF CONTENTION" IN THE HOUSE.—Jaw-bone.

RISING WITH THE BIRDS.—Getting "high" on a lark.

MODEST.—Most men "look out for number one"—Louis Napoleon only looks out for No. III.

A REGULAR JAIL BIRD.—A burglar when he's a Robbin'.

PISTOL PRACTICE.—Many members of Congress, we understand, are in the habit of carrying revolvers. How much better it would be, if they all followed the recent good example, set by Mr. Haskin, and dropped them.

AN INSPIRING SIGHT FOR GLAZIERS.—The early dawn when it breaks in the windows.

A FIGHTING COCK.—The cock of a pistol.

THE CLERGYMAN'S CONSTANT COMPANION.—Bronchitis.

THE PUGILIST'S DEITY.—Nox.

NAP'S SOLILOQUY.

Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to suffer
The slings and arrows of outrageous fortune,
Or to take up arms against a (Holy) Sea of troubles, &c.

"MISERY LOVES COMPANY."—So does Bridget.

THE BUILDER DEATH.

There is a builder whose name is Death,
A fearful one I ween;
He builds the frail walls with a breath,
And blood's the cement between.

"Can I not make them look strong?" saith he,
"And save the founders' gold;
While the dividend fat will be sweet to me,
Whether paid by the young or the old."

He gazed at the walls with laughing eyes;
He kissed the death-damp stones;
It was for the Lords of Enterprise,
So he worked in the blood and bones.

"My Lords wish it cheaply built, they say,"
The Builder laughed in glee,
"And I'll build so cheap that some fine day,
A sorrowful sight they will see.

"They shall all toll there day and night,
Confiding in my care,
But the world shall behold a fearful sight,
When my villainy is laid bare."

Then the mother will learn in tears and pain,
Her sole support is gone;
And the gray sire's curse will rise in vain,
Except to the Judgment Throne.

O, but charity's mite will heal the wrong
The Builder did that day;
And the Martyr's blood will not linger long,
For gold will wash it away.

Prenticeana.

[From the Louisville Journal.]

—A good many of the Locofoco papers are really in an offal condition.

—The Democratic organs are fighting among themselves. They are all organs of combativeness.

—Mr. Jas. Hobb has been appointed Postmaster in Texas. When this Mr. Hobb is swallowing Treasury-Pap, he'll be a Hobb-goblin.

—The junior editor of the Washington *Constitution* says that he was "born a gentleman." Then he has been "born again."

—An old English author calls woman "an embodied falsehood." It must be confessed that she is getting nearer and nearer to the naked truth.

—The Locofoco of the N. H. *Times* intimates a wish to get married. We suppose he wants to exchange the condition of the *low menial* for the *hy meneal*.

—We saw in a newspaper yesterday, a brief article under the head of "A sensible man in South Carolina." We couldn't stop to read anything headed so absurdly.

—The Northern Democracy are a squatter sovereignty party, and the Southern Democracy are a Disunion party. We wonder how many such parties it would take to make a national party.

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STOCK DEPARTMENT.

We buy and sell on Commission either at Chicago, or through our Agents, at New York, State, City, County, Railway, &c., Bonds and Stock. Our connections in New York are such as to insure prompt and judicious attention to any order entrusted to our care.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Our business connections with Europe being DIRECT, VERY EXTENSIVE, and MOST INTIMATE, we feel safe in assuring the public that all foreign banking transactions can be effected through our house with promptness and efficacy, equal to any house in the Union. We issue Drafts and Letters of Credit in sums to suit at New York terms on our correspondents in London, Paris, Frankfort on the Main, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Leipzig, Cologne, Heidelberg, Bale, Berne, Dresden, &c., &c., &c.

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FOR THE SICK.—
VERY OLD AND GENUINE
PURE PORT WINE.
Sovereign Port Vintage 1834, from the Royal Agricultural Co., Oporto.
MADEIRA WINE.
Super Vaughan Madeira Vintage, 1822. For sale by
J. H. REED & CO.,
DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES,
Nos. 144 and 146 Lake street.

Dealers in Sea-Going Goods, Delicacies for Invalids, English Ale and Porter, Tamarinds, Raspberry Vinegar and Syrup, Cocoa, Broma, French Chocolate, Oatmeal, Barley and Groats.

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CIDER—THOSE IN WANT OF a choice article of cider, call on N. K. WHITNEY, Room No. 8 Hilliard Block, cor. Clark and South Water sts., who has a consignment of 200 barrels clarified expressly for drinking.

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MARSH BROTHERS,
Having removed into the spacious store 106 Lake street, are now prepared with
A MAMMOTH STOCK OF
FURNITURE,
BOTH OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE,
And carefully selected from Eastern Markets. Having increased facilities for manufacturing, large experience in the business, giving it our personal attention, and selling exclusively
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We feel confident that no house in our line can sell
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MARSH BROS.
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Reducing the Weight and Increasing the Strength of Skirts nearly one-half.

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Which are offered this season in improved styles, shapes and manufacture, as follows:
The Double Train Skirt,
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The Indestructible Skirt,
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☞ Dr. Jas. McClintock's Pectoral Syrup exercises an influence over Consumption and Bronchitis unparalleled in Medical Practice, arresting the cough, healing and strengthening the lungs, promoting expectoration, and inducing sleep. The amendment begins from the first dose. Price, $1.00. Sold by
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Fretful, pallid, weak and thin
Was the mother's pet and pride,
"Something must be wrong within,"
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"Worms" the doctor said, and gave
Jalap, calomel, gamboge,
But all things proved useless, save
Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

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SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Never Debilitates.

It is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all diseases for which it is recommended.

LIVER INVIGORATOR

It has cured thousands within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

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All who are using it are giving testimony in its favor.

☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

—ALSO—

Sanford's Family Cathartic Pills,

COMPOUNDED FROM

PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, and put up in GLASS CASES, AIR TIGHT, AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

CATHARTIC PILLS

The Family Cathartic Pill is a gentle but active Cathartic which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The Family Cathartic Pill has, with due reference to this well established fact, been compounded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts, which act alike on every part of the alimentary canal, and are good and safe in all cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as Derangements of the Stomach, Sleepiness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, end in a long course of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Cold over the body, Restlessness, Headache, or weight on the Head, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great Purifier of the Blood, and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.

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The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.
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THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guaranties of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 20, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I deem due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours A. C. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved. WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming grey, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

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Pike's Peak Tents on hand. [illegible]

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Contains one-third more matter than any of his former books at the same price, and is really cheaper than any book before the public. 256 pages, 16mo. $4 per dozen.
☞ "It is full of Gems."
☞ Superintendents and all interested in Sabbath Schools should give it an early examination. It contains some 200 tunes, one-fourth of which were never before published, and over 300 choice hymns.
Sent by mail for 14 letter stamps.
ROOT & CADY,
95......Clark Street......95
CHICAGO, ILL.
P. S.—New Pianos just received, which we sell fully warranted at
$200.
ja2 ROOT & CADY.

Co-Partnership Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—This day by mutual consent the firm of POINER & BOYCE.
February 1, 1860. ja31-3tx

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF LIMITED CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The limited Co Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in the Wrought and Cast Iron Business, under the firm name of LETZ & CO., was dissolved on the second inst. by mutual consent. George F. Letz and John M. Johnston having purchased the interest of T. W. Wadsworth and Wm. H. Chenoweth, are alone authorized to settle the business of the said firm.
GEO. F. LETZ.
WM. H. CHENOWETH
JOHN M. JOHNSTON.
T. W. WADSWORTH, Special Partner.
Chicago, January 16th, 1860.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the firm of
LETZ & JOHNSTON,
For the purpose of doing a general Wrought and Cast Iron Business, at the well-known Chicago Iron Works, located at Nos. 81 to 93 South Franklin street.
GEORGE F. LETZ.
JOHN M. JOHNSTON.
Chicago, January 20, 1860. ja20-b444-2w

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
R. SHERMAN of the firm of Stearns & Co., has this day become associated with the firm of Miles & Wright, Commission Merchants, No. 1 Dole's Building, corner of South Water and Clark streets. The new firm will be known as Miles, Wright & Sherman.
J. H. MILES.
A. M. WRIGHT.
R. SHERMAN.
Chicago, Jan. 17, 1860.
[ly18b446-2w]

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of D. Kriegh & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the partners is authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.
Chicago, Jan. 31, 1860.
D. KRIEGH.
E. D. TAYLOR.
ja4 b462-1m

NOTICE.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Hinsdale & Babcock, expires this day by its own limitation. J. P. Babcock having sold his interest to Henry W. Hinsdale, who alone is authorized to settle the business of the said firm.
HENRY W. HINSDALE.
JOHN P. BABCOCK.
Dated Chicago, Dec. 31st, 1859.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-Partnership, under the firm of H. W. Hinsdale & Co., for transaction of the Wholesale Grocery and General Commission Business, at Nos. 114 and 116 South Water street.
HENRY W. HINSDALE.
SYLVESTER SIBLEY.
Dated Chicago, Jan. 2, 1860.

NOTICE.
We have this day conferred upon Mr. John W. Stanley, our general power of Attorney.
H. W. HINSDALE & CO.
Dated Chicago, Jan. 2, 1860. ja3-b456 1m

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of Satterlee, Cook & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. M. L. Satterlee, G. C. Cook and F. Fischer having purchased the interest of Samuel Faulkner, are authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of its accounts.
M. L. SATTERLEE,
G. C. COOK,
FREDERICK FISCHER,
SAM'L FAULKNER.
Chicago, Dec. 31, 1859.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm name of G. C. COOK & CO., successors to Satterlee, Cook & Co., for the transaction of a Wholesale Grocery and General Commission Business, at the old stand, Nos. 16 and 18 State street, Chicago.
G. C. COOK.
FREDERICK FISCHER,
H. W. COOK,
LEROY SWORMSTEDT, JR.
Chicago, December 31, 1859. ja3-b843-1m

Educational.

WRITING DEPARTMENT OF
Bryant, Bell & Stratton's
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
To accommodate the large and increasing patronage of this Department, separate and commodious parlors have been appropriated to its exclusive use. The famous
SPENCERIAN SYSTEM OF PENMANSHIP,
As taught by its veteran author, P. R. Spencer, and Prof. P. R. Spencer, Jr., is our STANDARD, and its excellence commands the general acknowledgement that as a means of instruction in the art of writing it has no equal. Ladies and gentlemen may enter at any time and receive instruction from experienced and accomplished teachers.
TERMS.
$1.00 for 22 lessons......2 lessons per day.
$5.00 for 1 month......2 lessons per day.
$10.00 for 3 months......2 lessons per day.
Students in Commercial Department entitled to receive instruction in Penmanship without extra charge.
ja19 b452 1m

Machinery, Hardware, &c.

LOW WATER DETECTOR,
FOR
Preventing the Explosion of Steam Boilers.
ASHCROFT'S PATENT.
SIMPLE,
SURE,
EFFECTIVE.
Dependent upon no Valve, Cock, or Float, Pump or other contrivance liable to get out of order.
Over 1,200 have been put up in New England within the past year.
WADSWORTH, HUBBARD & CO.,
203 Lake street, Chicago.
Sole Agents for the West. se5-a329-6m

WILLIAM BLAIR & CO.,
No. 176 Lake Street,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Hardware, Cutlery,
NAILS, TIN-PLATE, SHEET IRON, COPPER.
Zinc, Copper Bottoms, Block Tin.
—ALSO—
A full assortment of Tinners' Tools and Machines, Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, Rivets, Ears, etc.
ap1y

Architects and Builders.

E. BURLING,
ARCHITECT, No. 40 Dearborn street, (opposite Tremont House,) is prepared to furnish Plans and Specifications for all kinds of Buildings. He confidently refers to many of the best buildings in Chicago—both public and private—as evidences of his ability, and that orders entrusted to him will be executed in the most satisfactory manner.
ja31622-1y

WILLIAM W. BOYINGTON,
Architect and Superintendent.
Careful and minute Specifications, and
RELIABLE DETAILED ESTIMATES
Made from drawings.
Office—83 Dearborn street, first door north of the Post Office. my17b73-1y

O. L. WHEELOCK,
Architect and Superintendent,
OFFICE NO. 77 DEARBORN STREET.
Opposite the Post Office, Chicago. [illegible]

G. P. RANDALL,
ARCHITECT.
OFFICE IN THE PORTLAND BLOCK, CHICAGO.
[illegible]

Press & Tribune.

The City of Jeddo.

The Japan correspondent of the Boston Traveller gives the following impressions of Jeddo, the principal city:

But what shall I say of this greatest and most singular of all cities? A volume is needed to describe it, without attempting to give its history. I have read of old Nineveh and Babylon *below* the ground, and seen and handled the works of art which have been disinterred and created so much admiration on both sides of the Atlantic: but one living *Jeddo, above* the ground, is worth a hundred old fogy cities below it. I cannot give you an idea of it, it is so unique, so unlike everything except itself, and so *impossible*, as you will think. I have seen several places of interest, and maintained a cool head, but I was bewildered and confounded when I saw this. It is situated on the western shore of this charming gulf, 20 miles wide by 24 long, to which the Lake of Tiberias is nothing, except in the memory of the sacred feet which once trod its shores. It stretches for 20 miles and more along a beach of a semi-circular form, with its horns turned outwards, and along which a street extends, crowded with blocks of stores and houses, and teeming with moving crowds, while shopkeepers, artizans, women and children seem equally numerous within doors and at the doors. Indeed, a dozen or fifteen miles might be added to the length of the city in this direction, since there is nothing but an unbroken succession of towns and villages for this distance, which are as populous and well built as the city itself. In crossing the city from the shore to the western outskirts, I have walked two miles and a half, and then proceeded on horseback ten miles more, making twelve and a half in the whole, while in other places it may be wider still. According to the lowest estimate, the city covers an area equal to seven of the New England farming towns, which are usually six miles square. And all is traversed by streets, usually wide, well constructed, perfectly neat, and crossing each other at right angles—streets lined with houses and stores as compactly as they can be built, and crowded with moving or stationary masses as thick as in our Washington street or New York Broadway, at least for considerable distances. The population is estimated generally at *three millions*, which Mr. Harris, our Minister, thinks is no exaggeration. For my part, judging from what I have seen when I have gone into the heart of the city, and crossed the city from side to side, I should be willing to add as many millions more; for the living, moving masses, seen from sunrise to sunset, and everywhere the same, fairly seemed beyond computation. One city, as large as seven fine towns in Berkshire County, and containing a population three times as large as that of the whole State of Massachusetts. That is enough to think of for a moment.

Several streams run through the city. I counted five, though one or two might be canals. The largest is about twenty rods wide, over which a well constructed bridge is thrown, from which distances are measured to all parts of the empire. It is the milestone of Japan. Boats and junks by means of these rivers and canals penetrate all parts of the city. There is nothing magnificent in architecture, most of the houses being of one story only, though some are two, and are plain, though always neat both within and without.

Some of the palaces of the Daimas or hereditary Princes, however, are an exception; one which I happened to see being of exquisite beauty in structure, in the spacious court before it, and in the gateways, and trimmed and trained bushes which made the hedge, and the dwarfed trees planted in front to adorn it.

The Imperial quarters occupy the centre of the city, and are situated on an elevation from which you have a distinct view of a great part of the city. These quarters are called the Citadel, and are surrounded by a deep and wide moat, and a massive wall whose circumference is 8 or 10 miles. No one is admitted unless a dignitary, or high minister, or a foreign ambassador. One gate was open, through which I could look within, but saw nothing but houses. Tall cedars spread their branches, giving all the signs of *life* which were to be seen in this imperial solitude and prison. But the whole was massive and imposing, evincing a high degree of art and civilization. No walls surround the city; no towers or fortresses rise up within; nor did I see so much as a gun or a solitary soldier.

The striking peculiarity of the city is its numerous tall trees with luxuriant branches, and groves sometimes of acres, which give to the entire city at many points the air of a *forest*. There are also in so large a territory swells, and even considerable hills, perched on the summit of which, and half buried in the solemn trees in which it is embowered, a fine Buddhist temple is sure to peer out, the fairest spots in creation being selected for the worship of the devil.

Such is my rude and rapid sketching; but we shall return here after our visit to Hong Kong, and remain four weeks previous to our departure on February 22d, when I intend to traverse the city right and left and study its wonders of nature and art, and give you more minute and exact information. Nothing could be more civil and kind than the bearing and intercourse of the people, or safer than circulating in the daytime through its streets and among its crowds.

Lola Montez on Fashion.

In a late lecture in Philadelphia, Lola Montez remarked that it was a melancholy fact that fashion had its origin in the folly and sins of our race, and dated back to the time when astonished man found himself unclad in Eden. The reign of fashion had continued from that day to this. Not even *opinion* was exempt from the fluctuations of this great tyrant. He controlled the shape of our cradles and the form of our coffins; he influenced our passions, and to a great extent regulated our intercourse with each other.

If she were obliged to point out the two nations where fashion had the most unreasonable sway, frankness would compel her to designate those two as England and the United States. In France, fashion did control dress and amusements; but here and in England its influence extended even to the moulding of our religion and piety. Even old friendships were in too many instances set aside for their want of the proper stamp of this mighty king. Fashion, too, had wrought many changes in our modes of speech. New words had been substituted for old ones. Time was when the word "libertine" was applied to him who deserved it. This had now given place to the more refined epithet of "gay deceiver." Men used to become "intoxicated." Now they were spoken of, under such circumstances, as being "slightly elevated;" or if they became intolerably tipsy, they were regarded as "oblivious."

The wit and satire which characterized this part of the lecture, and which, in fact, marked it throughout, "brought down the house" with frequent applause.

Her review of the ridiculous fashions which were traceable to the personal defects and deformities of "distinguished somebodies," was extremely humorous, and for some moments kept the audience in almost incessant laughter. The instability of fashion among the ladies was regarded by the fair lecturer as fully equalled in the fashion-worship of the sterner sex. The small bonnets of the former were fairly outdone in ridiculousness by the tight pantaloons of the latter.

Speaking of the antiquities of certain prevailing fashions now in different parts of the world, she remarked that the hoop skirts and high heels of to-day were not new, but had marked with equal, and even greater extremes, the glorious Elizabethan era, and the silly custom in China of ruining women's feet by confining them in tight shoes, had originated a thousand years before Christian era.

A Hindoo lady had once remarked to her that Christian women seemed to be infected with a kind of naked-mania. The women of that country paid little attention to the display of their form, and yet they had a way of concealing their charms in such a manner as to leave much to imagination, who, it must be remembered, was a most flattering painter. The present fashion of exposing the form by short sleeves and low necks was severely criticised, and traced to the not very flattering origin of Isabella of Bavaria, wife of Charles the Fifth of France. The fashionable affectation in this country of *admiration for the Italian opera*, to use a phrase more expressive than elegant, was "shown up" to some purpose. She said, and doubtless truly, that many Fifth-avenue dandies, who were accustomed to rhapsodize and expatiate upon the "last Italian opera," would be quite as much pleased with the operatic performance of a flock of ducks and geese, if that were the fashion.

He's Come.

One of John D.'s best yarns was spun in our hearing a few evenings since, and was, substantially, as follows:

John was boarding at the National Hotel at which a Mr. ——, a Connecticut manufacturer, also stopped when doing business in town. Mr. A—— was a prompt and successful business man, "smart as a whip," as the Yankees say, and withal (when business was all "done up snug,") a genial, social companion, which naturally enough accounted for his *sometimes* perambulating with something heavy in his hat.

The dining-room of the National is of generous capacity—say one hundred (perhaps more) feet deep—quite a journey from entrance to end. One day as our narrator was comfortably seated at table, preparing to do ample justice to the merits of a capital dinner, who should he see enter the dining-room but Mr. ——, minus his hat, but with the *brick* evidently still adhering to some portion of his upper story. No vacant seat at the lower extremity of the table offered rest and refreshment to the discouraged pedestrian; so he kept on the uneven tenor of his way, surveying Virginian rail fence up the right hand side of the table until he reached the extreme head where he found an empty chair tilted forward, equivalent to being labeled 'reserved,' the property, by courtesy, of a lawyer, whose august presence it was at that moment awaiting. A—— made a demonstration toward the vacant chair, but was intercepted by the waiter, who took the liberty of remarking:

"This seat is reserved for a gentleman!"

A—— drew himself up proudly, flung one withering glance of scorn at the impertinent waiter, and remarked loud enough for the whole table to hear:

"By ——, *he's come!*"

The guests, who had watched the whole scene with intense interest, exploded, while A—— cooly sat down to the enjoyment of his dinner.

A Novel Way to Cure a Husband of Night-Walking.

We have heard of numerous expedients resorted to by wives whose husbands were in the habit of being out late at night, to bring the gentleman home at a proper hour, but none that for originality of effect surpasses that adopted by a lady of this city. It appears that her husband has been in the habit of spending his evenings away from home, never coming in until eleven or twelve o'clock, and frequently staying out until daylight. The patient wife used every endeavor to convince him of the error of his ways, but tears and expostulations were of no avail. Finally she hit upon a plan which brought the gentleman to his senses, and as soon as his legs would carry him there, to his home. After waiting for him till near morning, she filled the fire-place full of light pine shavings and applied a match to them. The chimney being full of soot, took fire, and the flames burst forth. The alarm was given at once, clothes hastily put on, fire bells rung, engines brought out, and for a few moments it was thought that a general conflagration was about to take place. The erring husband was one of the first to arrive at the house, and without stopping to unlock the door, burst it in, ready to do valorous deeds in rescuing wife and children from the devouring element. Judge of his surprise on rushing into the room, to find the children comfortably stowed away in bed, while his wife was busily engaged in piling on the combustible material. Finding out the true state of affairs he stormed and swore, but all to no purpose, his wife coolly informing him that if his nocturnal wanderings were persisted in she would get up something that would frighten him more than this small display of fireworks. It is said the gentleman is entirely cured, and although it has been some time since the experiment was tried, every evening finds him at home at an early hour.—*Lafayette Journal.*

Stationery &c.

JONES, PERDUE & SMALL,
STATIONERS,
NO. 122......LAKE STREET......NO. 122
Have a large and complete stock of
WRITING PAPERS,
WRITING INKS & FLUIDS,
PASS & MEM. BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES,
And Every Variety of
Office Stationery.
Orders for
COMMERCIAL PRINTING,
Such as Bill Heads, Circulars, Cards, Letter Heads, Checks, Etc., executed promptly.
ja30 JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.

D. A. INGERSOLL,
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.
BOOK BINDER AND RULER.
I am now prepared to manufacture Blank Books of every description, ruled and bound to any desired patterns, with or without printed headings. Particular attention paid to orders from County Officers, Banks, &c.
Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Shipping Bills, &c., Ruled and Printed to order. Magazines, Periodicals, etc., bound in any style. Old Books bound and rebound. All kinds of Printing done with neatness and dispatch. Terms moderate. NO. 126 LAKE STREET,
Northeast corner of Clark, (entrance on Clark street.
Post Office Box 3634. my25 ly d391

PRINT, BOOK AND WRAPPING PAPER, for sale at manufacturers prices
By J. P. & E. A. BLACK & CO.,
No. 216 . . . Kinzie street . . . No. 216
Mill address "Bristol, Kendall County, Ill."
☞ Cash paid for Rags. jy23 1y a867

BUTLER & HUNT, 48 State st., have now on hand the following sizes of print:
25x47 18x23 30x44 26x40 28x42 33x38
29x46 22x44 24x34 25x27 37x41 22x32
26x42 24x34 25x38 25x36 20x27
And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPER. 3,000 reams of Wrapping Paper, of different sizes. 1,000 reams Manilla do. 200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's Stationery.
1,000 kegs of Mather's celebrated Book and News Ink.
All of which will be sold for cash at the lowest possible rates.
mh19 ☞ Cash paid for Rags.

DIVIDEND.—THE REPUBLIC INS. CO., of N. Y., has just declared a dividend of 30 per cent return premium to policy holders.
Also, a Cash dividend of 6 per cent on all outstanding scrip, and 7½ per cent to stockholders.
All holders of Fire and Marine Policies that have expired in 1859 will please call for their scrip any time after the 2nd Tuesday in February.
This scrip will be purchased by the undersigned at New York prices. S. C. HIGGINSON & CO., Agents,
No. 4, New Board of Trade Building,
ja17b438-2m South Water Street.

SOYER'S SULTANA SAUCE,
For Hot and Cold Dishes of all kinds. This most delicious and appetizing sauce invented by the renowned "Soyer," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well known house of Crosse & Blackwell, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and to digestion.
OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.
"We recommend our correspondent to try Mons. Soyer's new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—[The Lancet.
"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—[Observer.
"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh, and Fowl, and should have a place one very table."—[Atlas.
Sole Agents for the United States,
GARDNER G. YVELIN, 217 Fulton St., New York.
and BRAY & HAYES, 34 Cornhill, Boston. For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere. ja17b438-6m

THE METALIC CAR SPRING
COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE 54 WILLIAMS STREET, NEW YORK.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Conical Volute Steel Car-Springs.
With increased capital and facilities, and ability to meet all orders promptly, this Company respectfully invite the attention of Railroad Managers, Car and Engine builders, and others interested in Railroad Machinery and Economy, to these Springs, and the improvement in their application.
Orders and Correspondence Solicited.
CHAS. D. GIBSON, Treasurer, C. PALMER, President, R. VOSE, Secretary.
PRATT & WORCESTER, Agents,
197 South Water street.
☞ Have all sizes on hand. de14-b329-2m

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Otis G. Carter having assigned to us all his property, notes, accounts and evidences of debt, for the benefit of the creditors of the late firm of
CARTER & CABERRY,
Jewelers, of Chicago, Illinois:—All persons having claims against said firm are requested to present the same to us for adjustment, within thirty days from the date hereof, at No. 4 Maiden Lane, New York, or at the office of Cornell & Jameson, our Attorneys, 65 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.
WM. M. CRANE,
JOHN P. FELLOWS, JR., } Assignees.
SETH A. HALE,
Chicago, Jan. 11th, 1860. ja12 b408-1m

SEXTONS AND UNDERTAKERS.
NO. 88 LA SALLE STREET.
Have on hand, at all times, every style and finish of Wood, Lead and Zinc Coffins; also, Shrouds. And are prepared with Hearses and Carriages, and everything requisite for Funerals; and may be found on hand and ready to give prompt attention to their business at all hours.
They also have a Chapel and Vault in the Cemetery.
ap12 WRIGHT & McCLURE.

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY
AND
Printers' Warehouse,
90......WASHINGTON STREET......90
CHICAGO.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish Type in large or small quantities, made from a superior quality of metal, for either cash or approved paper. He is also supplied with a large stock of Presses, Ink, Wood Type, and everything necessary for a complete printing office. A new specimen book is now ready for delivery, and will be sent to parties wishing to order on application.
mh13505 D. L. DODGE, Treasurer.

TALLOW AND CANDLES.—No. 1 Steam and Kettle rendered Tallow constantly on hand. Also a large stock of Superior Tallow Candles. Would solicit a call from buyers. P. O. Box 2864.
J. C. MITCHELL.
77 Kinzie-st and Corner State-st and Archer Road.
a6-b373 1y

MOUNT VERNON BANK, IN PROVIDENCE, R. I. State of Rhode Island, &c. Providence, &c. At the September term of the Supreme Court, holden at Providence, within and for the County of Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, &c. It was ordered and decreed by said Court, that the holders of the bills of the Mount Vernon Bank, in order to be entitled to a dividend of the assets of said Bank, should deposit the same with the Receiver on or before the first day of July, A. D., 1860.
In accordance with said decree, the undersigned give notice to all holders of the bills of said bank to deposit the same with him, at his office in Blackstone block, No. 35 Weybosset street, in said Providence, on or before the first day of July, A. D. 1860, and that such depositors shall receive from him certificates of such deposit, which will entitle them to all dividends payable on said bills by any future order of said Court. CHARLES F. BROWNE,
Receiver of the Mount Vernon Bank.
PROVIDENCE, Dec. 15, 16, 1859. de28 b513 3m

SEVERAL JOB PRESSES for Sale, including a Ruggles Rotary, [illegible]. Address WM. H. RAND,
ja12-1w Press and Tribune Office, 51 Clark street.

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.—200 bxs M. R. Raisins, 100 bxs Layer Raisins, 25 casks Cherries, 25 do Prunes. WM. LITTLE & CO.,
128 South Water street.

DRIED APPLES.—25 Brls prime Dried Apples, 50 bags prime Dried Apples, 30 brls Southern Dried Apples. WM. LITTLE & CO.
128 South Water street.

Insurance.

STATEMENT OF THE
Condition of the
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
On the first day of January, A. D., 1860, made to the Auditor of the State of ILLINOIS, pursuant to the Statute of that State.

NAME AND LOCATION.
The name of this Company is the Home Insurance Company, incorporated in 1853, and located in the City of New York.

CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

The Capital of the said Company actually paid up in cash is	$1,000,000 00
The surplus on the 1st day of January, 1860	415,815 85
Total amount of Capital and Surplus	$1,415,815 85
ASSETS.	
Amount of Cash in Continental Bank, N. Y.	$49,707 54
" " in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission, (balance,)	25,565 51
Amount of Unincumbered Real Estate, No. 4 Wall Street	67,000 00
Amount of United States Treasury Notes, market value	102,241 20
Amount of Missouri State Bonds, 6 per cent., market value	38,225 00
Amount of North Carolina Bonds, 6 per cent., market value	9,030 00
Amount of Tennessee Bonds, 6 per cent., market value	9,000 00
Amount of Brooklyn City Water Bonds, 6 per cent., market value	10,250 00
Amount of Bank Stocks, value	88,525 00
" " Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on Unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least $1,[illegible], and on which there is less than one year's interest due and owing—rate of interest, 7 per cent.	861,602 00
Amount of Loans of Stocks and Bonds, payable on demand, the market value of securities pledged $251,529	186,690 00
Amount of Due for Premiums on Policies issued at Office	1,867 79
Amount of Bills receivable for premiums on Inland Navigation risks, &c.	11,064 41
Interest actually due and unpaid	24,928 80
	$1,458,396 28
LIABILITIES.	
Amount of Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid	None.
" " incurred and in process of adjustment	17,658 31
Amount of Losses reported, on which no action has been taken	15,422 12
Amount of Claims for Losses resisted by the Company	9,500 00
Amount of Dividends declared and due and unpaid	None.
Amount of Dividend either cash or scrip, declared but not yet due	None.
Amount of Money borrowed	None.
" " all other existing claims against the Company	None.
Total amount of Losses, Claims and Liabilities	$42,580 43

The greatest amount insured on any one risk is $30,000, but will not as a general rule exceed $[illegible].
The Company has no general rule as to the amount allowed to be insured in any city, town, village or block, being governed in this matter, in each case, by the general character of buildings, width of streets, facilities for putting out fires, &c.
No part of its Capital or earnings is deposited in any other State as security therein.
An attested copy of the Charter or Act of Incorporation accompanies this Statement.

STATE OF NEW YORK, } ss.
City and County of New York. }
CHARLES J. MARTIN, President, and J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary, of the Home Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporation, and that they are the above described officers thereof.
(Signed) CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
(Signed) J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.
[L. S.] Subscribed and sworn before me, this 17th day of January A. D. 1860. Witness my hand and official seal.
(Signed) BENJAMIN RANKIN, Notary Public.

(Original.)
CERTIFICATE TO EXPIRE ON THE 31ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1861.
AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, Springfield, January 21, 1860.
WHEREAS, The Home Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has filed in this office a statement of the condition of its affairs, as required by "An act to regulate the agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Illinois," approved Feb. 14, 1855, and an act amendatory thereto, approved January 23, 1857, and whereas said Company has furnished satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of the required amount of capital invested in stocks and mortgages, and has filed in this office a written instrument signed by the President and Secretary thereof, appointing H. B. Willmarth of Chicago, its agent for the transaction of the business of said Company, and fully and unreservedly authorized him to acknowledge service of process for and on behalf of said Company, consenting that service of process upon him, the said agent, shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the Company, and waiving all claim of error by reason of such service.
Now, Therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of the acts aforesaid, I, JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, do hereby certify that the said H. B. Willmarth is authorized as an agent for the said Company to transact the business of Insurance in this State until the thirty-first day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty one so far as he may be legally empowered so to do by said Company.
[L. S.] In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of my office at Springfield, this 21st day of January A. D. 1860.
ja26-1m b491 JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor P. A.

ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—
HARTFORD, CONN.
Incorporated 1819 - - - - - Charter Perpetual.
Cash Capital and Surplus—$2,030,423.80
Fire and Inland Navigation Risks
TAKEN AT LIBERAL TERMS AND RATES.
Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of one to five years.
ASSETS JULY 1, 1859.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL......$1,500,000 00
PAID UP CAPITAL......1,000,000 00
ASSETS......2,030,423 80

	Par Val.	Mk't Val.
BANK STOCKS—In New York, Hartford, Boston, St. Louis, etc.	$809,400 00	$915,844 00
UNITED STATES STOCK AND TREASURY NOTES	207,500 00	215,126 50
STATE STOCKS—In New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri	170,000 00	168,050 00
CITY STOCKS—Hartford, Rochester, Brooklyn, Jersey City	15,000 00	116,000 00
RAIL ROAD STOCKS—Hartford & New Haven, Boston & Worcester, and Connecticut River	85,700 00	87,088 00
MORTGAGE BONDS	82,867 50	83,069 50
REAL ESTATE—unincumbered		70,103 78
MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS		25,349 77
Cash on hand and deposited on call and in Agent's hands		350,305 15
		$2,030,423 80
LIABILITIES		
CLAIMS—unadjusted and not due		$88,242 88

Applications received, and Policies issued or renewed by any of its duly authorized Agents. Losses equitably adjusted and paid in funds current at any of the Banks in Illinois.
Agents appointed, supplies furnished, and all business pertaining to a general supervision in the State of Illinois promptly attended to by WM. B. PATCH,
State Agent, Springfield, Illinois.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents for Chicago,
y13-1y No. 1 Loomis' Block, cor. S. Water & Clark st.

T. L. MILLER,
INSURANCE AGENT.
Office No. 150 South Water street.
Phœnix Fire Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus
$290,000 00.
Conway Fire Ins. Co.,
Capital and Surplus,
$255,313 00.
Hampden Fire Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus
$222,761 00.
Montauk Fire Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus,
$191,130 00.
Lorillard Fire Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus,
$264,381 70.
Manhattan Life Ins. Co.
Capital and Surplus,
$900,000 00.
T. L. MILLER, Agent.
ja18-ly

THE PHŒNIX INSURANCE Company, of the City of Chicago, Office No. 1 Masonic Temple, opposite Post Office.
Authorized Capital, $500,000 | Paid in and secured, $175,000.
DIRECTORS.—J. F. Aldrich, John A. Nichols, E. C. Wilder, A. Edwards, Hiram B. Smith.
CURTIS L. NORTH, General Agent; JOHN A. NICHOLS, President; LEWIS B. RUNDELL, City Surveyor; E. C. WILDER, Secretary.
☞ Fire, Marine, and Inland Navigation Insurance.
fe3-ly

WESTERN WORLD INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.
PAID IN CAPITAL $250,000.
Office Nos. 142 and 144 South Water Street, Chicago, Illinois.
Fire, Marine, and Inland Navigation Insurance.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
O. Kendall, Geo. H. Hazelton, Amzi Benedict, L. B. Church, Chas. H. Abbott, GEO. H. HAZELTON, Pres.
ALFRED EDWARDS, Secretary. CHAS. H. ABBOTT, Treasurer.
ap28-1y-d271

NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
PAID UP CAPITAL, $366,000.
Insurance Against Loss by Fire Only.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago,
Cor. Clark and South Water st.

NORWICH FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF NORWICH, CONN.
Paid up Capital, $181,636,23.
INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, cor. of South Water and Clark st., first floor, Loomis' block. oc25 b603

PEORIA MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Peoria.
Capital......$500,000
Paid up in Cash......300,000
Marine and Fire Risks Underwritten,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid at this Agency.
J. AUG. WRIGHT, Agent,
ja4-b519-1y No. 146 South Water street, Chicago.

JOHN B. ACKLEY & CO.,
Life, Fire, and Marine Insurance Agency
WHEELER'S BUILDING, No. 3½ South Clark street.
[ja3]

NEW ENGLAND FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Assets July 1, 1859......$239,251 49
Insurance Against Loss by Fire
HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago,
jy14-1y-a788 Cor. Clark and South Water streets

STEAM TO IRELAND, ENGLAND, and Scotland for $30.
THE ATLANTIC
ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY
New York and Galway Line.
The staunch and powerful Iron Steamer
CIRCASSIAN, Capt. Campbell,
Will sail from New York, on Thursday, Feb. 2d, touching at St. John's, N. F., to receive the Royal Mails.
PRICES OF PASSAGE—First Class $90; $75, and $60, (according to location). Third Class $30, including free tickets to many of the principal cities on the main lines of Railway in Great Britain and Ireland. Third class must provide plate, knife, fork, water can and bedding.
☞ First Cabin passage to St. John's......$35
For passage tickets, either to or from any part of Great Britain, or further information, apply at the office of the AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.
de27-b26-2m 20 Dearborn street.

Banking and Exchange.

EXCHANGE BANK,
FOND DU LAC, WISCONSIN.
E. A. Darrow, Cashier. Geo. McWilliams, President.
Organized under the General Banking Law. The Oldest Banking House in Northern Wisconsin.
References—George Smith & Co., I. H. Burch & Co., Merchants' Loan and Trust Company. [illegible]

BUDD & BALDWIN,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
CLINTON, - - - Iowa.
Special attention given to collections, and proceeds remitted on day of payment.
Refer to the Bank of the Commonwealth, N. Y.; Market Bank, N. Y.; Mechanics' Bank, New Haven, Conn.; C. A. Lombard, Esq., Boston; Allen, Copp & Nesbit, St. Louis; Cook & Sargent, Davenport, Iowa. [illegible]

A. C. OERTEL,
BANKER AND BROKER,
75 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
Sight and Time Drafts on New York and other principal cities bought and sold. Collections made on favorable terms. Sight Drafts on England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, Sweden, Norway, France, Holland and Germany in sums of $5 and upwards. ja11-b435-6m

BANK OF FOND DU LAC,
FOND DU LAC,
WISCONSIN.
S. E. LEFFERTS, Cashier......A. G. RUGGLES, Pres't.
Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no5-ly

BANK OF THE NORTH-WEST,
FOND DU LAC, WISCONSIN.
BENJ. F. MOORE, Pres. A. G. RUGGLES, Cash.
Collections solicited and proceeds remitted promptly on day of payment, less current exchange only. Established in January, 1854.
REFERENCES—F. G. Adams, Chicago, Ill. Metropolitan Bank, New York. [illegible]

LAUMAN, HEDGE & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
Burlington, Iowa.
Prompt attention given to collections. Refer to I. H. Burch & Co., F. G. Adams, Underwood & Co.
JACOB A. LAUMAN. THOMAS HEDGE. GEO. C. LAUMAN.

THE BANK OF AURORA,
HALL & BROTHERS, Aurora, Illinois,
Bankers and Dealers in Exchange,
All collections entrusted to them will meet prompt attention.
Refer to Bank of the State of New York; F. G. Adams and Geo. Smith & Co., Chicago.
M. V. HALL. B. F. HALL. P. A. HALL.

MAXWELL & DART,
BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS,
No. 50 Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.
Business paper and loans negotiated. Advances made on Stock Securities, stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission. All orders promptly attended to.
The proceeds of all Stocks or Bonds sent to us for sale will be remitted for by return mail. mh24-ly c379

MARINE BANK,
CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE CO.
Capital $500,000.
B. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.
☞ Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. fe24

E. I. TINKHAM & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
Corner Clark and Lake Street,
CHICAGO.
EDWARD I. TINKHAM. [je25,'58] JOHN C. AMBLER.

MARSHALL & DRURY,
EXCHANGE, COLLECTION AND BANKING OFFICE, Moline, Illinois.
DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.
☞ Collections made and remitted at current rates.
REFERENCES—Park Bank, New York; Bank of Poughkeepsie, Poughkeepsie, New York; Marine Bank, Chicago, Illinois; White Bros., Chicago, Ill.; Bookee, Phillips & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. F. Stout & Co., St. Louis, Mo. [illegible]

EXCHANGE & DEPOSIT Bank
OF
WEARE, CARPENTER & CO.,
CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.
JOHN WEARE. S. D. CARPENTER. [illegible]
Refer to Am. Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Homans & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati; F. G. Adams, Chicago; Read, Drexel & Co., Bankers, New York. ja30 cl1 ly

HOFFMANN & GELPCKE,
BANKERS, Chicago. Deposits received and interest allowed on Special Deposits. Liberal accommodations granted to Depositors independent of the state of the money market. Exchange and Letters of Credit in sums to suit, on the principal cities of the United States and Europe. Exchange on Europe, to importers, at New York quotations. Time loans on private bonds, and mortgages negotiated. Western States, County, City, or Railroad loans negotiated abroad. fe28-ly
FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN. [illegible] OTTO GELPCKE.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY.
J. T. VAN VLECK, Banker,
No. 4 Broad street, one door from Wall, New York.
Deals in Bank Notes and Specie, Discounts Paper, and attends to instructions of correspondents.
Twenty-eight years in business. Solicits business from his Western friends.
Refers, by permission, to H. A. Tucker, Esq., Chicago, Illinois. oc10 a645 6m

I. C. BARBOR, Banking and Exchange office 43 Clark street. Exchange, Uncurrent Money, Gold and Silver bought and sold.
References—J. Young Scammon, President Marine Bank; F. G. Adams. fe13

Wines and Liquors.

KINAHAN'S L. L. WHISKY.
The subscribers have just received
DIRECT FROM IRELAND,
One Butt of the above Celebrated
WHISKY,
Selected expressly for themselves. The oldest and best of that celebrated brand.
They offer "NEAT AS IMPORTED."
CORL, FABIAN & CO.

W. T. SHUFELDT & CO.
MANUFACTURERS FOR
A. F. CROSKEY,
51 - - South Water Street - - 51
(Corner of Wabash Avenue,)
Distillers of
ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS AND WHISKIES,
Also Manufacturers of
Domestic Liquors, Burning Fluid
—AND—
DEALERS IN HIGHWINES & RECTIFYING COAL
☞ The Trade Supplied at Market Rates and on Liberal Terms. au1a409-1y

Stoves.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES, at H. W. LANDRETH'S, No. 210 State street. Self-Regulator Stoves, Air-Tight Stoves for Wood and Coal, at manufacturer's prices. Conquest Cooking Stove. Although the improvement in Stoves have, perhaps kept pace with the advancement in style and quality of other articles of manufacture, there are many who still look for something newer in principle, more perfect in construction, and more economical in the consumption of fuel. "The Conquest Stove" is made to meet this particular demand. It is manufactured in the highest style of workmanship, and combines with substantial advantages, new and important principles possessed by no other Stove. For sale by
oc11-a605-1y H. W. LANDRETH, 210 State street.

PORTABLE FURNACE
—AND—
HEATER,
WITH GAS BURNER ATTACHED.
One of the greatest Heaters of this, or any other age. Call and see it at
No. 201 LAKE STREET.
Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!
FOR OFFICES, STORES AND PARLORS,
For Wood or Coal, for sale at unusual low prices, at
201 LAKE STREET.
Excelsior Weather Strips,
FOR SALE AT
NO. 201 LAKE STREET.
Protect your houses from the cold driving winds and rain and save a large per cent. of your fuel by going to 201 Lake street and getting some of the Excelsior Weather Strip for your windows and doors.
Remember 201 Lake Street.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
-AT-
ALLEN & DALTON'S,
71......LAKE STREET......71
Where may be bought at very low prices for Cash
COOK STOVES of various patterns,
PARLOR STOVES for Wood and Coal.
OFFICE STOVES for Hard and Soft Coal.
BOX STOVES for Hotels and R. R. Cars, &c.
RUSSIA IRON AIR TIGHT STOVES,
Also the famous Hard Coal Burner
RADIATOR.
Plain, Planished & Japaned Tinware,
Housekeeping Goods in General.
Stoves cleaned and set up at short notice. Remember the place
71 - - LAKE STREET. - - 71
JAS. T. ALLEN......JAS. P. DALTON.

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE STILL AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of the Stewart Stove has given rise to several imitations. The genuine article for sale only by C. METZ, Agent, at 130 State street, between Monroe and Adams. Also, a good assortment of Housekeeping, Hardware and Tinware. ap5-c673-1y

REASONS FOR USING
QUERU'S
Cod Liver Oil Jelly.
The N. Y. Academy of Medicine certify that it contains 85 per cent of Pure Cod Liver Oil.
1st—That it is an established fact that Oils, to be assimilated must be transformed into emulsion in the stomach.
2d—That in most of the cases in which Cod Liver Oil is prescribed, the stomach of the patient is not in proper condition to make emulsive all the amount of oil taken, and that a great part, and sometimes the whole of the oil passes off undigested, and consequently inoperative, (this is easily traced in the dejections.)
3d—That my Cod Liver Oil Jelly being a compound of oil and sugar, is an emulsion of itself as soon as in contact with a liquid; which takes place as soon as it reaches the stomach, whatever its condition may be.
4th—That in cases when the Physician believes Cod Liver Oil to be prescribed as a specific or otherwise, my Jelly is more reliable than the crude oil, because being a solid it must remain in the stomach, to undergo the natural process of digestion and assimilation, when on the contrary the liquid oil will pass off inoperative, if the stomach, as above stated, is not in a condition to make it emulsive, which always is more or less the case when the oil is indicated.
From the above consideration, the superiority of Queru's Cod Liver Oil Jelly over the crude oil, is to be acknowledged as a positive and incontestable fact. Sold by
jy14-1y FENTON & CO., 94 Lake street.

ROSE GLYCERINE—A preparation of articles of the Most Soothing Qualities, recommended by Physicians for Purifying, Whitening and Softening the Skin—admirably adapted for curing Chapped or Inflamed Hands, Face, Lips, and all Skin Diseases.
jy14-1y Sold only by FENTON & CO.

ROSEHILL CEMETERY.—The Managers of the Rosehill Cemetery would announce that on and after this date they offer to the public the selection of Cemetery Lots. The Cemetery can be reached by the Lake View Plank Road, the Green Bay Road, or the Prairie Road running northwest from the intersection of North Clark and Wells street through Bowmanville, or by the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad to Chittenden Station. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Company, No. 88 Clark street. [illegible]

MRS. BATES' AGENCY OFFICE FOR DOMESTIC SERVANTS,
171 . . Washington Street. . . 171
Between Wells and Lasalle, Chicago.
No help sent from the office without a printed card.

Wholesale Houses.

COPPER TOE—
Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tips
—FOR—
BOOTS AND SHOES.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.
Are the exclusive owners of this Patent into and for the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and will dispose of exclusive town or county rights to dealers for the sale or manufacture of Boots and Shoes with Metallic Tips applied, in said States. And are also the sole agents for the sale of Town and County Rights into and for the State of Illinois.
WADSWORTH & WELLS
Will keep, in connection with their other general stock
A Complete and Full Assortment
OF METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES.
And will also keep the Metallic Tips to supply the demands of manufacturers in these States, at prices regularly established by the Patentees, and from which no deviation is made in the United States.
All infringements of their rights in this Patent will be dealt with accordingly. ap5-1y

Hardware for Fall Trade of 1859.
JEWETT & BUTER,
16 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.
Invite the country Trade to the following:
50 Tons Annealed Fence Wire—assorted numbers.
5 " Bright " " "
5000 Kegs Nails—assorted sizes and brands.
1500 Bdls Sheet Iron—assorted.
300 " " Juniata—assorted.
300 " " R. G.
15 Casks Sheet Zinc.
Tin Plate, Copper Bottoms, Rivets and Ears, Pig Tin, Breasts and Covers, Tinner's Tools, &c. A complete assortment. au4a364-1y

DRY GOODS.

Cooley, Farwell & Co.,
Wabash Avenue,
HAVE IN STORE A FRESH STOCK OF
Staple and Fancy Goods,
BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,
Cheap for Cash and Prompt Pay.
[mh18]

FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Goods for Men's Wear.
81 & 83 - SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO. - 81 & 83
Would invite the attention of Merchants and Manufacturers of Clothing of the Northwest to their stock now in store for the Fall Trade, feeling confident that it will be found superior to any ever before exhibited in the West, consisting in part of

Broadcloths,	Moscow Beavers,
Black Doeskins,	President "
Velvet Vestings,	Castor "
Coating Cloths,	Blue Pilots,
Kentucky Jeans,	Devon Kerseys,

TWEEDS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
Tailors' Trimmings of every kind and variety. ☞ An examination of our stock is solicited. oc29

BOOTS AND SHOES.
C. M. HENDERSON & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
No. 46 Lake Street,
HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND DESIRABLE STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes,
And would invite the special attention of buyers to their
CUSTOM MADE KIP AND THICK BOOTS,
Which are of a very superior quality and warranted in every particular. ap11-1y-c768
We are Agents for the sale of
Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tipped Shoes,
Of which we have a full stock.
my6-ly-d186 C. M. HENDERSON & CO.

RAWSON, BARTLETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
BOOTS & SHOES.
25 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.
We would respectfully call the attention of City and Country Merchants to our extensive stock of Boots and Shoes, which we have now in store, and are daily receiving from our Factory in West Boylston, Mass., which consists of a full assortment of those Celebrated Custom-Made Patna Kip, A Calf, and Grain Water Proof Boots; together with a full stock of all styles of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
of the best quality and manufacture which we are prepared to sell for CASH and prompt paying trade at Boston and New York Jobbing Prices.
We are Agents for the sale of Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tip Boots and Shoes, of which we have a full stock.

M. D. Gilman & Co.,
153 South Water St. 153
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
M. D. GILMAN......W. C. D. GRANNIS......M. A. FARWELL.
We have now in store, and are daily receiving, a full and complete stock of
GROCERIES.
Composed, in part, as follows, to which we invite the attention of the trade:
50 hhds Muscavado Sugar,
125 do Porto Rico do
70 do New Orleans do
300 bbls Chicago Refined Sugar,
350 do New York do do
75 bags Old Governm't Java Coffee,
125 do Laguira Coffee,
350 do Rio do
25 do Mocha do
100 bbls New Orleans Molasses,
100 do Cuba do
75 do Sugar House Syrup,
100 do Golden do
75 do Portland do
300 hlf chests Green and Black Tea
150 bx Sawyer's White Erasive Soap
100 do Jesse Oakley's do do
300 do A 1 Palm Soap,
100 do Star Candles,
49 do Sterine do
49 do Mould do
150 bbls Smoking Tobacco
120 do Chewing do
215 butts do do
150 fancy caddies do
110 M Imported Cigars,
50 jars Macaboy Snuff,
275 boxes Oswego Starch,
25 bags Pepper,
25 do Spice, 25 boxes Cloves,
25 cases A 1 Nutmegs,
49 tcs Prime Rice, 200 mts Cassia
75 bxs Prime Codfish,
175 hf bbls A 1 White Fish,
199 boxes Scaled Herring,
175 do A1 do
194 bags Dried Apples,
25 bbls Zante Currants,
198 boxes Layer Raisins,
576 do M. R. do
98 hf bxs do do
200 coils Manilla and Jute Rope,
475 reams Wrapping Paper,
375 bales do Twine,
112 bbls Pure Cider Vinegar,
120 do Dairy Salt,
250 boxes Pipes,
For sale very low M. D. GILMAN & CO.,
se5-ly 153 South Water Street.

Bags.

BAGS-BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—
CORN EXCHANGE.
BAG MANUFACTORY.
HART, ASTEN & CO., 157 South Water street, Chicago.
B. E. CLARK & CO., 123 Broad street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Millers' and Grocers' Bags made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Seamless Grain and Gunny Bags, for Shippers', Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Salt, Seed, &c.
☞ Orders filled with fidelity and dispatch. Bags loaned to shippers. my5-y-ly

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago.
BAGS AND SACKS of every description furnished on short notice,
and printed with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS
SIMEON FARWELL.
au6-d&wly-471

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY.—
228 South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired patterns.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two or three bushels.
Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited. HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

GEO. T. ABBEY, 186 Lake st.
Importer, Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Guns, Gun Material, Rifles, Revolvers, Bowie Knives, Fishing Tackle, Powder, Shot, Caps, Lead and Sporting Apparatus generally. Telescopic Rifles [illegible].
☞ Agent for Hazard's Powder. my26y

FOR THE GOLD MINES.—SHARP'S AND COLT'S RIFLES, COLT'S PISTOLS, BOWIE KNIVES, also, a large assortment of Target Rifles, Rifles, Guns, and other apparatus for a general outfit for the Mines, at [illegible] D. EATON & CO.

100 BAGS PEPPER for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

Legal Advertisements.

WHEREAS, JOHN WOODBRIDGE, Jr., and Elizabeth S., his wife, did on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1858, make, execute, and deliver to me a certain trust deed, bearing date the day and year aforesaid, of the following described premises situated in the city of Chicago, Cook county, Illinois, viz:—The east half (E ½) of lot three, (3) in block twenty-three (23) in Kinzie's addition to Chicago, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in any wise appertaining, which said trust deed is recorded in the Recorder's Office of said Cook county, in book one hundred and fifty-nine (159) of deeds, on page six hundred and seventy-one (671) and which said trust deed was made, executed and delivered to me as aforesaid, to secure the payment, according to their tenor and effect, of two certain bonds both of even date with said trust deed, and numbered from No. 1 to No. 2 inclusive, made, executed and delivered by the said John Woodbridge, Jr., and one Erastus S. Williams, jointly, each in the penal sum of two thousand dollars, and each conditioned for the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars in one year from the date thereof, with interest at the rate of ten per cent., payable semi annually, on the 27th day of June and the 27th day of December, A. D. 1859, to one Theodore H. Hart, his executors, administrators or assigns, at the Park Bank in the city of New York; and default having been made in the payment of the sums of money mentioned in the conditions of said bonds, both of principal and interest, according to their tenor and effect, said bonds being now overdue. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale given me in said trust deed, I shall sell the above described property, and all right and equity of redemption of the said John Woodbridge, Jr., and wife, their heirs and assigns in and to the same, to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House in said city of Chicago, on the first day of March, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof good and sufficient title papers for the same, and apply the proceeds of said sale to the payment of the principal and interest then due on the bonds aforesaid, and for other purposes mentioned in said trust deed.—January 31, 1860. PAUL CORNELL, Trustee.
CORNELL & JAMESON, Att'ys. [illegible]

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Public notice is hereby given that I, Charles Hitchcock, the Trustee named in a certain Deed of Trust executed to me by Isaac Dike and Eliza his wife, dated the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1859, will, default having been made in the payment of a promissory note in said deed specified, sell at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, County of Cook, on the eleventh day of February, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the premises and real estate conveyed by said deed of trust, to-wit: An undivided one-half (½) of that part of lot six (6) in block fifty-one (51), in the original town of Chicago, commencing four (4) feet north from the southwest corner of said lot, thence running north forty (40) feet, thence east the depth of said lot, thence South forty (40) feet, thence west to the place of beginning; said premises being situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, to make the money due upon said note with the costs and expenses of sale. Said deed of trust is recorded in the office of the Recorder of Cook County, in Book 171 of Deeds, page 307.
CHARLES HITCHCOCK, Trustee.
Chicago, January 31, 1860. ja31,b530-td

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, S.S.—Superior Court of Chicago, February Term A.D. 1860. Devillo R. Holt vs. Robert Gillespie—Attachment.
Public notice is hereby given to the said Robert Gillespie that a writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the 24th day of January A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said Devillo R. Holt and against the estate of the said Robert Gillespie, for the sum of fourteen hundred and forty five dollars and sixty-seven cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.
Now, therefore, unless you, the said Robert Gillespie shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago, on or before the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1860 give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same. WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
FARWELL, SMITH & THOMAS, Pl'ff's Att'y. ja31b519-4w

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss. Superior Court of Chicago. Robert Excell and William James vs. Alexander H. Wallis. Petition for a Mechanic's Lien.
Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause on the fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1859, I, Ira Scott, as Master in Chancery of said court, will, on the twenty-first day of February, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, in said County of Cook, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described piece, parcel or tract of land, situate in the town of Maine, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, to-wit;
Commencing four chains and twenty-five links North of the Southwest corner of the Northeast quarter of section thirty-four (34), township forty-one (41) North of range twelve (12) East of the third principal meridian, running thence North on the line of said quarter section ten chains and ninety-two links to centre of road, thence south [illegible]-six degrees, East along the centre of said road eighteen chains and sixty-six links to the line between the East and West half of said quarter section, thence South on said line one chain and twenty-nine links, to the South line of said quarter, thence West on said line three chains and twenty-seven links, thence North five chains, thence West ten chains, thence South ninety links, thence West six chains and sixty-seven links to the place of beginning.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, Jan. 2, 1860. ja27b504-td

CONSTABLE SALE—By virtue of two certain warrants issued against Maurice Crane by the Board of Water Commissioners of the city of Chicago, county of Cook, State of Illinois, for Water Assessment Tax, levied on said building situated on Kinzie street, part of block No. 10 Newberry's Add'n, twenty-one feet west and adjoining the East 200 feet of the Southeast corner of said block, I have levied on the same and shall sell the said building on Thursday, the ninth day of February, at three o'clock P. M., for the amount of said Warrants and costs and advertising the same, unless it is paid on or before the day of sale.
C. K. VANDERCOOK, Constable.
Chicago, January 27, 1860. ja27b494 td

Lumber, Wood & Coal.

COAL—COAL—COAL—COAL.
The undersigned have in their Coal Yard, Kingsbury street (on the North Branch of Chicago River) just north of Indiana street Bridge, the BEST kinds of Bituminous and Anthracite Coal, which they continue to sell at the lowest market prices:

ERIE COAL,	Large Egg,
ORMSBY COAL,	Small Egg,
MOUNT CARBON COAL,	and Range sizes of
BRIAR HILL COAL,	LACKAWANA COAL,
BLOSSBURG COAL.	

Coal carefully screened, and weights guaranteed always.
ja25-b486-4m RENO & LITTLE.

COAL—COAL—WE HAVE now on hand a large Stock of the best quality of Eastern Coal, (Anthracite and Bituminous) consisting of the following kinds; all of which we offer to the public at the lowest market prices:

LEHIGH, Foundry,	BRIAR HILL and ERIE,
LEHIGH, Egg,	MINERAL RIDGE,
SCRANTON, Egg & Range,	CHIPPEWA,
LACKAWANA, do	NEW CASTLE,
BLOSSBURG.	

All our coal is carefully screened before delivery, and prompt attention given to all orders.
PRICE, MORRIS & CO.
Office and Yards at 144 North Water street, and 126 Canal street. ja16 b439 1m

PERU (3d Vein) COAL for $3.50 PER TON. This Coal is the cheapest and best for Offices, for Hotels, for Stores, for Dwellings, and for Manufacturing purposes.
It is received daily from the MINES, and carefully selected, screened, and placed under sheds.
We have also the best qualities of

LEHIGH,	BRIAR HILL,
LACKAWANA,	ERIE,
SCRANTON,	CHIPPEWA,
BLOSSBURGH,	

Which will be sold at the lowest market rates.
HIGGINS & LIGHTHALL,
Corner Market and Madison streets,
no23b116-3m Premises American Trans'n Co.

COAL! COAL!—I have a large stock of the best qualities of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal, which I am selling at the lowest market rates.

LEHIGH,	BRIER HILL,
LACKAWANA,	ORMSBY,
SCRANTON,	CHIPPEWA,
SHAMOKIN,	BLOSSBURG.

I have erected EXTENSIVE SHEDS for storing my Coal, and am enabled to deliver it DRY and CLEAN.
To consumers who have not room to store their coal this is a great consideration.
Orders received and promptly executed at my Yards, No. 65 North Wells street and foot of North Market street.
no14 b63-3m A. B. MEEKER.

Plumbing.

GAS PIPE AND FIXTURES.
Brown & Wilder,
47 & 49 State street, - - - - Up Stairs.
CORNELIUS & BAKER'S, PHILADELPHIA,
Gas Fixtures.
The richest assortment in the city, comprising all Late Patterns.
Pipe 40 per cent discount from list prices. Fitting 30 cents per pound. [illegible]

R. D. McFARLANE'S
Gas, Steam Fitting
—AND—
PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,
54....LASALLE STREET, CHICAGO....54
—DEALER IN—
Gas Fixtures and Iron Furniture,
PRACTICAL PLUMBER
And Manufacturer of
ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.
TO THE TRADE
The trade supplied with tools and every article in the Gas Steam Fitting and Plumbing Business. Re Gilding and Bronzing done to order.
☞ Manufactory 167 and 169 East Washington street. my28-ly

W. W. KIMBALL,
DEALER IN
Piano Fortes and Melodeons,
NO. 99......CLARK STREET......NO. 99.
BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO'S Premium Piano Fortes, which have been awarded Seventeen First Premiums in Gold and Silver Medals.
PIANOS TO RENT.
Old Pianos taken in exchange for new. Apply at Music Store 99 Clark street. no26b11-ly

LELAND & MIXER—
231 South Water Street,
Have just taken from smoke house a new lot of their
PREMIUM SUGAR CURED HAMS,
On which they obtained the "First Premium" at the recent United States Fair, and would respectfully call attention to them.
A full supply will be kept for sale during the season.
ja5 b376-1m

THE BURLINGTON
Hawk Eye,
AN INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN JOURNAL,
Is published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly, and circulates largely in Iowa, Illinois and Nebraska. C. H. Scriven, Advertising Agent, 43 Dearborn street, and Rounds & Langdon, Chicago, and S. M. Pettingill & Co., New York and Boston, are authorized to receive advertisements for the "Hawk Eye." C. DUNHAM,
ja18b446 2w Proprietor.

HAMS, HAMS, HAMS.
C. B. DUPEE'S
Celebrated Sugar Cured Hams
Are now ready and for sale by all First class Grocers and Provision Dealers generally. None genuine unless Branded.
Office 37 State-st. [ja7-b377-4w] C. B. DUPEE.

FAIRBANK'S
PATENT
SCALES,
BY
Fairbank's & Greenleaf,
35 Lake-st., Chicago.
no10 ly

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINE.
We are now prepared to furnish these Engines
AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES
One of them can be seen in operation at our store.
HIGGINS, HOWRY & CO.
de23b221 3m 38 Randolph street.

SODA ASH, PALM OIL AND RESIN.
Also—German and Family Soaps for sale Wholesale and Retail, by
GEO. H. WINCHESTER,
ly 194 Kinzie street.

GOOD BUILDING STONE
For sale at the
Quarry of Reuben Taylor & Son,
Corner of Chicago avenue and Western Limits. ja14-ly

Legal Advertisements

MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, Cyrus Clark and Catharine, his wife, did on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1857, execute and deliver to D. M. [illegible] Steadman, Cashier of the Bank of the South County, Town of Wakefield, and State of Rhode Island, a certain Deed of Mortgage, bearing date the day and year aforesaid, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, State of Illinois, in Book 39 of Mortgages, Page 171, to secure the payment of all or any drafts, check and paper, which said Steadman might thereafter discount for said Cyrus Clark, and save him, the said Steadman, harmless from all costs, charges, expenses and harm for or on account of his discounting such drafts, checks and paper not exceeding in amount the sum of eight thousand dollars. And, whereas, it was provided in said Mortgage that in case of the non-payment of the drafts, checks and paper which might be discounted by the said Steadman, or the interest thereof or any part thereof, at the time limited for the payment of the same, then it should be lawful for the said Steadman, his successors or assigns, to sell the said premises or any part thereof at public auction, and to execute to the purchaser or purchasers good, ample and sufficient deed or deeds of conveyance for the same. And, whereas, said Steadman as Cashier aforesaid, did discount for said Cyrus Clark certain Promissory Notes, signed by him and intended to be secured by said Mortgage, amounting to the sum of eight thousand dollars, all of which said notes are now past due and unpaid. And, whereas, the undersigned has been by the Supreme Court of the State of Rhode Island appointed Receiver of all the effects and property of said Bank, said Bank having been enjoined by said Court from further exercising its corporate franchises and privileges under its charter; and, whereas, said Steadman has assigned to me as Receiver aforesaid the said Mortgage and the Bond mentioned therein, and the said Notes thereby intended to be secured.
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me by said appointment as Receiver and of the power in and the authority by said Mortgage conferred, I shall, on Wednesday, the 7th day of March, A. D. 1860, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the lots and premises in said Mortgage mentioned and described as follows to wit:—All those certain pieces or parcels of Land situate in the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois, in School Section Addition to said City, known as lots five, in Block sixty-two (62), eleven and twelve, in Block sixteen (16), and twelve, in Block fifty-seven (57); together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and all the right and equity of redemption of the said Cyrus Clark and Catharine his wife, therein, for the purposes in said Mortgage mentioned. ELISHA R. POTTER, Receiver.
O. K. A. HUTCHINSON, Attorney for Receiver.
ja21-b471-td

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, SS.—Superior Court of Chicago—In Chancery. George Smith and Elisha W. Willard vs Samuel B. Pomeroy, Eleazer L. Pomeroy, Marian Pomeroy, Josiah T. Miller, Isaac H. Burch, John B. Valentine, John DeKoven, James K. Burtis, Colin Baldwin, Administrator of T. W. Alexander, deceased, and George Burch Horace M. Burch and Eliza F. Burch, Executors of Thomas Burch, deceased.—Bill to foreclose mortgage.
Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order, entered in the above entitled cause on the eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1860, I, Ira Scott, Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago, will, on the eleventh (11th) day of February, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House in the City of Chicago, in said County of Cook, the following described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due complainants upon said decree with interest and costs, to wit: Lot number fifty-eight (58), in block number nine (9), in the assessor's subdivision of forty-nine and one-half (49½) acres in the south-west fractional quarter of section twenty-two (22), township thirty-nine (39), north of range fourteen (14), east of the third (3d) principal meridian in the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois. IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago.
Dated Chicago, January 12, 1860. ja13 b457 td

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, S.S.—Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery. Robert Stewart vs. James Cuddy—Bill to Foreclose Mortgage.
Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order, entered in the above entitled cause, I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County, State of Illinois, will, on the fourth day of February, A. D. 1860, sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the north door of the Court House of the County of Cook, in the city of Chicago, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the east half of Lot No. fourteen (14), in Block fifteen (15), in the School Section Addition to the City of Chicago County of Cook aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due upon said decree with costs and interest. L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery of Cook County.
Chicago, January 13th, 1860. ja14-b442-td

WHEREAS, CHARLES G. E. Prussing, of the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, did heretofore make, create and deliver to the undersigned, Charles W. Kriegh, his certain Deed of Trust, bearing date on the ninth day of December, A. D. 1856, which said deed is recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County of Cook, in Book 125 of Deeds, at Page 336, whereby said Prussing conveyed to me Lot number five (5), of Burk's Subdivision of Lot number one (1), in Block number sixteen (16), of the original town of Chicago, now City of Chicago, in said County and State, with the appurtenances, to secure the payment of certain Promissory Notes, bearing even date with said Deed and in said Deed particularly described; the said promissory notes having been given for the purchase money of said premises;
And, whereas, it was provided in said Trust Deed that in case default should be made in the payment of said Promissory Notes or either of them or interest on any part thereof according to the terms and effect thereof, then the whole of said indebtedness should immediately become due and payable;
And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes, and application having been made to me by the legal holders of said notes to make sale of said premises under the power in said Deed contained.
Public notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said Deed of Trust contained, I shall on Saturday, the 28th day of January, A. D. 1860, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the north door of the Court House, in said City of Chicago, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the said Lot five (5) of Burk's Subdivision of Lot number one (1), in Block number sixteen (16), of the original town of Chicago, now City of Chicago, being the same premises described in said Trust Deed; together with the appurtenances and all the right and equity of redemption of said Charles G. E. Prussing, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, in and to said premises. C. W. KRIEGH, Trustee.
Dated this 12th day of January, 1860. [illegible]
The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 11th day of February next, at the same hour and place.
[illegible] C. W. KRIEGH, Trustee.

MASTER SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, ss.—Superior Court of Chicago: In Chancery. Slyvester Lind and Samuel S. Slater, executors of Jabez Barber, deceased, vs. Joseph Wilde, Jr., Ellen Wilde, Joseph Wilde, Sen., Abner Reeves, J. Young Scammon, Rensselaer Bailey and Joseph S. Mead.—Bill to Foreclose Mortgage.
Public notice is hereby given, that, in pursuance of a Decretal Order, entered in the above entitled cause on the twenty-sixth day of November, A. D. 1859, I, Ira Scott, Master in Chancery of said Court, will, on the ninth (9th) day of February, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, in said County of Cook, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, known and described as follows, to-wit:—Lot number twelve (12), in Block number fourty-five (45), in the School Section Addition to Chicago, being fifty (50) feet (more or less) on Clinton street, and running back one hundred and fifty (150) feet (more or less) to an alley, or so much thereof as may be necessary to make the money due complainants upon said decree, with interest and costs.
IRA SCOTT,
Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago.
Chicago, January 14th, 1860. ja16-b433 td

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, SS.—Superior Court of Chicago—January Term, A. D. 1860. Andrew Wylie vs. Allan C. Bryan—Attachment.
Public notice is hereby given to the said Allan C. Bryan that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Chicago, dated the eighteenth day of November, A. D. 1859, at the suit of the said Allan C. Bryan and against the estate of the said Andrew Wylie, for the sum of twenty hundred and ninety-five dollars and twenty-three cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless you, the said Allan C. Bryan shall personally be and appear before the said Superior Court of Chicago on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the first Monday of January A. D. 1860, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said plaintiff, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.
WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
MATHER, TAFT & KERR, Pl'ff's Att'ys. [illegible]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss.—Superior Court of Chicago, February Term, 1860. Benjamin R. Davoll vs. Jonas C. Clark, Letitia W. Clark and James Withrow.—In Chancery.
Affidavit of the non-residence of Letitia W. Clark and James Withrow, two of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court of Chicago. Notice is hereby given to the said Letitia W. Clark and James Withrow that the complainant filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the fifth day of January, 1860, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the first Monday of February next, 1860, as is by law required.
Now, unless you, the said Letitia W. Clark and James Withrow, shall personally be and appear before said Superior Court of Chicago, of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of February 1860, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
W. KIMBALL, Clerk.
E. G. ASAY, Compl'ts Sol'r. ja11-b423-4w

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of a certain Promissory Note bearing date January 1st, 1857, made by Benjamin F. Harriot and Maria Harriot for four hundred and eighty two dollars and thirty cents ($482.30), payable to the order of Isaac Shelby, Jr., three years after date, which note is secured by and described in a mortgage of the same date, duly executed by the said Benjamin F. Harriot and Maria Harriot to the said Isaac Shelby, Jr., on premises hereinafter described, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, Illinois, in Book 29 of Mortgages, Page 280, on the 18th day of February, 1857, and was duly assigned by Isaac Shelby, Jr., to Edmund Aiken on the 8th day of August, 1859, which said assignment was filed for record in the said Recorder's Office of Cook County on the 19th day of January, 1860.
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, I shall sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon the following premises, described in said mortgage, as follows:—All that certain parcel of land, situate in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, and known as Lot fifteen (15), in Hays & Shelby's Re-Subdivision of Block thirty (30), in Carpenter's Addition to Chicago.
E. AIKEN, Assignee.
Dated Chicago, January 19th, 1860. [illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, Alexander Merrell and Mariett Merrell, his wife, and Harvey A. Davison and Julia W. Davison, his wife, did, on the first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, execute and deliver to James H. Leavenworth a certain deed of mortgage bearing date the day and year aforesaid, to secure the payment of their ten promissory notes, each of even date with said mortgage, and in their said mortgage mentioned and described, and which said mortgage was filed for record in the Recorder's office for Cook county, Illinois, in Book Nineteen of Mortgages, page one, in said office, and which said mortgage and notes were by said Leavenworth assigned to me, the undersigned, on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1854, and default having been made in the payment of the notes secured to be paid by said mortgage, said notes being now all past due. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of and by virtue of the power in and the authority by said mortgage conferred, and for the purpose of paying said notes, I shall on Wednesday, the twenty-eighth day of December, 1859, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described premises, situate, lying and being in said City of Chicago in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, known as lot numbered nineteen (19) in block numbered thirty (30) in the School Section Addition to Chicago, being the same premises described in said Mortgage, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and all the right and equity of redemption of said Alexander H. Merrell and Harvey A. Davison in and to said premises.
WILLIAM B. OGDEN, Assignee of said Mortgage.
COVENTRY & ROUNTREE, Att'ys for the Assignee.
Chicago, October 27th, 1859. oc28b770 2m
The above sale is adjourned to take place at the same hour and place on Friday, the twenty-seventh day of January, A. D. 1860. WILLIAM B. OGDEN,
[illegible] Assignee of Mortgage.
The above sale is adjourned to take place at the same hour and place on Wednesday, the fifteenth day of February, A. D. 1860. WILLIAM B. OGDEN,
Assignee of Mortgage.
Chicago, January 27th, 1860. [illegible]

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, County of Cook. Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery. John H. King vs. John F. Cashline, Gordon Conkling, Godfrey Bryant, Peter Percy and Charles J. Tramain.
Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause, I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County, will on the 17th day of February, 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, sell at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, those certain lots of land situated in said County of Cook, and designated as lots fifty-six (56) and fifty-seven (57) in Cottage Grove avenue subdivision of part of, and in the Northeast quarter of Section thirty-four (34) in township thirty-nine (39) North of range fourteen (14), East of the third principal meridian. L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery of Cook County.
Chicago, January 20th, A. D. 1860. [illegible]

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County—Circuit Court of Cook Co., in Chancery.—Robert Sheppard, John Sheriff and James Smith vs. George Smith, John L. Mercer and Nancy Mercer, his wife.
Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order, entered in the above entitled cause at the November Term, 1859, I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County and State of Illinois, will on the seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the north door of the Court House, in the city of Chicago, in the County of Cook aforesaid, all the following described piece of real estate situate in the School Section Addition to the City of Chicago, in the County and State aforesaid, to wit:—Lot number three (3) of Block number fifty-seven (57) in said Addition, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to make the money due to the complainants upon said Decree. L. C. PAINE FREER,
Master in Chancery Cook County.
Chicago, Jan. 17, 1860. [illegible]

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, January 31, 1860.

Business during the day has been exceedingly quiet with no change whatever in rates. Exchange ¼ with a fair demand. Gold ¼@¼.

There are the selling rates for Illinois and Wisconsin currency.

The general market continues very close. For strictly business paper, however, the banks have plenty of funds, and such paper just now would be very acceptable.

ST. LOUIS.—The *Democrat* of yesterday says:

The exchange market is a little better supplied than it was a week ago. Bankers' sight checks now sell at the following rates:

	For Gold.	Bankable funds.	Ill. & Wis.
Sight on East and South..	½ prem.	1½ prem.	2 prem.
Cin. & Lou....	par.	1 prem.	1½ prem.

The rates are quite irregular, however; drafts can be bought at the Sub-Treasury at ¼ prem. for gold, and some of the institutions, in good supply of gold to-day from their assorting business, bought exchange at par for gold. Some, again, would only draw on the East at 1¼ prem. for bankable funds. Currency (Illinois and Wisconsin) was not in so good supply, bankable funds being withdrawn by the assorting business, and rates of exchange were reduced to 2@3 cent. prem. for this money. It is now bought by brokers at ¼@¾ dis. for bankable funds; we therefore make quotations: gold and St. Louis city paper, par; interior Missouri, 1@1¼ dis.; Illinois and Wisconsin, 1¼@2 dis.

ST. LOUIS CITY BANKS.—The weekly statement of the St. Louis city banks for this evening, Jan. 28th, again show a falling off in every line. Below we give their statements:

Banks.	Circulation.	Exch. Maturing.	Specie.
Merchants' Bank.....	$76,169	$723,361	$60,006
Bank of St. Louis....	69,460	512,411	55,164
[illegible] Bank....	77,8[illegible]	355,9[illegible]	62,320
Mechanics' Bank....	90,943	476,514	56,343
Exchange Bank	69,655	403,063	55,163
State Bank............	20,465	1,669,[illegible]	192,700
Union Bank............	47,423	145,779	51,610
Total	$471,330	$4,294,565	$463,346
Last week............	492,175	4,332,689	480,764
Decrease............	$20,825	$42,126	$17,419

Statement of the Boatman's Saving Institution for the week ending 28th inst.:

Coin..................................	$571,012.31
Exchange, matured and maturing...........	[illegible]

Statement of the condition of the German Savings Institution for the week ending Jan. 28th, 1860:

Coin on hand..................................	$14,646.39
Coin subject to draft in N. York and other places....	2,673.35
Missouri Bank Notes..................................	30,160.00
Exchange maturing..................................	39,522.19

CINCINNATI.—We take the following from the *Gazette* of yesterday:

There was a good demand for money on Saturday, but it was met pretty freely, and the market was comparatively easy—quite so for first-class paper. A marked improvement was established during the week, both as regards the supply and the feeling among capitalists. The tone in financial circles is now healthy, and everything denotes increasing strength in the line of confidence. The regular discount houses taking nearly all the good business paper offered, the supply of this class of securities in outside circles is small, and the transactions are being narrowed down to long paper, or names not accepted to the rules of the bankers. No difficulty is experienced in the disposing of first-class mortgage paper, drawing 10 per cent., made prior to the repeal of the 10 per cent. interest law; and there is a market for even overdue paper of this class, where the payment of 10 per cent. *after maturity* is provided for.

Western currency advanced ¼ to-day, and we now quote Missouri 1¼ dis., and Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa dis. The improved condition of the exchange market at St. Louis inspires confidence, and bankers, hand the currency without exhibiting the extreme caution shown a week ago.

ILLINOIS INDEBTEDNESS.—We find the following in the N. Y. *Times* of Saturday:

The State of Illinois provided, as usual, on the 1st January, out of the proceeds of the special two mill tax for the redemption of the Public Debt, from $600,000 to $700,000 in gold, at Springfield, but has been unable to purchase any amount of her bonds at par, on account of their higher market value. After a month's delay, the State authorities are now sending forward the gold to the Metropolitan Bank in this city, for the payment of such of the bonds as may be designated by lot and advertisement, on presentation in New York. The interest will be made to cease on such as are not presented within the time designated.

Holders of the stocks and bonds will find the list to be paid advertised in the N. Y. *Tribune* of the same date.

LAND WARRANTS.—Land Warrants are quoted at the following rates at this date, January 26:

	BUYING.	SELLING.
160 acres........	6½c per acre........	75c per acre.
120 acres........	65 per acre........	73c per acre.
80 acres........	90c per acre........	[illegible] per acre.
40 acres........	$1,00 per acre........	$1,10c per acre.
Post Office Scrip........		91

—*Metropolitan Bank Note Reporter.*

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, OF CANADA.—Traffic receipts for week ending January 27, 1860:

Passengers..................................	$13,016.11½
Freight and Live stock	15,751.88½
Mails, &c., &c..........................	1,336.06½
	$30,097.10½
Corresponding week last year..............	27,967.15½
Increase..................................	$2,139.95

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 31, 1860.

WEEKLY REVIEW.—The receipts and shipments of leading articles of produce and merchandise during the past week will be found in the following comparative tables:

COMPARATIVE IMPORTS AT CHICAGO.

	Week ending Jan. 28.	Previous week.	Since Jan. 1. 1860.	Same time 1859.
Flour, brls........	7,671	6,695	31,169	18,8[illegible]4
Wheat, bus........	49,297	62,619	204,904	93,449
Corn, bus........	206,929	153,937	554,304	111,702
Oats, bus........	29,061	28,818	98,762	27,236
Rye, bus........	6,215	5,967	18,222	2,740
Barley, bus........	10,667	9,979	37,253	21,070
Grass Seed, lbs........	105,218	43,935	370,868	96,274
Potatoes, bus........	66	84	199	5,222
Beef, bbls........	155	24	219	17
Pork, bbls........	1,648	1,228	4,042	755
Cut Meats, lbs........	471,528	560,610	1,329,192	690,285
Lard, lbs........	104,794	229,910	1,014,931	[illegible]
Tallow, lbs........	[illegible]	1,283	8,405	7,016
Live Hogs, No........	3,897	1,706	18,039	5,278
Dressed Hogs, No........	2,504	9,557	30,184	18,430
Cattle, No........	995	1,038	4,172	4,650
Hides, lbs........	[illegible]	314,184	1,091,965	1,224,650
Wool, lbs........	1,415	4,210	12,607	11,820
Lumber, feet........	95,075	80,549	279,170	169,698
Shingles, No........	....	....	....	165,000
Lath, No........	....	....	....	....
Timber, feet........	....	....	....	....
Posts, No........	....	....	....	....
Pickets, No........	....	....	....	....
Wood, cords........	578	276	1,711	3,294
Staves, No........	20,000	47,000	163,000	....
Salt, brls........	....	....	....	....
Highwines, bbls........	1,310	1,465	6,996	578
Fish, pkgs........	37	23	67	84
Butter, lbs........	54,474	5,614	102,235	43,888
Dried Fruit, lbs........	92,294	41,686	206,318	110,136
Apples, brls........	546	164	797	....
B. Corn, lbs........	....	6,770	3,651	....
Mill Stuffs, lbs........	281,022	92,919	742,018	627,870
Lead, lbs........	22,532	18,300	89,616	366,970
Coal, tons........	230	739	1,879	2,412

COMPARATIVE EXPORTS FROM CHICAGO.

	Week ending Jan. 28	Prev. week.	Since Jan 1 1860.	Same time 1859.
Flour, bbls........	6,526	4,033	25,845	4,318
Wheat, bus........	8,126	4,365	48,461	20,040
Corn, bu........	54,393	11,549	91,078	38,443
Oats, bu........	5,550	8,927	22,714	8,498
Rye, bu........	1,610	518	3,098	....
Barley, bu........	336	1,668	6,864	2,880
Grass Seed, lbs........	30,921	45,368	112,496	162,000
Potatoes, bu........	48	751	1,604	2,294
Beef, bbls........	308	281	2,446	2,177
Pork, brls........	2,833	1,307	10,810	16,130
Cut Meats, lbs........	519,000	535,930	1,673,970	2,400,381
Lard, lbs........	704,614	344,294	1,564,027	1,278,301
Tallow, lbs........	77,837	48,225	230,098	[illegible]
Live Hogs, No........	160	....	695	2,687
Dressed Hogs, No........	1,076	1,554	8,960	4,222
Cattle, No........	460	515	1,665	2,761
Hides, lbs........	188,760	19,295	704,667	1,606,765
Wool, lbs........	1,070	1,790	17,738	15,056
Lumber, ft........	1,605,424	[illegible]	5,848,994	5,782,152
Shingles, No........	1,144,750	2,084,250	[illegible]	3,154,500
Lath, No........	457,600	270,800	724,376	415,050
Timber, ft........	....	15,000	15,000	....
Posts, No........	3,100	2,350	7,978	7,462
Pickets, No........	3,003	1,800	5,800	1,100
Wood, cds........	8	....	8	165
Staves, No........	28,000	....	50,000	22,414
Salt, brls........	770	1,460	4,750	6,214
Highwines, bbls........	974	1,029	4,178	1,371
Fish, pkgs........	205	113	689	....
Butter, lbs........	7,651	18,000	64,781	....
Dried Fruits, lbs........	56,856	105,425	245,215	....
Apples, brls........	264	....	300	....
Broom Corn, lbs........	26,224	....	50,345	16,029
Mill Stuffs, lbs........	25,620	79,465	207,922	....
Lead, lbs........	300	154,600	395,161	104,575
Coal, tons........	137	161	678	568

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN DURING WEEK ENDING JAN. 28, WITH ROUTES OF IMPORTS.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.
I C R R	431	10,507	64,173	5,772	1,022	[illegible]
G & C U R R	4,677	18,570	2,440	10,187	1,134	3,148
C B & Q R R	1,519	2,788	95,479	3,147	1,122	....
C & R I	761	11,900	28,050	4,200	1,950	4,880
C A & St L	100	1,600	45,349	....	130	[illegible]
C & N W	[illegible]	9,096	40	4,617	253	731
C & M	170	80	....	23	....	2,050
M C	514	....	....	....	179	....
M S	299	....	....	....	....	....
Pittsburgh	75	....	....	....	....	....
Total	7,671	49,297	206,929	29,061	6,215	10,667
Prev's week	6,695	62,609	153,937	28,818	5,967	9,979
Cor. w'k 1859	4,027	30,149	70,013	6,901	232	5,497
Since Jan. 1	31,169	204,904	554,304	97,672	18,222	37,253
Same t'e '59	18,924	93,437	111,702	27,236	2,740	21,070

The following are the receipts and shipments for the past twenty-four hours:

	Flour bbls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Rye bus.	B'rly bus.	Grass Seed lbs.
G & C U R R	332	1396	340	2470	235	....	5590
C & R I R R	60	1350	7200	1500	....	....	[illegible]
Ill. Central R R	6	1599	4712	298	....	....	....
B & Quincy R R	165	1042	5842	1600	....	....	5371
Northwestern R R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	[illegible]	[illegible]
C A & St L	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	....	[illegible]
Total	569	7119	19453	5467	255	165	18141

	Dressed Hogs No.	Live Hogs No.	Cattle No.	Hides lbs.	Wool lbs.	High-wines bbls.	Cut Meats lbs.	Lard lbs.
G & C U R R	433	60	146	[illegible]	47	[illegible]	....	[illegible]
C & R I R R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
I C R R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C B & Q R R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C & N W R R	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C A & St L	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	437	60	165	2399	285	140	[illegible]	[illegible]

The receipts of Hogs, live and dressed, to-day amounted to 547, and the market was buoyant. Dressed Hogs were sold freely at $6@6.50, and Live Hogs at $4.65@5.40—an advance of 5@10c.

The Provision market is firm but inactive. There is very little Mess Pork offering, with an active inquiry at $16.00—holders being firm at $16.50. Cut Meats are also scarce and firm. Several thousand pieces Bulk Meats were sold at 6 and 8c loose, and 6 and 8c packed—the latter for delivery in 30 days. Lard is in good demand at 10c, at which 250 bbls. were sold to-day—holders at the close being firm at 10¼c.

The Flour market was dull, and the sales were limited at $4.65@4.85 for fair to choice Spring extras, and $4.95 for choice White Winter Wheat extra. Wheat was quiet but firm, and but little changed hands at 97c for No. 2 Spring in store, and $1.00 for No. 1 Spring in store. Corn was in better demand, and owing to light receipts an improvement of ½c took place—sales of No. 1 being made at [illegible]; No. 2, 44@45c, and Rejected at 41½@42c. Oats in fair demand and steady at 30c in store, and 36c in bags. Rye firm at 83@84c. Barley quiet. Seeds rather dull, with but limited inquiry and small sales at $2.92½@2.95 for Timothy, and $4.85@4.90 for Clover. Highwines ½c lower—sales at 20½c.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The following table, which gives the total receipts and exports at this port for the week ending to-day, is from W. G. Cutting's circular of to-day:

	Flour. bbls.	Wheat. bu.	Rye. bu.	Corn. bu.	Oats. bu.	Barley. bu.
Railroad....	6,027	114	1,380	8,364	20,383	238
Other sources	6,245	3,000	....	133,288	....	....
Total....	12,272	3,114	1,380	141,652	20,383	238

The exports of flour and grain from New York, for the week ending January 24th, were: To Great Britain, 4,051 bbls. flour, 45,052 bush. wheat; British provinces and other places, 9,966 bbls. flour, 596 bushels corn.

NEW ORLEANS, January 27—P. M.—A moderate demand for Flour, and the market firm at $5.87@5.95 for Superfine.

Mess Pork very firm, and more disposition to buy than to sell at the quotations; now at $17.75@18.00.

Heavy receipts of Bacon have depressed the market, and prices are lower, with sales of Shoulders at 8½c, and Sides at 9½c.

Lard is dull, and is pressed on the market at 10½@10¾c.

Whisky very dull, and prices merely nominal at 19½@20c for Rectified.

Sugar firm and in good demand at 7½@7¾c for fair to fully fair.

A fair demand for Molasses, and prices slightly higher, closing at 40c for choice.

MILWAUKEE.—The Milwaukee *Sentinel* of yesterday contains the following:

Receipts of flour and grain for the week ending to-day as compared with the corresponding week in 1859 are as follows:

	Flour, brls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye bus.
Monday......	512	9,254	2,060	100	1,082	....
Tuesday......	549	6,124	....	216	720	....
Wednesday..	631	7,657	2,143	116	70	....
Thursday....	807	2,629	255	285	445	....
Friday......	846	1,562	480	....	579	....
Saturday....	630	6,980	2,553	4,769	1,448	145
Total....	4,037	34,304	7,649	5,587	3,660	145
In 1859......	2,719	54,404	13,481	8,191	3,433	65

Receipts by Railroad for the 24 hours ending noon to-day include:

Flour, brls........	894	Hides, lbs........	3,000
Wheat, bus........	8,586	Butter, lbs........	1,750
Oats, bus........	3,043	Dressed hogs, No....	106
Barley, bus........	1,096	Rags, lbs........	1,800
Corn, bus........	101	Rye, bus........	47

The wheat market to-day opened at yesterday's figures, No. 1 selling on the track at $1, Club at $1.03, Extra at $1.04; but after the receipt of the steamer's news reporting flour 6d lower, and wheat dull in Liverpool, the market became very dull, and there were no buyers for No. 1 outside of 99c. We hear of no transactions at the reduced offers. Flour also partook of the dull feeling, and the only sales we heard of was 93 brls of Spring Extra,—a very good country brand—at $4.50. There was not much of anything done in coarse grains. Oats nominal at 34@35c. Shelled corn 55@56c. Rye 80@82c, with a small sale at the latter figure. Dressed hogs firm at former quotations.

SEEDS.—At Cincinnati on the 27th, Clover Seed was in good demand at $4.90. At St. Louis, on the 27th, Clover Seed was worth $5.50. Timothy was sold at $2.50. At New York the *Shipping List* of the 27th, quotes as follows:—"Of Clover, the sales of the week foot up 1,000 to 1,200 bags at 8½@8¾c; 25 bags inferior Timothy sold at $2.75; prime lots are held for an advance.

ST. LOUIS.—The St. Louis *Democrat* of yesterday says:

With light receipts of Produce, and a good market South, the general market has been rather buoyant all the week. The weather has been open and pleasant, but not sufficiently warm to open the upper rivers to any extent. The steamer Altoona started up the Illinois river, but returned to port to-day having ascended only three miles up the Illinois before being stopped by thick ice. The swift current of the Missouri has opened it sooner to a good distance up, and we may soon look for fair receipts from that direction.

Freights for the South have of course been limited in quantity. For New Orleans direct, considerable amounts of pork, lard and flour have been shipped, also of bacon, whisky, oats, bran, and some corn; besides some to fill coast order. The rates to New Orleans declined on Monday, and have continued about as follows: Flour 40c ℔ brl; pork 70c; whisky 80c; corn 25c per sack; pound freight 25c per 100 lbs. Shipping facilities have increased, but at the close there is but little doing.

In Provisions a great many orders have been filled in the last three weeks; there are some orders here, limited, which cannot be filled. The closing rates of packed dry salt city shoulders and sides are 6¼@8½c. Packed city bacon, 7½c for shoulders and 9½c for ribbed sides; 10½c for plain hams; some loose sold at 10c. Lard 10@10¼c; some country sold at 10c, but generally held at 10¼c. Some pretty large sales took place during the week on private terms, the demand for barreled meat being particularly good, and also for bacon but there was little on hand to sell, though the supply of the latter will soon increase. 2,000 brls Mess Pork sold Tuesday at $17, a small lot city at $17.50, at which it is firmly held at the close; 105 brls brought $17.50 in lots, Monday. Yesterday and day before, 40,000 lbs city cut meats sold at 6¼ and 8½c, and yesterday some 12,000 country shoulders, sides and hams at 6 and 8c, for future delivery. Flour has been in fair demand, with an advancing tendency all week, closing to-day with the market steady and firm. Sales to-day of 100 brls city superfine at $5.50; 200 do do private; 40 brls country at $5.25; 50 brls double extra at $6 25, and 75 do at $6.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27.—The *Gazette* of yesterday says:

The provision market obtained additional strength Saturday, from an increased demand at previous prices, and there was decided buoyancy on the part of holders. This, however, checked business, especially in mess pork which was put up to a figure—$17,50@18,00—that was equivalent to withdrawing it from the market. None but country brands were to be had at $17,00. A large business was transacted in bulk meats, the sales reaching nearly 1,000,000 lbs in the aggregate. Included in the transactions were 200 hhds shoulders and sides deliverable at Burlington, Iowa, Feb. 10th, at 6@8c packed; 6,200 pcs delivered at Covington, Ind., at 6c for shoulders and 8c for sides and hams; and 200,000 lbs delivered in the city, February 15th, at 6¼ and 8¼c. At the close holders mostly asked 6½c and 8½c for forward delivery. A lot of mess pork deliverable at Covington, Ind., brought $16.50. Bacon was firm at 7¼ for shoulders, and 9¼ for sides, and for lard there was a good demand at 10@10¼ for barrel and keg while holders mostly asked 10½@11¼. Clear Bacon sides are worth 10¼. Quotations for the several articles of the hog product are now higher than at any previous time this season, and prices are sustained with muck firmness, and an indication of a solid foundation. Dealers every where appear to regard the crop as unquestionably short, and this feeling having extended to the consuming markets, the business at such places as Baltimore is becoming active. Flour continues to attract attention, and good brands are taken freely at $5.50@5.55 for superfine, and $5.65@5.85 for extra. The purchases, to a large exten, are to supply orders from the interior of the Southern States. Wheat advanced to $1.33@1.35 for white, and $1.28@1.30 for red, with a demand in excess of the receipts. Corn was dull at 51c. Groceries quiet but unchanged. Clover seed steady, with a fair demand at $4.85@4.90. Whisky 20¼@20½c. The receipts and exports of leading articles on Saturday were as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Apples, brls........	177	Lard, kegs........	76
Barley, bu........	398	Malt, bu........	140
Butter, kgs........	46	Molasses, brls........	132
Corn, bu........	4,095	Oats, bu........	1,079
Cheese, bxs........	110	Potatoes, brls........	[illegible]
Coffee, bags........	406	Wheat, bu........	810
Flour, brls........	1,486	Whisky, brls........	875
Hay, bales........	173	Pork, brls........	394
Hogs, No........	249	" lbs........	202,941
Lard, brls........	1,333		

Weekly Review Chicago Market.

TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 31.

FREIGHTS—There has been no change in railroad freights since our last Review. The following are the current rates: FLOUR—to New York, $1.30; to Boston, $1.40; to Pittsburgh, 70c; to Philadelphia and Baltimore, $1.20; to Montreal, $1.15; to Portland, $1.40; to Ogdensburg, $1.30; to New Orleans, via Cairo, and from Cairo by steam, 65c. DRESSED HOGS—to New York, $1; to Boston, $1.10; to Albany, $1; to Buffalo, 55c. GRAIN AND PROVISIONS (per 100 lbs.)—to New York, 65c; to Boston, 70c; to Cincinnati, 35c for grain and 40c for provisions; to Pittsburgh, 38c; to Baltimore, 60c; to Montreal, 61c. Pork to New Orleans $1.50 per brl.

FLOUR.—Receipts last week, 7,681 bbls; shipped last week, 6,526 bbls. The market during the week has been characterized by extreme dullness. The demand, both from the East and Pittsburgh has been very limited; while there is little or no speculative inquiry. At a decline of 10@15c from present prices, several large orders could be filled; but holders are tolerably firm. Spring extras have sold at a range of $4 65@4.85 for firm to choice, and Spring Supers at $3.90@4.00. White Winter Wheat brands have sold only in retail lots to city dealers and bakers at $5.50@6.25, according to quality. Red Winter Wheat brands are in limited request at $4.75@5.25. RYE FLOUR is quiet at $4.25@4.50. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR almost unsaleable and market glutted. A few lots were sold during the week at $1.90 per 100 lbs; but at the close there are no buyers even at that figure. CORN MEAL in good supply, with a fair demand, and sales of unbolted at $16.00@16.50 per ton on track; and for Bolted, $20@22.00 per ton.

TO-DAY the sales of Flour were as follows:—100 bbls "Centreville" White Winter at $4.85 del.; 100 bbls "Charsworth" choice Spring extra at $4.85 del.; 250 bbls fair Spring extra at $4.65 del.; 150 bbls fair Spring Superfine at $3.75 del.; 100 bbls do at $3.90 del.

WHEAT—Receipts last week, 49,297 bu; shipped last week, 8,126 bu. The receipts of Wheat during the week show a falling off of about 13,000 bushels; notwithstanding which we have to note a decline of 1@2c since the date of our last weekly review. There has been a better demand for shipment by rail; but there has been almost an entire absence of speculative inquiry. The heavy stocks at Liverpool, Glasgow, and other European ports, as well as a decline in those markets, and a downward tendency in New York has lessened confidence in present prices, and operators here [illegible]. During the week there has been offered for sale to arrive about 75,000 bushels Wisconsin Club, from the region of Fond du Lac; and there is every probability of liberal receipts from that quarter early in spring. Spring Wheat has sold during the week in store at a range of [illegible] for No. 1 in store; [illegible] for No. 2; and [illegible] for Rejected. Winter Wheat has been scarce and but little has been offered. Several lots of White have been sold by sample at $1.20@1.25, and Red at $1.12@1.17.

TO-DAY the Wheat market was firm but inactive. Sales were as follows:—700 bu No. 1 Red at $1.15 on track; 400 bags choice White at $1.25 on track; 300 bu Club at $1.05 on track; 700 bu do at $1.00 on track; 150 bags do at 96 on track; 700 bu Spring at 91 on track; 150 bags do at 90 on track; 1,700 bu do at 80 on track; 300 bu No. 1 Spring at 91 in store; 100 bu No. 2 Spring in store at [illegible].

CORN—Receipts last week, 206,929 bu; shipments, 54,393. The market has been remarkably steady, there being little or no change in prices since our last weekly review. The demand for shipment to Cincinnati and Pittsburgh has been more active, and this alone has sustained the market; the speculative feeling has been rather low, and the inquiry limited. In the early part of the week about 30,000 bushels ill. River were sold for delivery during the last half of May at the afloat—which is ½@1c lower than sales made the week previous. At the close there is little or no demand for forward delivery; and cargoes are freely offered at [illegible] afloat, without takers.

TO-DAY the receipts were light and the market advanced ½c on yesterday's prices. Sales were:—2,000 bu No. 1 at 40c in store; 4,000 bu do at 40½c in store; 1,200 bu No. 2 at [illegible] in store; [illegible] in store; 1,500 bu Rejected at 35½c in store; 2,000 bu do at 40c in store; [illegible] on track; 500 bu Ear at 44c [illegible] 70 lbs on track.

OATS—Receipts last week, 29,061 bu; shipments, 5,550 bu. The receipts continue about the same, and the market has been steady at [illegible], closing at the inside quotation. There has been a fair shipping demand during the week for Cincinnati and Pittsburgh; but there is little or no speculative demand. Several parties have been offering cargoes to arrive at the opening of navigation, but there is no disposition at present to buy.

To-DAY the sales were: 900 bu No. 1, at 30c in store; 2,500 bu do. at 31½c on track; 165 bags by sample at 35½c on track.

RYE.—Receipts last week, 6,215 bu; shipped 1610 bu. The receipts have been liberal and the market declined from 80c a week ago to 80c. During the past few days, however, an increased inquiry by shippers, as well as a falling off in the supply, has caused a slight reaction, and the market closes firm at 83c—a decline on the week of [illegible].

To-DAY the sales were: 100 bags at 83c del., 150 bags at 83c on track, 45 bags at 84c del.

BARLEY.—Receipts last week, 10,667 bu; shipped, 336 bu. A continued improvement in the receipts as well as a more limited demand by brewers, has rendered the market rather heavy, and prices have declined 2@3c during the week. Inferior Barley is particularly dull, there being scarcely any sale for it.

To-day the sales were: 400 bu No. 1 at 50c in store; 300 bu do at 57c in store; 30 bags at 58c on track.

ALCOHOL—The market during the week has been quiet and prices have declined 1c, closing at 41½@42c per gal.

BROOM CORN—Shipped last week, 26,224 lbs. The receipts continue quite meagre, and the sales so few that it is difficult to give quotations. The demand however is active both for shipment and manufacturing here, and fair to good Corn will command $100@120 ℔ ton. Prime Corn is in request for shipment at $130@140 ℔ ton.

BEANS—The market is very quiet and the demand is limited at 75@90c for good to prime. Common Beans are dull and nominal at 50@60c.

BUTTER—Receipts last week 54,474 lbs; shipped 7,651 lbs. The market is unusually dull, and glutted with large stocks of firkin, which has been selling slowly at 8@10c ℔ lb. Dairy Butter in fair request at 12@14c.

CHEESE—Western Reserve 10@10½c; Hamburgh 11@12c.

CANDLES AND SOAP—CANDLES—Tallow, 10½@11c; Stearine, 14@16½c; Star, 17@19c; Adamantine, 24c. SOAP—Family, 5c; Palm, 6c; Extra Family, 6½c; Erasive, 7@7½c; Castile, 10c.

COAL—Receipts last week, 230 tons; shipped, 137 tons. The market is steady, and the city dealers are selling freely at the following figures delivered: BITUMINOUS—Erie and Briar Hill $6.00, Chippewa $5.50, Blossburgh $7.50, [illegible] $4.50. ANTHRACITE—Lackawana $7.00, Lehigh, lump, $8.00. CANNEL—$5.00@5.50.

CORDAGE—Manila Rope, 11@12½c; Jute, 10@11½c; Tarred Rope, 14@15c.

COOPERAGE—The demand for Pork barrels continues limited, and the market is glutted and dull. Several lots were sold during the week at 50@55c, and a Railroad company sold several hundred at 25@30c to pay charges. To-day 600 good were sold at 45c. Flour barrels 30@32c. The want of hogsheads for packing bulk meats, is very much felt in this market. It is a great obstacle to the trade with Baltimore and other Southern ports. At present, oil sugar hogsheads have to be used instead; but they damage the sales of meats elsewhere.

DRUGS—Quinine, sulph. $1.35@1.45 per oz; Morphine $5.50; Borax, refined, 30@32c; Alloes, [illegible]; Brimstone, crude, 4½c; Camphor, refined, 40@42c; Cream Tartar, 35@38c; Rhubarb, East India, $1.35; Bi-Carb Potash, $4@4.25; Epsom Salts, 3½@4c; Iodine, $5.75; Copperas, 2½@3c; Alum, 4@4½c; Vitriol, blue, 10@12c; Madder, 14@17c; Cochineal, $1.50; Indigo, 75c@$1.00; Quicksilver, 80c; Opium, $6.75; Annatto, 30@35c ℔ lb; Terra Japonica, 4½@5c per lb; Soda, bi-carbonate, [illegible] per lb; Soda Ash, 3½c; Sal Soda, 2½@3c; Sugar Lead, 18@22c; Oxalic Acid, 30@35c per lb; Tartaric Acid, 65@80c; Gum Shellac, 40@45c per lb.

EGGS—Fresh Eggs are in good demand at 13@13½c ℔ dozen; but limed eggs are dull and slow of sale at 10@11c. Some lots have been sold during the week as low as 9c.

FRUIT—GREEN APPLES—In fair demand, and stock good, with sales of good winter at $2.50@2.75, and extra at $3@3.25. CRANBERRIES—Still very scarce and in demand at $11@12.00 per barrel. DRIED FRUIT—Apples in large supply and market very quiet, with sales of Southern at 7@7½ and Eastern at 7@7½c; Unpared Peaches 11@12c; Pared Peaches, 16@18c; Blackberries, 14c.

FISH—Shipped last week, 205 pkgs. The stock of Whitefish is very small and the market has advanced 12½@25c. We quote as follows: WHITEFISH—No. 1 half barrels, $4.37½@4.50; do. No. 2, $4.25. TROUT—Half bb's No. 1, $4.50; No. 2, $3.00. MACKEREL—Gloucester, No. 1, bbls, $17.50; No. 2, $16.00; No. 3, $11.00@12.00; do., hf. bbls, No. 1, $9.00; No. 2, $8.00@8.75; No. 3, $6.50@7.00. CODFISH—4¾@5¼c. HERRING—Eastport, $4.75@5.25 per bbl; No. 1, 40c per box; scale, 35c per box.

FURS—The following are the current quotations in this market:—Mink, $1.50; Raccoon, 10@30c; Rat (winter) 10c; do (spring) 11c; Wolf, 75c@$1.00; Wild Cat, 25@37½; House Cat, 10c; Skunk, 10c; Gray Fox, 25c; Red Fox, $1.25; Opossum, 10c; Beaver, 75c@$1.00 per lb; Otter, $3.00@4.00; Deer Skins, 15@20c.

GROCERIES—[See article on first page of to-day's paper.]

HAY—The following are the quotations of Frisbie Brothers, 45 Market street:—Upland Prairie, loose, $9.00 ℔ ton; Do. pressed, $9.00@10.00; Timothy, loose, $10.00; Do. pressed, $12.00.

HIDES—Receipts last week, 252,132 lbs; shipped, 180,769 lbs. The market during the week has been active and steady. The following are the closing quotations:—Green, 6½@6¾c; Green Salted, 7½@7¾c; Dry Salted, 10@12c; Dry Flint, 13@14c; Pelts, $1@1.37½.

HIGHWINES—Receipts last week, 1,210 brls; shipped, 974 bbls. The supply during the week has been good, and the shipping demand rather limited, under which the market has declined ½c. To-day about 450 bbls were sold at 20½c—mostly low proof.

HOGS (DRESSED)—Receipts last week, 2,508; shipped, 1,076. The supply during the week has fallen off very perceptibly, and under a continued demand by packers and shippers, the market has advanced about 50c since the date of our last weekly review.

To-DAY the sales were as follows:

25 Hogs	averaging	270 lbs at........	$6.50
18	..	240 ..	6.40
17	..	230 ..	6.40
15	..	[illegible] ..	6.12½
22	..	[illegible] ..	6.12½
21	..	185 ..	[illegible]
30	..	175 ..	6.25
40	..	215 ..	6.25
8	..	170 ..	6.20
29	..	200 ..	[illegible]
22		at $6@6 25 dividing on 230 lbs.	

IRON AND NAILS—The following are the current quotations:—Common Bar Iron, 2¾c; Cast Steel, 15@18c; German Steel, 12@16c; Plow Steel, 6½@7c; Sheet Iron, 8 to 20, 4c; Galvanized Sheet Iron, 10½@14½c; Imitation Russia, 11c; Genuine Russia, 14c; Nails, from eight pennies to sixty pennies, including cut spikes, $3.25.

LIVE STOCK.—Receipts last week were 3,897 hogs and 995 cattle. Shipments 160 hogs and 1,076 cattle. Receipts to-day 15 cars cattle and 3 do hogs. CATTLE—There has been an active demand for good shipping Cattle, and an advance of ⅛ to ¼c has been gained on extra. The sales of the week foot up some 1,200 head at $2.00 for inferior, $2.50@3.00 for ordinary, and $3.25@4.00 for extra. To-DAY the market was firm at the advance. HOGS—The receipts of the week have been quite light, and the market has been active closing firm at an advance for the week of 10@15c. To-day the highest price of the season has been reached, $5.40 having been paid for a lot of 100 averaging 265 lbs. SHEEP—There is a good demand for extra sheep with none on the market. Fat ones would bring from $3.50@4.00. The sales to-day were:

110 Cattle	averaging	1087 lbs at........	[illegible]
10	..	1263 ..	3.75
31	..	1283 ..	3.75
15	..	1232 ..	[illegible]
7	..	1060 ..	[illegible]
4	..	1030 ..	[illegible]
11	..	1210 ..	[illegible]
20	..	[illegible] ..	[illegible]
17	..	1216 ..	[illegible]
100 Hogs	..	265 ..	5.40
80	..	[illegible] ..	[illegible]
13	..	[illegible] ..	[illegible]

LUMBER, &c.—Receipts last week, 95,075 ft lumber; shipments, 1,605,424 ft lumber, 1,144,750 shingles, 457,600 lath, 3,100 posts, 3,000 pickets. The shipments of lumber were by the following railroads:

By I. C. R. R.	[illegible] feet.
By G. & C. U. R. R.	[illegible]
By C. B. & Q. R. R.	[illegible]
By C. & R. I. R. R.	[illegible]
By C. A. & St. L. R. R.	[illegible]
By C. & N. W. R. R.	[illegible]
By C. & M. R. R.	[illegible]
By M. C. R. R.	[illegible]
By M. S. R. R.	[illegible]
By F. & Ft. W. R. R.	[illegible]
Total for the week........	1,605,424

The shipments of Lumber during the week show an increase on the previous week of [illegible] feet. The shipments during the corresponding week in 1859 were [illegible] feet; so that we are doing a little better than last year.

The market, however, is still very quiet, and dealers generally complain of dullness. The demand is chiefly for fencing and common boards, and prices remain about the same.

There is nothing new from the lumber regions. The snow is good all over, and a large quantity of logs will be got out. We hear of no contracts yet.

The following were the closing quotations of lumber, lath, &c.:

LUMBER—First Clear, per 1000 feet........	[illegible]
Second Clear........	[illegible]
Third Clear........	[illegible]
Common Boards........	[illegible]
Stock Boards........	[illegible]
Fencing........	[illegible]
Common Flooring, undressed........	[illegible]
Clear........	[illegible]
Common Siding........	[illegible]
Do. do. dressed........	9.00@10.00
Clear Siding, undressed........	14.00
Do. do.	[illegible]
Sawed Shingles, A ℔ M........	[illegible]
Do. do. No. 1........	[illegible]
Sawed Shingles, A........	[illegible]
Lath........	1.50
Posts, ℔ 100........	[illegible]

LEATHER—Hem. Oak Sole, 25@30c; Harness Leather 30c; Bridle Leather, 34c; Spanish Sole, 25@26c; Hemlock Kip, 60@75c; Hemlock Calf, 75@85c ℔ lb; French Kip, 80@95c ℔ lb; French Calf, $1.05@1.15 ℔ lb; Female Calf, [illegible] ℔ dozen; Hemlock Upper, [illegible] ℔ doz.; Upper Leather, [illegible].

MILL STUFFS—Middlings are in good supply and the demand is rather limited—sales ranging from $15@21.00 per ton. Shorts are in fair request at $11@13 per ton, according to quality.

PROVISIONS—Receipts last week, 155 bbls beef; 1640 bbls pork; 471,528 lbs Cut Meats; 104,794 lbs Lard. Shipped last week, 221 bbls beef; 2833 bbls pork; 519,000 lbs cut meats; 704,614 lbs lard. The Provision market during the past week has been active and buoyant. All kinds of Pork product have been in active demand, and prices have advanced very materially. The receipts of Hogs have fallen off considerably, and several of the packers have stopped work, or are only partly employed. The season is now fast drawing to a close, and the packing foots up about 145,000. Several of the beef packers have been at work during the week, and there is some probability of others commencing as soon as the pork season closes. BEEF—Mess Beef is in limited demand, and the market is nominal at $9.00 for Mess, and $10.50 for extra Mess. Beef Hams, [illegible]. MESS PORK—[illegible] has prevailed during the week, and the market has advanced [illegible]. In the early part of the week several small lots were sold at [illegible]; [illegible]. To-DAY 150 bbls heavy were sold at [illegible].

MEATS—The demand for Bulk Meats has been quite active, and prices have advanced [illegible] since our last weekly review. In the early part of the week several [illegible] the market was almost entirely cleaned at 6¾ and 8¾c for Shoulders and Sides packed, at which figure the market closes firm. To-DAY the sales were:—1,850 pcs Shoulders at 6c loose; 4,000 pieces Shoulders and 12,000 [illegible] Sides at six and eight cents packed, to be delivered in thirty days—half cash down. In Cured Meats the market is almost entirely bare. Pickled Meats in barrels and tierces have been tolerably active, and sales of Hams have been made at [illegible], and Shoulders at [illegible] ℔ brl of 200 lbs. To-DAY 50 brls Shoulders were sold at the latter quotation. Green Meats have been in fair request, but scarce. To-day 800 pieces Sides were sold at 7¾c, and 200 at 7½c packed. A lot of 1,600 Green Hams were also sold at 7½c. LARD—Since the date of our last weekly review the market has advanced ½@¾c, closing firm at 10c. To-DAY the sales were:—50 tierces Leaf Lard at Milwaukee at 9¾c; 250 tierces prime Lard (city) at 10c. The stock of Lard is very light. Yellow Grease is in good demand at 6c.

POTATOES—Receipts last week 66 bu; shipped 48 bu. The stock of sound potatoes is light and the market firm at 45c for Neshannocks and Pinkeyes. Common are rather slow sale at 40c.

POULTRY—Dressed Chickens in good demand and scarce at $1.50@1.75 ℔ dozen; Turkeys [illegible] ℔ lb.

SEEDS—Receipts last week, 105,218 lbs; shipped, 30,921 lbs. TIMOTHY—The market during the week was quite excited, and prices advanced 40@45c per bushel, but closes more quiet. To-DAY the demand was rather limited. Sales were: 150 bushels fair Seed at $2.92½c; 12 bushels at $2.95. CLOVER—In the early part of the week there was an active demand and prices advanced 10@15c; but during the past few days there has been a good supply, with few buyers, and the market closes dull. To-DAY 13 bags prime Clover were sold at $4.90; 10 bags good at 4.85. HUNGARIAN GRASS—There has been but little offering, and some sales at 70@75c, at which the market closed nominal.

SPIRITS AND OILS—SPIRITS—Camphene, 55c; Turpentine, 54c; Burning Fluid 48c; OILS—Linseed, 68c; No 1 Lard, 85c; No. 2 Lard, 68c; Elephant 75c; Whale, 70c; Sperm $1.80; Neatsfoot, 85c; Tanner, 50c; Shore, 65c; Kerosene, B. O.95c; Coal, 90c; Lubricating Oil, 70@75c; Seal, 82½c.

SALT—Shipped last week, 770 brls. Market steady at $1.50 for Fine; $1.60 for Coarse; and $2.50 for Dairy.

TALLOW—Receipts last week, 280 lbs; shipped, 77,837 lbs. The market is quite bare and prices are firm. Sales to-day were: 20 brls No 2 at 9¾c; 25 brls prime at 10c. lbs. The stock is light and the demand limited at 9¾@10c. To-DAY 10 brls country were sold at 9¾c; 15 brls city at 10c.

WOOL—The market remains very quiet and almost entirely nominal at the following prices:

FLEECE—	Common, native........	30@35c
	Quarter blood........	35@38c
	Half blood........	38@42c
	Three quarter blood........	40@45c
	Full blood Saxony........	45@50c
PULLED—	No. 1........	[illegible]
	Superfine........	[illegible]
	Extra........	[illegible]
	Double Extra........	40@45c

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Jan. 31.

ASHES—Continue steady; sales 100 brls at $5.25 for pots; $5.37½ for pearls.

FLOUR—Dull and heavy, without any material change. Shippers offer $5.15 for good extra state; sales 5,100 brls at $4.95@5.00 for super state; $5.15@5.35 for extra do; 4.90@5.00 for super western; $5.15@5.30 for common to medium extra do; $5.60@5.75 for shipping brands of extra round hoop Ohio. Market closing quiet. Canadian flour dull and drooping; sales 450 brls at $5.45@6.70 for common to choice super. Rye flour in limited request at $3.75@4.45 for common to choice super. Buckwheat flour plenty, and dull at $1.75@1.87.

CORN MEAL—Dull and heavy; sales of 50 brls brandywine at $4.15.

WHISKY—Firmer. Sales 110 brls at 24c.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and nominally unchanged; shippers are out in market to any material extent, while holders present no very pressing desire to realize. Rye quiet; small sales at 90@91c. Barley in good supply, and dull and heavy at 70@85c for the whole range. Corn plenty, and dull and heavy; sales 12,000 bu, at 78@80c for new white and yellow Southern. Oats plenty, dull and heavy, at 44@45c for Western, Canadian and State.

PROVISIONS—Pork in good demand and firm. Sales 3,100 bbls at $17.25@17.31 for old mess, 18.12 for new mess, 16.75@17.00 for thin mess, 12.00@12.12½ for old prime, 13.75@14.00 for new ditto, 15.25@15.50 for Western prime mess, and 16.00@[illegible] for city do. Included in the sales are 800 bbls new mess at seller's option, all March, at 18.00, and 300 bbls new thin mess, same option, at 17.00. Beef unchanged; sales 450 bbls at 4.00@4.25 for country prime, 5.00@5.25 for do mess, 9.00@9.75 for repacked mess, and 10.50@11.00 for extra do. Beef hams unchanged. Sales 150 bbls at 14.00@15.00 for Western, 12.00 for State. Prime mess beef steady at $17@19. Sales 350 tierces within the range. Sales 200 tierces India mess beef on private terms; the range $25@28. Dressed Hogs in pretty good request at 7⅝@7¾c for Western. Bacon steady. Sales 100 boxes city short ribbed middles at 9⅝c; 15,000 lbs pickled sides at 8¾c, and 10,000 lbs dry salted shoulders in bulk at 6¾c. Cut Meats firm. Sales 800 pkgs at 6⅞@8¼c for shoulders; 9⅛@10c for hams. Lard firmer. Sales 400 bbls at 10¾@10⅞c. Butter a limited business reported at 11@15c for Ohio; 16@20c for State. Cheese steady at 9@11¼c.

WOOL—Market dull, and about 3c per lb lower since the public sale at Boston, last week. Sales 70 000 lbs at 33@60 for fleece, 24@29 for fair California, and 29 for southern.

GROCERIES—Molasses dull and heavy, without sales of moment. By auction to-day were sales of 50 bbls inferior N. O. at 39@40; 9 bbls do at 18. Candles fairly inquired after, with sales of 2000 boxes adamantine at 17½@19.

STOCKS—Rather better; a fair business doing. Chicago & Rock Island 62⅝, Panama 130, Mich Southern 7, Mich Cent. 38, Reading 39⅞, Harlem 9¾, Do pfd 34¾, Hudson 41¾, Erie 8¼, N Y Central 71⅜, Cleveland & Toledo 20¾, B 10, Galena & Chicago 59¾, B 00, Pacific Mail 78⅜, B 60, Cumberland ½, M Southern 1st bonds 70, California 7s 83, Ill C bonds 88¼.

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FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES, Of All Quarries, and C. W. Brown's Patent Portable Flouring and Grist Mills, And Dealers in DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS, Smut Mills and Separators, Separators for Warehouses, Beltings of all kinds, Hoisting Screws and Bails, Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.

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Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

6 horse power........	$560	20 horse power........	$1,250
8 "	575	25 "	1,540
10 "	725	30 "	1,675
12 "	800	35 "	[illegible]
16 "	1100	40 "	2,300

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with Judson's Patent Governor Valve.

For Flour Mills we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., At very low prices.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago. ☞ Post Office address Box 274. oc5 '59 1y

STEAMBOAT CITY OF CLEVELAND FOR SALE.—The Steamer City of Cleveland was built by Bidwell, Banta & Co, in the year 1857, and is of seven hundred and eighty-eight tons burthen, or thereabouts. This Steamer has ample passenger accommodations, and is well furnished and equipped as a first-class passenger boat; her capacity for freight and passengers is fully equal (if not superior) to any steamer on the Lakes of her tonnage, and is a staunch first-class sea-boat. This boat will be sold on very favorable terms, both as to price and terms of payment, and to parties desiring to purchase a Steamboat a rare opportunity is offered. A full and perfect title will be guaranteed to the purchaser. For further particulars inquire of PASCAL P. PRATT, Of the firm of Pratt & Co., Buffalo. ja21-b466 3m

ALSO FOR SALE.—The Three Schooners, to wit:—Schooner Emma Logan, tonnage [illegible]; Schooner Wings of the Wind, tonnage [illegible]; and Schooner Gov. Hunt, tonnage [illegible]. Either or all of the above named vessels will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to PRATT & CO., Buffalo, N. Y. ja21 b467 3m

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—For sale at cost, by order of the Assignee, the stocks of Millinery Goods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Caps, Ruches, &c., at stores No. 87 Lake street, under Tremont House, and at No. 119 South Clark street, in Larmon Block. BENJ. F. WALKER, Assignee. ja23

TAXES, TAXES, TAXES.—The undersigned, Collector of the town of West Chicago, hereby notifies the Tax-payers of said town, that for all taxes remaining unpaid on and after the first day of February, he will be bound to levy on the goods and chattels for the same, as the law requires. See Township Organization Law, page 43, sec. 1, 2 and 3. Office corner of West Water and Canal streets. THOS. MORRIS.

TO PRINTERS.—This day issued, our Specimen Sheet of second hand Job Type. Over 100 varieties represented, which are offered at 30 per cent. discount. Send for a copy. Address W. M. RAND, Press and Tribune Office, 51 Clark st. ja26

COAL SCREENINGS FOR SALE.—150 tons Coarse Briar Hill and Peru Coal Screenings at [illegible] per ton, at HIGGINS & LIGHTHALL'S Coal Yard, East end Madison street Bridge. Premises American Trans. Co.

CHICAGO RELIGIOUS BOOK STORE. 57 WELLS STREET. 57 Depository of American Tract Society. Publications of Congregational Board, Presbyterian Board, R. Carter and Brothers, Gould & Lincoln, Martiens, and many other publishers. WM. G. HOLMES, 57 Wells Street.

NOTICE TO EXPRESSMEN & DRAYMEN.—Peru $4 vein Coal at $4.00 per ton. Any Expressman or Drayman bringing orders for Coal, will receive a commission of 10 cents per ton, at HIGGINS & LIGHTHALL'S Coal Yard, East end Madison street Bridge. Premises American Trans. Co.

TO GROCERYMEN.—A Rare chance to any person wishing to buy out an old established Grocery Store, with a large run of regular and reliable customers, in one of the best locations in the city, will find an opportunity seldom met with. For information address P. O. [Box 1801.]

TO PACKERS—Five Hundred empty Molasses and Sugar Hogsheads, in good order, which we offer for sale low, by CHICAGO SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, ja31-1w North Water street.

PARKER & BOYINGTON, (Successors to Sawyer, Parker & Co.) General Commission Merchants, No. 224 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill. R. S. PARKER. L. C. BOYINGTON.

100 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR, new Crop, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water-street.

250 Bbls. NEW YORK SYRUP Amber. PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water-street.

1000 BAGS RIO AND JAVA COFFEE, For sale by J. W. DOANE & CO., 72 Dearborn st.

BY TELEGRAPH.

XXXVIth CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31, 1860.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Commissioner of Patents, transmitting the Meteorological Observations of 1859, which he thought of sufficient interest to be printed. Referred.

Mr. Iverson introduced a bill to carry out the provisions of the 15th Article of the treaty with Mexico.

Mr. Fitch introduced a resolution for printing 5000 extra copies of the President's Message and accompanying documents. Adopted.

Mr. Grimes asked to be excused from serving on the Committee on Private Land Claims. Granted.

Mr. Douglas' resolution was called up, and Mr. Hunter spoke. He pointed out the vast importance of the products of slave labor to the people of the North. He argued that there was no irrepressible hostility between the sections, and that the emancipation of the slaves would prove a great injury to the people of all the sections. If the North could not in conscience carry out the provisions of the Constitution, the manly course was to say so and to prepare for a separation. Free Society was an experiment, whereas slavery had been tried and proved to be stable. A strict observance of the Constitution would save the Union. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The galleries of the House are as densely crowded as yesterday. The excitement to-day is not so intense, nor is the floor encumbered with as many unprivileged persons.

On motion of Mr. Stanton, there was a call of the House. It appears that the following gentlemen were absent: Messrs. Boyce, Stallworth, Brown of Kentucky, Sickles, Kunkle, Soule and Clark B. Cochrane.

Mr. Sherman moved that the House proceed to vote for a Speaker, *viva voce.*

Mr. Winslow submitted that the motion was not in order.

Pending the proceedings under the call of the House, Mr. Sherman insisted that it was the duty of the Clerk to put the question on his motion.

Mr. Bocock, in order to gain time for the absentees to arrive, moved to adjourn. Negatived.

Mr. Smith, of North Carolina, rose—when there was cries of "Sit down, Sit down." Order first being restored, that gentleman said: Mr. Clerk, I cannot find language adequate to convey to the members of this body my deep sense of obligation to the honorable gentlemen of the various political organizations constituting this House for the honor which they endeavored to confer upon me by placing me in the Chair, and entrusting me with the high and important responsibility of presiding over this body. When I recollect how much of self sacrifice must have been incurred, how much gentlemen have given up in the patriotic effort to concentrate the vote of this House on some individual who stands on National and broad comprehensive ground, and when I remember that I myself with a name unknown to fame, now making my entry on this floor for the first time, have received the honor of so large a vote as was conferred on me, I shall only say I shall cherish their kindness during the residue of my official term and while a member of this body, and carry with me into the shade of private life, when my public service shall have ended, a great and abiding sense of the deep obligation under which the gentlemen have placed me. But without intending now, as this is not a proper occasion to go into any matters of detail, I will take the liberty of saying that I am satisfied that the presentation of my name longer before this body would not contribute toward the success or wishes of the gentlemen who have so cordially and steadily sustained me. I therefore beg leave before another ballot is taken, to withdraw my name as a candidate before this body, and to say that I hope that the indications which are now presenting themselves may be the harbingers of the return of good will amongst all the States of the confederacy, and that in preserving intact and inviolate the Constitution we may find the guaranteed rights of every part of our confederacy in our glorious and blessed union perpetuated to the remotest period of time. [Mr. Smith at the conclusion of his remarks was privately congratulated by many of his friends.]

Mr. —— nominated John A. McClernand for Speaker.

Mr. Millson, in a speech, seconded the nomination of Mr. McClernand.

A spirited debate followed, and various explanations were made.

The House then proceeded to vote.

Mr. Davis, of Md., voted for Mr. Pennington. [Hisses and applause.]

During the ballot various gentlemen explained the reasons for their voting for Mr. McClernand.

Messrs. Hardeman, Leach of N. C., Mallory, and Moore of Ky., Americans, withdrew their votes until it could be shown that they were necessary to elect Mr. McClernand.

Messrs. Maynard, Smith of N. C., and Vance, Americans, voted for Mr. McClernand. Mr. Vance said it was no time for Southern men to hesitate, when a Maryland slaveholder (Davis) had landed himself in the bosom of the Black Republican party.

Mr. Ashmore made an earnest appeal to the South Americans and Democrats to concentrate on Mr. McClernand. If they did not now elect, a Republican would be chosen on the next trial.

The result was announced:

Whole number of votes........	233
Necessary to a choice........	117
Mr. Pennington........	[illegible]
Mr. McClernand........	[illegible]
Mr. Gilmer........	[illegible]
Scattering........	[illegible]

The Republicans were impatient for another vote, which the Democrats resisted. The latter promised a vote should be taken to-morrow after the preliminary calling of the House. Adjourned.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Resolutions were introduced in the Virginia House of Delegates today, declaring that while we recognize an imperative necessity for decisive measures in the present condition of things, yet we believe that prompt and efficient co-operation can be more safely obtained by the direct and authoritative action of the constituted authorities of the Southern States, than the agency of an assemblage which can have no legitimate power except to debate and advise; therefore, the General Assembly of Virginia will not at this time undertake to invite any conference of Commissioners appointed by the authorities of the Southern States.

Thaddeus Hyatt, President of the National Kansas Committee, has written to Senator Mason a letter in answer to the subpœna to appear before the Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee on the first of February, in which he informs the Committee that while he will so far regard the summons as to appear before them, he will not answer any of their interrogatories, because he questions the exercise by a legislative body of powers purely judicial that are neither incident to the Government nor conferred by any express provision of the Constitution. In this position, Mr. Hyatt is sustained by the best legal advice of Massachusetts and New York.

Jas. Redpath, of Malden, Mass., author of the "Life of John Brown," has also been subpœned to appear and testify, but he, in a very spicy, and what might be called a very saucy letter, refuses to comply with the summons.

[New York Tribune Correspondence.]

In the voting to-day for Speaker, Mr. Riggs gave his vote for Mr. Pennington. It would have elected, but Mr. Briggs, who has repeatedly pledged his vote for Mr. Pennington, refusing to give it. Mr. Riggs then changed his vote from Mr. Pennington to Mr. McClernand, but will vote again for Mr. Pennington when his vote will elect.

[N. Y. Herald's Correspondence.]

The Harper's Ferry Committee met to-day, but did not examine witnesses. The letter of Hyatt was received, but no action taken, the Committee preferring to wait until Mr. Hyatt appears before them on Wednesday. Hon. S. E. Sewell, of Boston, acts as counsel for Mr. Hyatt. There is little doubt that Hyatt refuses to answer the questions propounded to him by the Committee, that he will be deemed a contumacious witness and arraigned at the bar of the Senate for contempt. His reasons for not answering will then be the same as he gives in his letter. This will cause his committal. A writ of *habeas corpus* will then be issued for his release, and thus the question will be brought before the Supreme Court of the United States, and be legally tested. Mr. Hyatt will arrive here to-morrow.

Dr. Howe will await the legal test to be made by Hyatt before appearing. Giddings has not yet arrived, and may assume the same position taken by Hyatt. Realf is noticed to appear on Wednesday, when the Committee will probably question him on some new point.

Since the discharge of Mr. Arny as a witness before the Committee, he has said that if he had not been stopped by the Chairman, he would have shown that Brown was twenty-five miles from Pottawatomie on the night that Wilkinson, the Doyles and Sherman were killed. He says Brown told him he was not with the party, but that it was a righteous deed. One of the party also told him Brown was not there, but was camped on Meadow Creek.

[N. Y. Times Correspondence.]

The U. S. steamer Massachusetts has completed her duty of removing troops from San Juan Island, and proceeds to San Francisco for repairs, and then returns to Puget Sound.

Second Lt. Wildrake, of Company G, 3d Artillery, and Lt. Robert, of the corps of Engineers, will proceed immediately to Fort Cascades.

A conspiracy was detected among the Company B 1st Dragoons, which had for its object an attack on a non-commissioned officer of the Company. The mutinous act was plotted in secret, and was consummated in public on the parade ground of the Company and in presence of all its members, and of these none were found brave and loyal enough to defend their officer. The mutineers have been tried and sentenced for punishment.

The engines of the United States steamer Mississippi, just returned from a three years' cruise, gave way yesterday, just before entering Boston harbor. No accident had happened before during the entire cruise.

From New Orleans.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 31.—The *Courier's* special New Orleans correspondent, telegraphs the following:

The last rail of the Mississippi Central R. R. is to laid on the 31st.

The Mississippi river is raising rapidly at New Orleans and above.

A bill has been introduced into the Texas Legislature providing for the imprisonment of the northern preachers, teachers and drummers who may come there.

Gov. Houston's message dissents completely from the secession resolutions of the South Carolina Legislature.

From New Mexico.

INDEPENDENCE, Jan. 31.—The Santa Fe mail arrived here to-day.

Lieut. Robinson, who went out two weeks ago, was accidentally shot through the arm.

There were two mails lying at Pawnee Fork, awaiting escorts. Lieut. Beale had sent two escorts from there with the out going mails. No Indians were seen by the mail party.

A Conspiracy Discovered.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Mr. Sutton, Warden of the City Prison, yesterday afternoon made a very important discovery in the cells of the two murderers, Stephens and Sanchez. It appears that these two prisoners had entered into a conspiracy to escape. The plan was to kill the two night keepers, when those officers opened the cell door to hand in their supper, then obtain the keys, and pass out. A loaded revolver was found on each prisoner.

Railroad Accident and Loss of Life.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—The day express train from New York, for this city, ran off the track near Palmer, and one of the cars was thrown down an embankment, turning several somersaults. The brakeman had both legs crushed. He died of his injuries. Mr. and Mrs. Biddles, actors, and a Mrs. Ogden, were seriously injured, and about twenty passengers were somewhat bruised. Rev. Merrill Richardson, of Worcester, was seriously injured.

An Emeute in the Virginia Legislature.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 31.—A difficulty occurred to-day which was, however, amicably settled, between the Speaker of the House of Delegates and Mr. Seldon, of Stafford, who prevented action yesterday on the resolution relative to the appointment of a committee on the resolutions of the South Carolina Mission.

No Signs of the Steamer.

HALIFAX, Jan. 31—8 P. M.—There are no signs of the Royal Mail Steamship America, now in her 18th day from Liverpool. The news despatch for the associated press on her arrival will be transmitted over the Nova Scotia line to Amherst, and thence by the express to Sackville, a distance of only five miles, which will insure great promptness in its delivery to the press throughout the United States.

Destructive Fire at Burlington, Iowa.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Jan. 31.—A destructive fire occurred here this A. M., destroying the entire stock of Ross & Whipple, Hardware Merchants, and the Grocery establishment of E. G. Geshurind. Total loss estimated at $30,000. Insurance not known.

Family Poisoned.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 30.—The family of James O. Pettingill, of Adams' Basin, consisting of Mr. Pettingill, Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. Lewis, nurse, were poisoned yesterday with strychnine administered by a servant girl. Mrs. Lewis will probably live.

Another Display of Southern Chivalry.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—Eighteen citizens of Mason and Bracken Counties, Ky., were expelled on account of their opinions on the subject of slavery. Most of them arrived here yesterday.

Douglas.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 31.—Senator Douglas was last night the guest of Ex-Governor Price. He took the early train from here this morning for Washington.

Steamer Over Due.

HALIFAX, Jan. 31, 12 M.—There are as yet no signs of the America, now over due here with Liverpool dates of the 18th inst.

H. B. & CO.

The Best is the Cheapest

SOAPS, CANDLES, OILS, FLUIDS, CHOICE PERFUMERY, &c.

PREMIUM TOILET SOAPS!

SOAP FOR THE SEASONS!
SOAP FOR FAMILY USE!
SOAP FOR SHAVING!
SOAP FOR INFANTS!

These soaps are unequalled for their cleansing and softening properties. Wholesale and Retail, at the Toilet Emporium, 37 So. Clark-St.

The Comet Soap Works, Clybourn Bridge.

HAYWARD, BLOMFIELD & CO. de20 '59 1

Money and Exchange

$50,000 TO LOAN ON First-Class Security, At ten per cent. for five years. ☞ Short Paper Discounted. B. F. DOWNING & CO., 63 Clark-st. de19

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE SECURITIES And Good Improved Farms in this State. CHAMBERS, FENTON & CO., ja21-b 70-1m No. 121 Lake-st., cor. Clark, (Room No. 8.)

MONEY TO LOAN—FOR ONE, TWO, OR FIVE YEARS, ON CITY PROPERTY. AT LOW RATES. Business Paper wanted. ja19 ly-60ly J. L. LEE, 66 Clark street.

AIKEN & NORTON, BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Corner Clark and Lake street, Chicago, Ill. ja7-ly

J. M. ADSIT'S BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, 39....CLARK STREET, CHICAGO....39 Eastern Exchange, Gold and Silver for sale. The highest market price paid for Exchange, Gold and Silver. Premiums paid for Eastern, Ohio and Indiana Bank Notes. de9 '59 1y

TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE On New York. Drafts, Acceptances, and Notes paid in New York on the day of maturity, or last day of grace, and money deposited for account in the city of New York, and sent to cities in the vicinity of New York, on telegraph orders. EMERY COBB, Telegraph Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.—I lend Money on Chicago Real Estate Securities running from six months to two years. I Discount first-class Commercial Notes. I negotiate three to five years loans bearing ten per cent. interest. CHARLES H. HAM, my1y 94 Clark street, Chicago.

Spalding's Prepared Glue! "A Stitch in Time saves Nine." ECONOMY! Dispatch! Save the Pieces!

As accidents will happen even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Crockery, Toys, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless dolls, and broken cradles. It is just the article for cone, shell and other ornamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and taste.

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in solution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet-maker's Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage, being vastly more adhesive.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N.B.—A Brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 Cents.

Wholesale Depot, No. 48 Cedar-st., New York. Address HENRY C. SPALDING & CO. Box No 3,600 New York.

Put up for dealers in Cases containing four, eight or twelve dozen—a beautiful Lithograph Show-Card accompanying each package.

☞ A single Bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware, and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores. Country Merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate. de11 dly eod

UNITED STATES MAIL.—Only Weekly Line to CORK, LIVERPOOL, And all the principal cities of Great Britain and the Continent of Europe, calling at Queenstown, (Cork) Ireland. THE MONTREAL MAIL Ocean Steamship Company's First class full powered Clyde built steamers in connection with the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY of Canada, sail every Saturday from Portland, carrying the United States and Canadian Mails and passengers.

Hungarian, Capt. Jones.	Nova Scotian, Capt. Borland.
Bohemian, " McMaster.	North American, " Aston.
North Briton " Grange.	Canadian, (new)
Anglo Saxon, " Balantine.	New ship, (building)

Quickest, Cheapest and most comfortable sea passage. Fare from Chicago or Milwaukee to Queenstown (Cork) or Liverpool: First Class, according to state room ....$91 and $101. Steerage, found with cooked provisions .... Return Tickets, First Class, good for 6 months, $150 and $170. Steerage.......... Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, by above steamers or sailing vessels, at very reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to the Company's General Agents, Sabel & Searle, 19 Water street, Liverpool; Cork and Dublin, and 23 Broadway, New York; Wm. Graham, Detroit & Milwaukee R. R., Milwaukee, or to JAMES WARRACK, Grand Trunk Railway Office, 74 Dearborn Street, Chicago. dly

GREAT VICTORIA BRIDGE OPEN. This immense Iron structure, nearly two miles in length, (the longest in the world) stretched across the RIVER ST. LAWRENCE At Montreal, at a cost of Six and a half Millions of Dollars, to connect the Eastern and Western divisions of the Grand Trunk Railway OF CANADA, Is now open for public traffic. This road, of nearly 1,100 miles in length, is operated under ONE MANAGEMENT FROM DETROIT, MICH., TO PORTLAND, ME. And there is only ONE CHANGE OF CARS From Chicago or the Mississippi River to Portland or Boston. Quickest and most comfortable route for travelers between the West and all points in Canada and New England. Passengers will find through tickets to all parts of Canada and the New England States, also in Chicago and Liverpool. An (for the Continent of Europe,) at considerably reduced rates, by the only regular weekly line of UNITED STATES AND EUROPEAN MAIL STEAMERS, sailing from Portland every Saturday, and from Liverpool every Wednesday through to Quebec. For further particulars apply to WALTER SHANLY, General Manager, Montreal. JAS. WARRACK, Gen'l Western Agent, 74 Dearborn Street Chicago.

LAKE SUPERIOR.— 1860. Chicago, Milwaukee and Lake Superior Line. On the opening of navigation Two Steamers, the LADY ELGIN and ONTONAGON, will be put on the line between Chicago and Lake Superior. In addition to the Line of Steamers, the Lady Elgin and Ontonagon will run on Lake Superior, and connect at the Sault with the Ontonagon running between Chicago and Sault Ste. Marie. The above arrangement will furnish a boat from Chicago every few days. A. T. SPENCER & CO., Agents, Foot of Lasalle street, Chicago, Ill.

Commission Merchants.

WEBSTER & BAXTER, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Office 197 Kinzie Street. We give our personal attention to the purchase and sale of all kinds of produce in this market. [illegible] D. F. BAXTER.

CHADBOURNE & WETHERBEE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 212 South Water street. Give their personal attention to the purchase and sale of Grain, Flour, and other produce, on commission. Liberal allowances on property. A. C. CHADBOURNE. G. F. WETHERBEE.

SHACKFORD & HOW, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 2 New Board of Trade Rooms, Chicago, Ill. Give exclusive attention to the legitimate business of COMMISSION MERCHANTS; buying and selling for others on the order. Will make liberal advances on property in store or for Shipment East. SAML. SHACKFORD. GEO. M. HOW.

UNDERWOOD & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 152 South Water Street, CHICAGO. mh22 '58

MILES, WRIGHT & SHERMAN GENERAL Commission Merchants, No. 5, Dole's Building, cor. of South Water and Clark Sts. CHICAGO. Dealers in every description of Country Produce, ON COMMISSION, EXCLUSIVELY. REFER TO George Smith & Co., Chicago; Munger & Armour, Chicago; Sturges, Buckingham & Co., Chicago; James Mitchell & Co., Freeport. [jy18 1y]

LELAND & MIXER, Packers & Commission Merchants, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BEEF, PORK, LARD, HAMS, ETC., ETC. Particular attention paid to CURING HAMS for family use. Packing House and Store, 231 South Water street. P. O. BOX 4276. CHICAGO. WINDSOR LELAND. C. M. S. MIXER.

E. G. WOLCOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6 Dole's Building, Cor. Clark and South Water streets, Chicago, Ill. Liberal advances made on Consignments for sale in Chicago, Buffalo, or Oswego. E. G. WOLCOTT. D. W. TICKNOR.

BRAINARD & HUTCHINSON, (Successors to Stevens, Brainard & Co.,) GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 209 South Water street, Chicago, Ill., will give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Produce on Commission. Liberal cash advances made on Bills of Lading and property in store. ☞ Post Office Box 2959. au27-ly

A. N. KING, (LATE OF CLOCUM & KING,) DEALER IN HIDES, WOOL, PELTS AND SEEDS. 163 Kinzie Street, Chicago. One door East of the Old Stand. oc20 a780 6m

C. M. DUPUY, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, Office No. 1 Steel's Block, South Water street, Corner of Lasalle street, Chicago. ☞ Warehouse, No. 13 South Water street. oc20-1y

WILLIAMS & HOUGHTELING COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 216½ South Water street, second door West of Wells street Bridge, give their exclusive attention to the sale and purchase of all kinds of Produce, Stock, &c., on Commission. Cash advances made on Bills of Lading and property in store. Refer to George Smith & Co., Marine Bank and George Steele & Co. J. M. WILLIAMS. W. D. HOUGHTELING.

CHAS. BUNKER, JR., COMMISSION MERCHANT No. 2 Aiken's Building. ADVANCES made on shipments of Flour and Grain to Tucker & Starbuck, New York.

HERVEY, BARKER & CO, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 219 South Water Street, CHICAGO, ILL. Cash advances on Property in Store. C. W. HERVEY. J. S. BARKER. F. CONNER.

GILBERT A. COLBY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 6 Board of Trade Building. Liberal advances made on consignment for shipping East.

NORTON, WALTER & ROGERS STORAGE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 16 RIVER STREET, CHICAGO. Advances made on Flour, Pork, Highwines, and other Produce. Storage in Fire Proof Stores, with Cellars for Pork, Lard, &c.

CHAMBERLAIN & SEYMOUR, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the purchase and sale of GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE & MERCHANDISE, No. 1 Pardee's Building, corner of Wells and South Water street, Chicago, Illinois. Liberal advances made on consignments. F. V. CHAMBERLAIN, H. W. SEYMOUR.

WATSON V. COE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the purchase and Sale of PORK, FLOUR, GRAIN AND STOCK, No. 216½ South Water street, Chicago. WATSON V. COE. WM. H. RICE. A. L. UNDERWOOD.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE Cash Advances on Grain. For shipment East, giving the owner the privilege of selling in Buffalo or New York for the same commission. UNDERWOOD & CO., 152 South Water street.

J. J. RICHARDS, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 5 Pomeroy's Building, Chicago. Liberal Advances Made on Consignments. REFERENCES—J. H. Dunham, J. Young Scammon, Geo. W. Dole, Rumsey, Bro. & Co., Chicago; Royal Moore, Naples, Ill; Woodruff & Co., New York; Hening & Woodruff, St. Louis; J. Bunn, Banker, Springfield, Ill.; C. S. Dole, Chicago.

RUMSEY, BROTHER & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain, and other Produce, on commission. No. 146 S. Water cor. Clark st., Chicago.

SAWYER, WALLACE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, New York. UNDERWOOD & CO., Chicago, Agents for the Northwest.

NEELY, LAWRENCE & CO., [SUCCESSORS TO ALBERT E. NEELY & CO.,] PRODUCE, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS. ALBERT E. NEELY. B. F. LAWRENCE. W. T. WINDIATE. E. F. LAWRENCE. Personal attention given to sales of Grain, Flour, Provisions and Country Produce Generally. ☞ Business exclusively Commission. Also, dealers in Salt, Water-Lime, Quick-Lime, Plastering Hair, &c. 236, 238 and 240 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.

CULVER & COMPANY, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 216 South Water Street. B. F. CULVER. C. E. CULVER.

LEES & WALLER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 79 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK CITY. WALKER & CO., No. 17 WELLS STREET, (over Geo. Smith's Bank,) CHICAGO. Cash advances made on Produce in store, or shipped to our house in New York. JAS. B. WALLER, Chicago. JAS. LEES and EDW. WALLER, New York.

ALLEN VANE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the sale of Flour, Grain, Beef, Pork, Hams, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Seeds, Dried Fruits, &c. 129 South Water-st., Chicago. Agents for Hamburgh and Western Reserve Cheese. ALLEN VANE.

ALBERT MORSE & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 184 South Water street, Aiken's Building, Chicago, Ill. Business confined strictly to Commissions.

MURRY NELSON, Produce, Commission and Shipping Merchant, No. 214 South Water street. (Agent for the Fulton Starch Works, Oswego Co., N.Y.) Liberal cash advances on Flour and Grain for shipment to Oswego or New York, or in store; giving the shipper the privilege of selling in either market for one commission.

E. W. DENSMORE, HAVING REMOVED to his new location, will continue in the FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL AND FEED BUSINESS As heretofore, and is also prepared to do a General Commission business, and make cash advances on consignments of property in store. 209 SOUTH WATER STREET, Corner of Wells.

Leather and Findings.

LEATHER! LEATHER!! French Calf and Kip, Spanish Sole, Morocco, &c. A choice selection just received. Harness, Bridle, Upper Kip, Calf, &c., &c., of our own Tanning at our new store. No. 230 Lake Street. C. C. WALLIN & SON.

LEATHER! LEATHER!! We have now in store, and daily coming forward our Fall Stock of Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather, Oak and Hemlock Upper, French and Domestic Kip, French and Domestic Calf, Waterproof Kip, Calf & Upper, Splits, Cordovan, Buff Upper, &c., &c. Also, the largest assortment of Kit and Shoe Findings, TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, And at prices that will ensure satisfaction. Orders from the country carefully and promptly attended to. HARDENBERG & WILLIAMS, No. 20 Lake street, Chicago.

Dentists' Cards.

FULLER & ALBAUGH, DENTISTS, 86 WEST RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO 86. Post Office Box 2488. J. C. FULLER. WM. ALBAUGH.

DRS. BAKER & BUSH Dental Surgeons. CHICAGO, ILL. Cor. Clark and Madison street—Post Office Box 2166.

W. H. KENNICOTT, DENTIST, Assisted by Dr. John White. 131 LAKE STREET.

W. W. ALLPORT DENTIST. [illegible]

DRIED BERRIES—25 Brls Dried Blackberries, 10 do dried Whortleberries, 20 do dried [illegible]. J. W. LITTLE & CO. [illegible]

Railroads.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD. 1859....Winter Arrangement....1860. On and after Sunday, December 4th, 1859, trains will leave the Great Central Depot at

9:30 a.m., (Sundays excepted) arriving at Decatur at 6.15 p.m.; at Springfield at 8.15 p.m.; St. Louis at 12.30 a.m.; Cairo at 4.30 a.m.; Memphis at 4.30 p.m. next day, and New Orleans at 6.30 p.m., third day.

9:30 p.m., (Saturdays excepted) arriving at Peoria at 6.45 a.m.; Galesburgh at 10.15 a.m.; St. Louis at 1.00 p.m.; Cairo at 4.45 p.m.; Memphis 5.30 a.m. second day, and New Orleans at 6.30 p.m., third day.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains.

HYDE PARK AND WOODLAWN TRAINS. Leave Chicago at 7.00 a.m., 12.00 noon, 6.10 p.m. Leave Woodlawn at 7.40 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 6.30 p.m.

W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Superintendent. W. S. JOHNSON, Gen. Passenger Agent.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAYS. 1859....FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENTS....1860. Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago:

6:00 am.—New York and Boston Express (except Sundays) arrive at Detroit 6:00 pm., Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 4:30 am., Albany 4:00 pm., New York 10:15 pm., Boston 12:00 at night.

9:45 am.—Cincinnati and Louisville Express—(except Sundays)—arrive at Cincinnati at 11:30 am., and Louisville at 5:00 am.

7:30 pm.—New York and Boston Express—(daily)—arrive at Detroit 7:00 am. Suspension Bridge or Buffalo 6:00 am., Albany 4:30 pm., New York 10:30 am, Boston 4:00 pm.

7:30 pm.—Cincinnati and Louisville Express—(except Saturday)—arrive at Cincinnati at 11:30 am, Louisville 4:30 pm.

Only one train on Sunday at 7:30 pm. The 6:00 am and 7:30 pm trains connect at Paris with Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway for Buffalo and all points East; at Toronto with the Grand Trunk Railway to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec, and all points in Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine. Baggage checked through. Through Tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the North and West, and at the Company's office, 56 Dearborn street, Chicago, at the Depot, foot of Lake street. R. N. RICE, Superintendent. H. J. SPALDING, General Passenger Agent.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, WINTER ARRANGEMENT. On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 11, 1859, two Express Trains daily for ST. LOUIS, CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG, AND NEW ORLEANS, Northern Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. By way of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Air-Line Railroad, leave New Depot, corner of West Van Buren and Canal streets, going South, as follows: Trains leave St. Louis Depot, cor. West Van Buren and Canal streets.

11.15 a.m.—Day Express (Sundays excepted.)
8:00 p.m.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays excepted.)

ARRIVE AT CHICAGO.

8:45 a.m.—Night Express.
10:30 p.m.—Mail and Express.

☞ Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

CONNECTIONS. At Chicago with all the Great Eastern and Northern Lines. At Joliet with the Rock Island R. R. west, and the "cut off" east. At Peoria Junction with the Peoria and Oquawka R. R. to Peoria, Galesburgh, Burlington, and intermediate stations. At Bloomington with the Illinois Central Railroad North and South. At Springfield with the Great Western (Ill.) Railroad east to Decatur, and west to Jacksonville and Naples. At St. Louis with the Pacific Railroad, Missouri River Packets, North Missouri Railroad, Keokuk Packets and Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad to all points on Missouri River, Pike's Peak and the gold regions, North Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, and with St. Louis, Cairo and New Orleans new line of steamers to Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

Through Tickets can be had at the Company's Office, No. 48 Dearborn street, opposite Tremont House, Chicago, at the Depot, corner West Van Buren and Canal streets, and at the principal railroad ticket offices in the Eastern, Middle and Western States. Express Freight Trains leave daily for St. Louis at 5.00 p.m.—through in thirty six hours. ☞ Rates of Fare and Freights same as by any other route.

Joliet Accommodation. Stopping at intermediate stations—leave Joliet at 8:00 a.m.; arrive at Chicago at 9:50 a.m. Leave Chicago at 4:30 p.m.; arrive at Joliet at 6:20.

JAMES ROBB, CHARLES CONGDON, Receivers. JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer. N. H. MOORE, Gen. Freight Agent. [my24]

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. 360 MILES DOUBLE TRACK. The capacity of this Road is now equal to any in the country. Three Through Passenger Trains Between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. Connecting direct in the Union Depot, at Pittsburgh, with Through Trains from all Western Cities for Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore and Washington City; thus furnishing facilities for the transportation of Passengers unsurpassed, for speed and comfort, by any other route. Express and Fast Lines run through to Philadelphia, without change of Cars or Conductors. Smoking Cars are attached to each train; Woodruff's Sleeping Cars to Express and Fast Trains. The Express runs daily, Mail and Fast Line Sundays excepted. Three daily trains connect direct for New York. Express and Fast Line connect for Baltimore and Washington. All Through Passenger Trains provided with Loughridge's Patent Brake—speed under perfect control of the Engineer, thus adding much to the safety of Travelers. Six Daily Trains between Philadelphia and New York; Two Daily Trains between New York and Boston. Through Tickets, all-rail, are good on either of the above trains. Boat Tickets to Boston are good via Norwich, Fall River or Stonington Lines. Boston passengers transferred free of charge through New York. Tickets may be obtained at any of the important Railroad Offices in the West; also, on board any of the regular Line of Steamers on the Mississippi or Ohio Rivers; and at the Offices of the Company in Boston, New York, Baltimore, or Philadelphia.

☞ FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AND TIME AS QUICK AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. ASK FOR TICKETS BY PITTSBURGH.

The completion of the Western connections of the Pennsylvania Railroad, makes this the DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE GREAT WEST. The connecting of tracks by the Railroad Bridge at Pittsburgh, avoiding all drayage or ferriage of Freight, together with the saving of time, are advantages readily appreciated by Shippers of Freight, and the Traveling Public. For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions, apply to or address either of the following Agents of the Company: D. A. STEWART, Pittsburgh; H. S. Pierce & Co., Zanesville, O.; J. J. Johnston, Ripley, O.; R. McNeeley, Maysville, Ky.; Ormsby & Cropper, Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.; H. W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati; Athern & Hibbert, Cincinnati; R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Jos. E. Moore, Louisville; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, Shuler & Glass, St. Louis; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill., or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West.

The Greatest Facilities offered for the Protection and Speedy Transportation of LIVE STOCK. And good accommodations with usual privileges for persons traveling in charge thereof.

FREIGHTS. By this Route Freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri, by Railroad direct. The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburgh with Steamers, by which Goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with Steamers to all Ports on the Northwestern Lakes. Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their Freight to this Company, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit. The rates of Freight to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at all times as favorable as are charged by other R. R. Companies. ☞ Be particular to mark packages "VIA PENNA. R. R."

E. J. SNEEDER, Philadelphia. MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street, Baltimore. LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House, or No. 1 S. Wm. st. New York. LEECH & CO. No. 77 State street, Boston. H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't Philadelphia. L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Ag't Philadelphia. THOS. A. SCOTT, Gen'l Sup't, Altoona, Pa. ja7-60 1y

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN, LAKE SHORE AND GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINES. 1859-60....WINTER ARRANGEMENT....1859-60. Takes effect on and after Nov. 13. Great Through Route to New York, Toledo, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Wheeling, Syracuse, Troy, Burlington, Detroit, Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Albany, Rutland, Montreal, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Springfield, Worcester, Portland, Quebec, and all the points in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, New England States, and the Canadas.

6:00 am. Mail and Express leaves Chicago daily, (Sundays excepted,) via old Michigan Road, reaching Toledo at 5:32 pm. and Detroit at [illegible] p.m.

7:00 pm. Night Express leaves Chicago daily, via old Michigan Road, reaching Toledo at 4:35 a.m. and Detroit at 7:30 a.m.

Direct connections made at Toledo with trains on Toledo and Cleveland Road for all points interior in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and the New England States. Direct connections made at Detroit with Great Western Railway to Suspension Bridge, &c. Direct connection made at Detroit with trains on Grand Trunk Railway to Toronto, Prescott, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec and Portland. Direct connections made at Cleveland to Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Wheeling, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Connections made at Toledo with trains on Michigan and Dayton Road to Lima, Dayton, Hamilton and Cincinnati, &c. Connections made at Adrian with trains to Tecumseh, Clinton, Manchester and Jackson. ☞ No change of cars between Chicago and Detroit. Baggage checked through to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c. &c. WOODRUFF'S PATENT SLEEPING CARS accompany all night trains on this route to New York and Boston. Tickets can be had at all ticket offices in the West and at the Company's Office, under the Revere House, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets, and at the depot. G. M. GRAY, General Western Agent. JOHN D. CAMPBELL Gen. Supt.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD. GREAT WESTERN MAIL ROUTE. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. On and after MONDAY, Nov. 28th, 1859, trains will leave Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays excepted: 11.45am and 11:40 pm for Dixon, Polo, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, and intermediate points. At 11:40 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, Beloit, Janesville, and intermediate places. At 4:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate places. Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva Lake and intermediate points, will take the 11:40 am. train. ☞ Sleeping cars on night trains. G. B. TALCOTT, General Supt. H. R. PORTER, Gen. Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. Now completed and cars run from Chicago to Pittsburgh without change, connecting with the great PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City, and all the interior towns of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, &c. Merchants, by taking this route, will have the benefit of all the Eastern market at no additional cost. Baggage checked through. Trains leave the depot, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, West Side, as follows:

6:30 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (Sundays excepted.)
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays excepted.)

Connecting at Crestline with Cleveland and Lake Shore Railroad to Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York and Boston, and all interior towns of New England, via New York Central and New York and Erie Railroads. Also, south to Columbus, Zanesville, Newark, Mount Vernon, Steubenville, Wheeling, and interior towns of Ohio and Virginia. [illegible] connect at Forest with trains on Mad River Road to Springfield, Urbana, Dayton and Cincinnati. Also with trains at Lima for Dayton and Cincinnati direct. FARE AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE. Passengers bound East will find this route both pleasant and agreeable, passing through many of the largest and finest cities in the Union. Passengers arriving at Chicago, on any of the roads, will find attentive check agents at the depots, to receive checks and convey baggage free of charge to the Pittsburgh and Chicago cars. Tickets for sale at all the principal Ticket Offices in the West, also at the Company's Office, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets, opposite the Revere House, and at the Depot West Side, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, Chicago. Be particular to ask for tickets by Fort Wayne. D. PATRICK, Ticket Agent. JAS. W. HUSSON, Freight Agent, Chicago.

RACINE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD. On and after Monday, Jan. 9th, 1860, trains will run as follows daily, (Sundays excepted): LEAVE RACINE. At 10.30 A. M., connecting at Clinton with train leaving Chicago at 11:45 A. M., on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, and arriving at Freeport at 3:30 P. M.—in time for trains on the Illinois Central R. R. for the West and South. LEAVE FREEPORT. At 7:00 A. M., connecting at Racine with trains on the Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad, for Chicago and Milwaukee. Freight forwarded to all points on the Mississippi River at rates as low as by any other route, and with the quickest dispatch. For information inquire at the offices of Chicago and Northwestern, and Chicago and Milwaukee Railroads. G. A. THOMSON, Gen'l Sup't. ROBERT HARRIS, Sup't.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. Passenger Trains leave Chicago at [illegible] P. M. for Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Oshkosh, and at 6 P. M. for Harvard, Rockford and Way Stations. Trains arrive at 11:30 A. M. and 8:30 P. M. daily. GEO. L. DUNLAP, Superintendent.

Railroads.

CHICAGO, IOWA AN NEBRASKA RAILROAD. Chicago, Clinton & Cedar Rap On and after MONDAY, Nov. 28th, 1859, until further notice, trains will run as follows:

TRAINS WESTWARD.	TRAINS EASTWARD.
EXPRESS TRAIN.	EXPRESS TRAIN.
Leave Chicago.....11:40 pm.	Leave Cedar Rap
Leave Clinton.....8:15 am.	Arrive at Clinton
Arrive at Cedar Rapids.........12:30 pm	Arrive at Chicago
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.	ACCOMMODATION.
Leave Clinton.....10:10 am	Leave Cedar Rap
Arrive at Cedar Rapids.........4:10 pm.	Arrive at Clinton

Connecting with all Through Trains for Chicago and the East. At Dewitt, with stages for Davenport and Maquoketa. At Yankee Run, with stages for Toronto. At Union Grove with stages for Tipton. At Lisbon with stages for Anamosa. Also—At Cedar Rapids with stages for Marion, Waterloo, Cedar Falls, Waverly, Clarksville, Charles, Mitchel, Fort Dodge and Sioux City, [illegible] Eldora, Nevada, Boonsboro, Jefferson, Iowa Falls, Marengo, Newton Des Moines, and Council Bluffs. With steamer Blackhawk on Cedar River for Waterloo. This is the shortest, cheapest and most expeditious line between Chicago and Central Iowa, it being only 138 miles from Chicago to the Mississippi River, and thence direct into the interior of Iowa. Tickets for sale at the Wells street Depot, Chicago. ☞ Agent will be at the depot in Fulton, all baggage for Clinton or the road, which will across the river free of charge. M. SMITH, Eng. and Sup J. M. HAM, Genl. Frt. and Ticket Agent.

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE.—Passenger Trains leave from and arrive at Chicago as follows: Day Express and Mail leaves at 9:00 am. and arrives 4:30 pm. (Sundays excepted.) Night Express leaves at 11.15 pm., (Saturdays excepted,) arrives at 5:30 am. (Mondays excepted.) JOHN F. TRACY, Gen. W. L. St. JOHN, Gen. Agent.

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKE RAILROAD.—Depot corner of West Water Cook streets. Trains leave at 12:15 pm.—Day express for Milwaukee and intermediate stations, connecting directly with La Crosse Milwaukee Railroad. 8:45 am.—Milwaukee freight train with passenger car attached for accommodation of way travel. 4.30 pm.—Waukegan Accommodation. Milwaukee trains arrive at 5:30 pm. passenger, and pm. freight. Waukegan train at 8:45 am. ja23 M. L. SYKES, Jr., Su

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD. Passenger Trains leave and arrive at Chicago as follows: Mail leaves 8.45 a.m., Sundays excepted; arrives Sundays excepted. Mendota Accomodation leaves 4.15 p.m., Sundays excepted; arrives 9.30 a.m. Sundays excepted. Express leaves 11.15 p.m. Saturdays excepted; a.m. Mondays excepted. December 7th, 1859. C. G. HAMMOND, General

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKE RAILROAD. Trains leave Chicago at 12:15 p.m. for Milwaukee and intermediate stations, connecting with La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad; at 4:30 p.m. for Waukegan, and a Freight Train for Milwaukee, with Passenger Car attached at a.m. for accommodation of way travel. Trains arrive 5:30 p.m. from Milwaukee; 8:45 a.m. from Waukegan, and Freight at 4:15 p.m. ja5 M. L. SYKES, JR., Supt.

NEW BOOKS FOR 1860 —AT— S. C. GRIGGS & CO., 39 & 41 Lake Street, East of State.

- HOME AND ABROAD—Bayard Taylor's New Volume.
- GREAT TRIBULATION—By Rev. John Cumming.
- PRENTICEANA; OR, WIT AND HUMOR IN PARAGRAPHS—by the Editor of the Louisville Journal.
- MARY HOWITT'S HISTORY OF AMERICA, 2 vol.
- SERMONS—By Richard Fuller, D. D.
- HOW COULD HE HELP IT—By A. S. Roe.
- EVENINGS AT THE MICROSCOPE—By P. H. Gosse.
- CONCORD OF AGES—By Ed. Beecher, D.D.
- DIARY OF A SAMARITAN—By a Member of the Howard Association of New Orleans.
- WILD SCENES ON THE FRONTIER; Or, Heroes of the West—By Emerson Bennett.
- GOSPEL IN LEVITICUS; Or, An Exposition of The Hebrew Ritual—By J. A. Lillie.

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STOP! At No. 141 Lake Street, Chicago, And you will find THE CHEAPEST DRY GOODS Ever offered to the purchaser. THEY MUST BE SOLD. Those desiring Great Bargains Will do well to call at WM. R. ROSS & CO'S. OLD STAND, And see for themselves. STRYKER & CO. ja14-b427-2w

TO LIQUOR DEALERS And Druggists. The undersigned have again established themselves (being burned out last month) at 61 .... ILLINOIS STREET .... 61 and are manufacturing PREMIUM PURE SPIRITS, PREMIUM COLOGNE SPIRITS, DEODORIZED ALCOHOL AND EXTRA DOUBLE DISTILLED KYMMEL SCHNAPPS. Our second quality Pure Spirits will be sold at lower prices and guaranteed equal to the best offered in this market. Dr. G. C. Paoli was awarded first premium (for the best Pure and Cologne Spirits) at the World's Fair held in Crystal Palace, New York, 1853; also, at the late United States Fair, 1859, in this city. Orders received by J. S. BRESLER, 89 South Water Street, DISTILLERY AND OFFICE, No. 61 Illinois street, Between Franklin and Market. G. C. PAOLI & CO.

SOMETHING NEW!!! MITCHELL'S PATENT Metallic Tipped Boot and Shoe. An improvement has been applied to Boots and Shoes by which a Great Saving in Expense is made. Every Boot and Shoe Dealer knows that Children will wear out the toe of the best constructed shoe in four to six weeks, and that it has hitherto defied the skill of manufacturers to remedy this difficulty. THE "METALLIC TIP," meets and overcomes it. A small piece of copper is neatly fastened to the toe of the Boot or Shoe affording adequate protection to it, and rendering the efforts of the most inveterate stamper ineffectual to kick or wear it out. We present this invention with the fullest knowledge and experience in its Practical Utility. Having now for nearly two years been subjected to the severest tests, it has by its own intrinsic merits, actually surmounted every objection that could possibly be brought against it, as the accompanying certificates, which are but a fair average of hundreds of others, will abundantly corroborate. We have no hesitation in saying that the Metallic-Tipped Shoe is destined to entirely supercede, for Children and Youth, the old style; and we consider it a moderate statement, that one pair of the Metallic Tips will outwear two to three pairs of the old style, making a saving of nearly two-thirds in the expense of shoes.

MESSRS. WADSWORTH AND WELLS, OF CHICAGO, Have been appointed Agents for the sale of the Boots and Shoes, and are authorized to dispose of Town and County Rights. Communications addressed to them or the undersigned will receive proper attention. CHASE, McKINNEY & CO., 46 and 48 Water st., Boston. N. B.—This invention is a complete protection from the cutting of the Prairie Grasses, and is especially adapted to Miners use, and all occupations which particularly expose the toe of the boot or shoe to being cut or worn.

CARD.—It having come to our knowledge that Shirts of Inferior make have been offered for sale at retail in Chicago as GOLDEN HILL SHIRTS, which were not made at our manufactory, doing ourselves and those buyers great injury. We beg, therefore to state that all Shirts made at the GOLDEN HILL SHIRT MANUFACTORY have on the back of the yoke our trade mark for this

GOLDEN HILL
C.B.H. 1857
CURVED YOKE

Any infringement of which will be rigidly prosecuted. We would also state that every Shirt made at the manufactory, and bearing our stamp, is guaranteed thoroughly and neatly made. ☞ BURWELL & WYANT, 8 Tremont Block, our only agents. C. B. HATCH & CO.

ART RECREATIONS—Treats of all kinds of drawing, painting, and fancy work, with thousands of valuable information so plainly given that a child cannot err. It is splendidly illustrated, only $1.50 by all booksellers, or sent by post, paid by the publishers. J. E. TILTON & CO.

1500 BXS. LAYER & M. RAISINS, new crop. 500 half boxes do do; 200 quarter boxes do do. At low figures by J. W. DOANE & CO.

1,000 LBS. FIGS, new crop, in fancy boxes and drums, just received. J. W. DOANE & CO.

100 CHESTS BLACK AND GREEN TEA, all prices. J. W. DOANE & CO.

100 BXS. MALAGA LEMONS; 50 boxes Palermo do., at low figures. J. W. DOANE & CO.

TEAS.—Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong. A large and choice assortment. PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

200 Bbls. N. Y. and N. O. OAK HOUSE MOLASSES, now landing. For sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

500 Bags RIO COFFEE. PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

300 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

1500 BAGS RIO and SANTOS Coffee. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

2000 BOXES PURE SALERATUS. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

200 BBLS. SUGAR HOUSE Syrup. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

200 BBLS. CHOICE PLANTATION New Molasses. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

150 BAGS PEPPER FOR SALE. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

350 BBLS. REBOILED MOLASSES, very low. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

250 BBLS CRUSHED SUGAR, In store. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS:

John L. Scripps, Charles H. Ray,
William Bross, Joseph Medill,
Alfred Cowles.

OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

TERMS OF THE PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

Daily delivered in city, by carrier, per year........	$8.00
Daily delivered in city, by carrier, per week........	.15
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Press & Tribune

CHICAGO

GOV. CHASE.

It will be the cause of congratulation among Republicans of the Northwest, that able, honest and uncompromising opponent of the Disunionists, has been re-nominated for the Senate by the Republican caucus of the Ohio Legislature. In that body in which he has before served with distinguished honor, he will do the good cause essential service. The Republicans of Ohio have done well!

DISUNION.

The timid souls in the North, who have feared that the election of a Republican Speaker would be the signal for Disunion, will be consoled with the fact that Bocock, the former Disunion candidate for Speaker, in company with John Sherman—the "traitor"—the "recommender of Helper's incendiary book"—conducted Mr. Pennington to the Chair, and with the other fact, that of all the fire-eaters in the House, one only was heard to remonstrate, and with the third and last fact, that he, the remonstrater aforesaid, was promptly hissed down into a state of decency. The Union is safe!

THE GREAT TRIUMPH.

The long contest is over, and the Republicans, aided by the Union men among the Anti-Lecompton Democrats, and a few Americans, have achieved a memorable triumph, which not only gives present peace to the country, but insures the continuance, as a blessing to all mankind, of the glorious union of the United States! Pennington is Speaker of the House. We offer to all Republicans our hearty congratulations upon this auspicious event, and to those Representatives in Congress who have brought it about, the gratitude of those for whom and in whose behalf we speak.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, the Speaker elect, is the Representative of the Vth (Newark) Congressional District, in New Jersey. He has filled, with great credit to himself and profit to the public, several high official stations. In 1843 and 1844, he was Governor of New Jersey, and though since then not constantly engaged in political affairs, he has kept pace with the progress of events, and now goes into the Speaker's Chair, not only well versed in his country's history, but a skilled and able parliamentarian. Gov. Pennington, elected on the People's or Opposition ticket, is a thorough and reliable Republican in whose hands the interests of the country and of the party will be entirely safe. Of mature age, large experience, unimpeached honesty and conservative habit, he will make no mistakes by which his enemies and the enemies of the Union can profit. Though not primarily the first choice of his party associates, he has in himself that union of qualities which will justify his friends in bestowing this high honor upon him.

The contest which preceded the election of Banks to the Speakership was, by a few days only, of longer continuance than that which, with the triumph of Pennington, closed to-day. Though fierce and bitter—maintained on each side with a dogged pertinacity which marked the importance of the stake contended for—it is far surpassed by this. Added to the ordinary excitements of the "irrepressible conflict," was the fact of Brown's recent invasion of Virginia. That, magnified by the fears of the slaveholders, has given a degree of intensity to this last struggle that is without parallel in Congressional history. We make no account of the insane ravings and threatenings on the part of the South, by which, from first to last, it was accompanied, nor of the use made by the demagogues of that popular and well advertised volume, Helper's Impending Crisis. Aside from those, which were used only to lash the country into deeper and more dangerous excitement, there was on the part of the Democracy perhaps an exaggerated estimate of the advantages which the possession of the organization would give; and on the part of the Republicans an unyielding determination to do all that could be done to withhold power from the Disunionists, who would use it only for deeper plotting against the peace and honor of the country. These are what gave such bitterness and such grave significance to the struggle. It is over now, and with it the dangers by which it was accompanied have passed away. Hereafter it will serve only to illustrate the strength and elasticity of our institutions, and as a land-mark, set up after a flood, to show the point at which the aggressions of the haughty Slave Power were met and driven back.

The real business of the session will now begin; and though, from the division of parties, it is not probable that the legislative action demanded by the country will be had, we hope that before the day of adjournment the ground work for many much-needed reforms will be laid. We can safely say that the Republicans will spare no endeavor to meet the country's immediate wants, or to establish the basis on which just and proper laws may be hereafter framed.

"STICK TO SHERMAN!"

In taking leave of the contest for Speaker, now so happily terminated, we may say a word in self-justification. Neither in nor out of Congress has John Sherman a more devoted friend than the PRESS AND TRIBUNE. We know the man and his eminent fitness for the place for which he was named; and as long as the remotest chance of his success was visible, we clung to him with a tenacity which nothing could destroy. But more than two weeks ago, public events with which all our readers are familiar, and accurate and intelligent information of a private nature from Washington, led us to believe that persistence in the attempt to elect Mr. Sherman would throw the Speakership into the hands of the enemy, and put it out of the power of the Republicans to compel the presentation, to Congress and the people, of the positive practical legislative measures which the country demands. Preferring a substantial triumph *with* any Republican, to a disgraceful and disastrous defeat *for* any Republican, we did not hesitate at the proper time to recommend a change of candidate, and an effort in a new direction. The recommendation produced a flutter in ter in Washington, and stirred up to ill-natured and in some cases abusive and false charges, certain professedly Republican journals at home. We paid no attention to the remonstrances of Representatives, or the petty malignities of such dirty dogs as John Wentworth, but continued to insist upon what we deemed the proper policy of the Republican party. The result is a complete justification of our course, and the confusion of those who always find that abuse of us is a more agreeable employment than labor for the advancement of the Republican cause. We ask no other vindication of the wisdom and necessity of our recommendations, than that afforded by the glorious triumph which we record to-day.

Fire at Joliet, Ill.

A fire occurred at Joliet, on Jefferson street, Tuesday morning, consuming two wooden buildings occupied as follows: Dr. Hoos, grocer and provision, loss $1,000; F. Y. Co[illegible] harness shop, loss $800; L. S. Elliott, tobacconist, loss $400; and J. D. Hinde, news dealer, loss $150. The loss on the buildings is estimated at $4,000.